

Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

on the problems in the test-suite directory "0 Independent test suites"

Test results for the 175 problems in "Apostol Problems.m"

Problem 41: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{t^3}{\sqrt{4+t^3}} dt$$

Optimal (type 4, 172 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2}{5} t \sqrt{4+t^3} - \frac{8 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} (2^{2/3}+t) \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} - 2^{2/3} t + t^2}{(2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})+t)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})+t}{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})+t}\right], -7-4\sqrt{3}\right]}{5 \times 3^{1/4} \sqrt{\frac{2^{2/3}+t}{(2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})+t)^2}} \sqrt{4+t^3}}$$

Result (type 4, 122 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{15 \sqrt{4+t^3}} \left(6t(4+t^3) - 8(-2)^{1/6} 3^{3/4} \sqrt{-(-1)^{1/6} (2(-1)^{2/3} + 2^{1/3}t)} \sqrt{4+2(-2)^{1/3}t + (-2)^{2/3}t^2} \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{(-i+\sqrt{3})(2+2^{1/3}t)}}{2 \times 3^{1/4}}\right], (-1)^{1/3}\right] \right)$$

Problem 50: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^4 (1+x^5)^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 11 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{30} (1 + x^5)^6$$

Result (type 1, 43 leaves):

$$\frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^{10}}{2} + \frac{2x^{15}}{3} + \frac{x^{20}}{2} + \frac{x^{25}}{5} + \frac{x^{30}}{30}$$

Problem 51: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 - x)^{20} x^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 56 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{21} (1 - x)^{21} + \frac{2}{11} (1 - x)^{22} - \frac{6}{23} (1 - x)^{23} + \frac{1}{6} (1 - x)^{24} - \frac{1}{25} (1 - x)^{25}$$

Result (type 1, 140 leaves):

$$\frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{10x^6}{3} + \frac{190x^7}{7} - \frac{285x^8}{2} + \frac{1615x^9}{3} - \frac{7752x^{10}}{5} + \frac{38760x^{11}}{11} - 6460x^{12} + 9690x^{13} - \frac{83980x^{14}}{7} + \frac{184756x^{15}}{15} - \frac{20995x^{16}}{2} + 7410x^{17} - \frac{12920x^{18}}{3} + 2040x^{19} - \frac{3876x^{20}}{5} + \frac{1615x^{21}}{7} - \frac{570x^{22}}{11} + \frac{190x^{23}}{23} - \frac{5x^{24}}{6} + \frac{x^{25}}{25}$$

Problem 55: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + 3 \cos[x]^2} \sin[2x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{2}{9} (4 - 3 \sin[x]^2)^{3/2}$$

Result (type 3, 49 leaves):

$$\frac{5\sqrt{5} - 5\sqrt{5 + 3\cos[2x]} - 3\cos[2x]\sqrt{5 + 3\cos[2x]}}{9\sqrt{2}}$$

Problem 83: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcSec}[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, 4 steps):

$$x \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] - \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 64 leaves):

$$x \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] - \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2} \left(-\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] \right)}{2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} x}$$

Problem 84: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{ArcCsc}[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 17 leaves, 4 steps):

$$x \operatorname{ArcCsc}[x] + \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 64 leaves):

$$x \operatorname{ArcCsc}[x] + \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2} \left(-\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] \right)}{2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} x}$$

Problem 113: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos[x] + \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 21 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[x] - \sin[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 24 leaves):

$$(-1 - i) (-1)^{3/4} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]$$

Problem 154: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 14 leaves, 2 steps):

$$2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{x+x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 29 leaves):

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{x}]}{\sqrt{x(1+x)}}$$

Problem 175: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+t^3}} dt$$

Optimal (type 4, 103 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+t)\sqrt{\frac{1-t+t^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+t)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+t}{1+\sqrt{3}+t}\right], -7-4\sqrt{3}\right]}{3^{1/4}\sqrt{\frac{1+t}{(1+\sqrt{3}+t)^2}}\sqrt{1+t^3}}$$

Result (type 4, 88 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{3^{1/4}\sqrt{1+t^3}} 2(-1)^{1/6}\sqrt{-(-1)^{1/6}\left((-1)^{2/3}+t\right)}\sqrt{1+(-1)^{1/3}t+(-1)^{2/3}t^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-(-1)^{5/6}(1+t)}}{3^{1/4}}\right], (-1)^{1/3}\right]$$

Test results for the 35 problems in "Bondarenko Problems.m"

Problem 1: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+\operatorname{Cos}[z]+\operatorname{Sin}[z]}} dz$$

Optimal (type 3, 22 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1 - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sin}[z]}{\operatorname{Cos}[z] - \operatorname{Sin}[z]}$$

Result (type 3, 77 leaves):

$$\frac{-\left((1 + 3i) + \sqrt{2}\right) \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{z}{2}\right] + \left((1 + i) - i\sqrt{2}\right) \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{z}{2}\right]}{\left((1 + i) + \sqrt{2}\right) \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{z}{2}\right] + i\left((-1 - i) + \sqrt{2}\right) \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{z}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 7: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 291 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -8 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - \frac{2 \operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}[1+x] + \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1 - \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2 - \sqrt{2}}\right] - \\ & \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1 - \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2 + \sqrt{2}}\right] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1 + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2 - \sqrt{2}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1 + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2 + \sqrt{2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 816 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{4 \left(2 + \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \sqrt{1+x} \right] \right)}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} - 4 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right) \left(-1 + \operatorname{Log} \left[-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) - 4 \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right) \left(-1 + \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) + \sqrt{2} \\
& \left(\operatorname{Log} [1+x] - 2 \left(\operatorname{Log} [1+\sqrt{1+x}] + \operatorname{Log} \left[-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) \right) \left(\operatorname{Log} \left[\sqrt{2} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) - \\
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \left(\operatorname{Log} [1+x] - 2 \left(\operatorname{Log} [1+\sqrt{1+x}] + \operatorname{Log} \left[-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) \right) \\
& \left(4 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log} \left[\sqrt{2} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log} \left[\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) + \\
& \sqrt{2} \left(-\operatorname{Log} [1+\sqrt{1+x}] \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) + \\
& \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{Log} [1+\sqrt{1+x}] \operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \right) - \\
& \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{Log} \left[-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}}{2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] + \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{2 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}}{2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] \right) + \\
& \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{Log} \left[-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{2 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}}{-2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] + \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{2 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right)}{-2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] \right) - \\
& \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}}{-2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] + \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -\frac{2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right)}{-2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] \right) + \\
& \sqrt{2} \left(\operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] \operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right)}{2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] + \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, \frac{2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right)}{2 + \sqrt{2}} \right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 8: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 308 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} + 16 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + 4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}[1+x] + \\ & 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] - \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 654 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} + 4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 8 \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + 8 \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - \\ & \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right] - \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[2+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1-\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1-\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right] - \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right] + \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right] \end{aligned}$$

Problem 9: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 84 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2(x+\sqrt{1+x^2})} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}} + \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x^2}] - 2 \operatorname{Log}[1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}]$$

Result (type 3, 347 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{12} \left(6x - 6\sqrt{1+x^2} + 4(-2x + \sqrt{1+x^2})\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} - 12 \operatorname{Log}[x] + 6 \operatorname{Log}[1+\sqrt{1+x^2}] + \frac{1}{1+x^2+x\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right. \\ & \left. 6\sqrt{1+x^2}(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}) \left(2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}] + \operatorname{Log}[1-\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}] - \operatorname{Log}[1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}] \right) + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{1}{(1+x^2+x\sqrt{1+x^2})^2} 2(1+x^2)(x+\sqrt{1+x^2})^{3/2} \left(4+2x^2+2x\sqrt{1+x^2} + 6\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}] + \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. 3\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} \operatorname{Log}[1-\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}] - 3\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} \operatorname{Log}[1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}] \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 10: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 41 leaves, 6 steps):

$$2\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{8 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right]}{\sqrt{5}}$$

Result (type 3, 147 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{5} \left(10\sqrt{1+x} - (-5+\sqrt{5})\sqrt{2(3+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{3-\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \right. \\ & \left. 2\sqrt{\frac{2}{3+\sqrt{5}}}(5+\sqrt{5}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{3+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 4\sqrt{5} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{-1+2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{5}}\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 12: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{x + \sqrt{1 - \sqrt{1+x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 73 leaves, 6 steps):

$$2\sqrt{1+x} - 4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}} + (1-\sqrt{1+x})^2 + \frac{8 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right]}{\sqrt{5}}$$

Result (type 3, 151 leaves):

$$x - 4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}} + 2(1+\sqrt{5}) \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(3+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{3+\sqrt{5}}}\right]} +$$

$$(-1+\sqrt{5}) \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(3+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-1+\sqrt{1+x}}{-3+\sqrt{5}}}\right]} + \frac{4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{5}}\right]}{\sqrt{5}}$$

Problem 13: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 365 leaves, 20 steps):

$$-\frac{i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2+\sqrt{1-i}-(1-2\sqrt{1-i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{\frac{1-i}{i+\sqrt{1-i}}}} + \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2+\sqrt{1+i}-(1-2\sqrt{1+i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{-\frac{1+i}{i-\sqrt{1+i}}}} + \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-\sqrt{1-i}-(1+2\sqrt{1-i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{-\frac{1-i}{i-\sqrt{1-i}}}} - \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-\sqrt{1+i}-(1+2\sqrt{1+i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+i}{i+\sqrt{1+i}}}}$$

Result (type 3, 2177 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}}$$

$$i(-i+\sqrt{1-i}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left((-1-2i) + (2-4i)\sqrt{1-i} - (6-6i)\sqrt{1+x} - (1-2i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{1+x} + 4i(1+x) + (1+3i)\sqrt{1-i}(1+x) +\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.(4-4i)\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - 2\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - (2-2i)\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} -\right.\right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. 4\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right) / \left(1 - (4-2i)\sqrt{1-i} - (2-2i)\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{4\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{1-i}} + (6-4i)(1+x) + 8\sqrt{1-i}(1+x) \right) \Big] + \\
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-i}} i \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left((1+2i) + (2-4i)\sqrt{1-i} + (6-6i)\sqrt{1+x} - (1-2i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{1+x} - 4i(1+x) + (1+3i)\sqrt{1-i}(1+x) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. (4-4i)\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - 2\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + (2-2i)\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 4\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right) / \left(-1 - (4-2i)\sqrt{1-i} + (2-2i)\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{4\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{1-i}} - (6-4i)(1+x) + 8\sqrt{1-i}(1+x) \right) \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left((-2-i) + (4-2i)\sqrt{1+i} + (6-6i)\sqrt{1+x} - (2-i)\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{1+x} + 4(1+x) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. (3+i)\sqrt{1+i}(1+x) + 2i\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + 4i\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left((-4+5i) + 2\sqrt{1+i} + (2+6i)\sqrt{1+x} + (2+8i)\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{1+x} + (3+3i)(1+x) + 4i\sqrt{1+i}(1+x) \right) \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left((2+i) + (4-2i)\sqrt{1+i} - (6-6i)\sqrt{1+x} - (2-i)\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{1+x} - 4(1+x) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. (3+i)\sqrt{1+i}(1+x) + 2i\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + 4i\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left((4-5i) + 2\sqrt{1+i} - (2+6i)\sqrt{1+x} + (2+8i)\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{1+x} - (3+3i)(1+x) + 4i\sqrt{1+i}(1+x) \right) \right] - \\
& \frac{(-i+\sqrt{1-i}) \operatorname{Log}[(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x})^2]}{4\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}} - \frac{i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \operatorname{Log}[(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x})^2]}{4\sqrt{1+i}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \operatorname{Log}[(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x})^2]}{4\sqrt{1-i}} - \\
& \frac{i(-i+\sqrt{1+i}) \operatorname{Log}[(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x})^2]}{4\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}} + \\
& \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}} \\
& (-i+\sqrt{1-i}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(3+5i) + \frac{4}{\sqrt{1-i}} - 8\sqrt{1+x} + (3-7i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{1+x} - (8-5i)(1+x) - \right. \\
& \left. \frac{4(1+x)}{\sqrt{1-i}} - 2(1-i)^{3/2}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - 4(1-i)^{3/2}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right] +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \operatorname{Log} \left[(-3-5i) + \frac{4}{\sqrt{1-i}} + 8\sqrt{1+x} + (3-7i) \sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1+x} + (8-5i)(1+x) - \frac{4(1+x)}{\sqrt{1-i}} - \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2(1-i)^{3/2} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - 4(1-i)^{3/2} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right] + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}} \\
& i(-i+\sqrt{1+i}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(-5+5i) - (6-2i) \sqrt{1+i} + (1+3i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+x} - 5(1+x) + (6-2i) \sqrt{1+i} (1+x) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 8\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{4\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+i}} - 4\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{8\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+i}} \right] + \\
& \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1+i}} i \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \operatorname{Log} \left[(5-5i) - (6-2i) \sqrt{1+i} + (1+3i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+x} + 5(1+x) + (6-2i) \sqrt{1+i} (1+x) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. 8\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{4\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+i}} + 4\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{8\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+i}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 14: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 337 leaves, 22 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{2+\sqrt{1-i} - (1-2\sqrt{1-i}) \sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{2+\sqrt{1+i} - (1-2\sqrt{1+i}) \sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] + \\
& \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{2-\sqrt{1-i} - (1+2\sqrt{1-i}) \sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right] - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{2-\sqrt{1+i} - (1+2\sqrt{1+i}) \sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 2581 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}} \left((1+i) + \sqrt{1-i} \right) \\
& \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left((2-3i) + (3-i) \sqrt{1-i} - 8\sqrt{1+x} - 5\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1+x} + (2+5i)(1+x) + 5i \sqrt{1-i} (1+x) + 4\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 2\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - (6+2i) \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - \frac{8\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1-i}} \right) / \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left((-4+7i) - (6-2i) \sqrt{1-i} + (4-2i) \sqrt{1+x} + (6-2i) \sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1+x} + (10+i) (1+x) + (8+4i) \sqrt{1-i} (1+x) \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}} \left((-1-i) + \sqrt{1-i} \right) \\
& \text{ArcTan} \left[\left((-2+3i) + (3-i) \sqrt{1-i} + 8\sqrt{1+x} - 5\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1+x} - (2+5i) (1+x) + 5i \sqrt{1-i} (1+x) - 4\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + (6+2i) \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - \frac{8\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1-i}} \right) \right] / \\
& \left((4-7i) - (6-2i) \sqrt{1-i} - (4-2i) \sqrt{1+x} + (6-2i) \sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1+x} - (10+i) (1+x) + (8+4i) \sqrt{1-i} (1+x) \right) - \\
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}} i \left((-1+i) + \sqrt{1+i} \right) \text{ArcTan} \left[\left((1+8i) - 5(1+i)^{3/2} - (16+8i) \sqrt{1+x} + (10+5i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+x} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. (9-8i) (1+x) - (5-10i) \sqrt{1+i} (1+x) - 4\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + (4-2i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 8\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + (8-4i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right) \right] / \\
& \left((9+20i) - 12(1+i)^{3/2} - (14+20i) \sqrt{1+x} + (22+12i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+x} + (6-15i) (1+x) + (2+12i) \sqrt{1+i} (1+x) \right) - \\
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}} i \left((1-i) + \sqrt{1+i} \right) \text{ArcTan} \left[\left((-1-8i) - 5(1+i)^{3/2} + (16+8i) \sqrt{1+x} + (10+5i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+x} - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. (9-8i) (1+x) - (5-10i) \sqrt{1+i} (1+x) + 4\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + (4-2i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 8\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + (8-4i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right) \right] / \\
& \left((-9-20i) - 12(1+i)^{3/2} + (14+20i) \sqrt{1+x} + (22+12i) \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+x} - (6-15i) (1+x) + (2+12i) \sqrt{1+i} (1+x) \right) + \\
& \frac{i \left((1+i) + \sqrt{1-i} \right) \text{Log} \left[\left(\sqrt{1-i} - \sqrt{1+x} \right)^2 \right]}{4\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}} + \frac{\left((1-i) + \sqrt{1+i} \right) \text{Log} \left[\left(\sqrt{1+i} - \sqrt{1+x} \right)^2 \right]}{4\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}} + \\
& \frac{i \left((-1-i) + \sqrt{1-i} \right) \text{Log} \left[\left(\sqrt{1-i} + \sqrt{1+x} \right)^2 \right]}{4\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}} + \\
& \frac{\left((-1+i) + \sqrt{1+i} \right) \text{Log} \left[\left(\sqrt{1+i} + \sqrt{1+x} \right)^2 \right]}{4\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}} - \\
& \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& i \left((1+i) + \sqrt{1-i} \right) \text{Log} \left[(5+17i) + 14i\sqrt{1-i} - (10+22i)\sqrt{1+x} + (5-19i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{1+x} - (25+2i)(1+x) - \right. \\
& \quad (15+9i)\sqrt{1-i}(1+x) - (4-4i)\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - (6-2i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - \\
& \quad \left. (8-8i)\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - (12-4i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}} i \left((-1-i) + \sqrt{1-i} \right) \text{Log} \left[(-5-17i) + 14i\sqrt{1-i} + (10+22i)\sqrt{1+x} + (5-19i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{1+x} + \right. \\
& \quad (25+2i)(1+x) - (15+9i)\sqrt{1-i}(1+x) + (4-4i)\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - (6-2i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \\
& \quad \left. (8-8i)\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - (12-4i)\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}} \left((-1+i) + \sqrt{1+i} \right) \text{Log} \left[(-3+5i) - (2+4i)\sqrt{1+i} + (2-2i)\sqrt{1+x} - (1-3i)\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{1+x} - \right. \\
& \quad (8+7i)(1+x) + (9+3i)\sqrt{1+i}(1+x) + (4+4i)\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - 2(1+i)^{3/2}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - \\
& \quad \left. (8+4i)\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + 8\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i-\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{4\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}} \left((1-i) + \sqrt{1+i} \right) \text{Log} \left[(3-5i) - (2+4i)\sqrt{1+i} - (2-2i)\sqrt{1+x} - (1-3i)\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{1+x} + \right. \\
& \quad (8+7i)(1+x) + (9+3i)\sqrt{1+i}(1+x) - (4+4i)\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} - 2(1+i)^{3/2}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + \\
& \quad \left. (8+4i)\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} + 8\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 15: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 2, 77 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}} \left(2+\sqrt{x} + 6x^{3/2} - (2-\sqrt{x})\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x} \right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

Result (type 8, 29 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}} dx$$

Problem 16: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 2x}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 2, 118 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{15\sqrt{x}} 2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + x}} \left(4 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt{2}x^{3/2} - \sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + x} \right)$$

Result (type 8, 38 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 2x}} \, dx$$

Problem 18: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 96 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}} x + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{3 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}}} \right] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1 - 3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}}} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}} \, dx$$

Problem 19: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x} + e^x} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 112 leaves):

$$\frac{e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^{-x}} \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{x/2}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{x/2}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{x/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{x/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right] \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+e^x}}$$

Problem 20: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}} \operatorname{Csch}[x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 126 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+e^x}} \sqrt{2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^{-x}} \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{-x/2}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{-x/2}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-x/2} \left(-1+e^{x/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-x/2} \left(1+e^{x/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\right] \right)$$

Problem 21: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Cos}[3x])^5} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 108 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{523}{256} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[x]] + \frac{1483 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sin}[x]\right]}{512 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[x]}{32 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)^4} - \frac{17 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{192 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)^3} + \frac{203 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{768 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)^2} - \frac{437 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{512 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)} - \frac{43}{256} \operatorname{Sec}[x] \operatorname{Tan}[x] - \frac{1}{128} \operatorname{Sec}[x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 478 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1483 i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-\sqrt{2} \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{-\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]+\sqrt{2} \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}{1024 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1483}{2048} + \frac{1483 i}{2048}\right) \left((-1-i) + \sqrt{2}\right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]+\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-\sqrt{2} \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]+\sqrt{2} \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}{(-1+i) + \sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{523}{256} \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{523}{256} \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2} + 2 \sin[x]\right]}{1024 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}\left[2 - \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x]\right]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1483}{4096} - \frac{1483 i}{4096}\right) \left((-1-i) + \sqrt{2}\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[2 + \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x]\right]}{(-1+i) + \sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{512 \left(\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^4} - \frac{43}{512 \left(\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^2} + \\
& \frac{1}{512 \left(\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^4} + \frac{43}{512 \left(\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^2} - \frac{17}{768 (\cos[x] - \sin[x])^3} - \frac{437}{1024 (\cos[x] - \sin[x])} + \frac{\sin[x]}{128 (\cos[x] - \sin[x])^4} + \\
& \frac{83 \sin[x]}{512 (\cos[x] - \sin[x])^2} + \frac{\sin[x]}{128 (\cos[x] + \sin[x])^4} + \frac{17}{768 (\cos[x] + \sin[x])^3} + \frac{83 \sin[x]}{512 (\cos[x] + \sin[x])^2} + \frac{437}{1024 (\cos[x] + \sin[x])}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 24: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Tanh}[x]}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 110 leaves, ? steps):

$$2 e^{-x} \sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{i-(1-2i)e^x}{2\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\right]}{\sqrt{1+i}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{i+(1+2i)e^x}{2\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\right]}{\sqrt{1-i}}$$

Result (type 3, 444 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2\sqrt{e^x(1+e^x)}} \\
& \left(4 + 4e^x + (1+i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[(-1)^{1/4} - e^{-x/2}\right] + (1-i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[-(-1)^{3/4} - e^{-x/2}\right] + (1+i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[(-1)^{1/4} + e^{-x/2}\right] + \right. \\
& \left. (1-i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[-(-1)^{3/4} + e^{-x/2}\right] - (1-i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-x/2} \left(-(-1)^{3/4} + e^{x/2} + \sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\right] - \right. \\
& \left. (1-i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-x/2} \left((-1)^{3/4} + e^{x/2} + \sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\right] - (1+i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-x/2} \left(-(-1)^{1/4} + e^{x/2} + \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\right] - \right. \\
& \left. (1+i)^{3/2} e^{x/2} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-x/2} \left((-1)^{1/4} + e^{x/2} + \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\right]\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 26: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \text{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 185 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -2x - \text{ArcSin}[x] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \\ & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + x \text{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 18 leaves):

$$\int \text{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}] dx$$

Problem 27: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[1+e^x]}{1+e^{2x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 102 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)(i - e^x)\right] \text{Log}[1+e^x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)(i + e^x)\right] \text{Log}[1+e^x] - \\ & \text{PolyLog}[2, -e^x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}[2, \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)] - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}[2, \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 18 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[1+e^x]}{1+e^{2x}} dx$$

Problem 28: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \text{Cosh}[x] \text{Log}[1 + \text{Cosh}[x]^2]^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 159 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -8\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right] + 4i\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]^2 + 8\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} + i\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}\right] + 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}[2 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2] + \\
& 4i\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, 1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} + i\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}\right] + 8\operatorname{Sinh}[x] - 4\operatorname{Log}[2 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2] \operatorname{Sinh}[x] + \operatorname{Log}[2 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2]^2 \operatorname{Sinh}[x]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int \operatorname{Cosh}[x] \operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Cosh}[x]^2]^2 dx$$

Problem 29: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \operatorname{Cosh}[x] \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cosh}[x]^2 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]]^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 395 leaves, 28 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2}(1 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}[1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x]]^2 - (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{i(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x])}{2\sqrt{3}}\right] \operatorname{Log}[1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x]] - \\
& \frac{1}{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}[1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x]]^2 - (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}[1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x]] \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{i(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x])}{2\sqrt{3}}\right] - \\
& 2\operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x] + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2] + (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}[1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x]] \operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x] + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2] + \\
& (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}[1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2\operatorname{Sinh}[x]] \operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x] + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2] - (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{i - \sqrt{3} + 2i\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{2\sqrt{3}}\right] - \\
& (1 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{i + \sqrt{3} + 2i\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{2\sqrt{3}}\right] + 8\operatorname{Sinh}[x] - 4\operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x] + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2] \operatorname{Sinh}[x] + \operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x] + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^2]^2 \operatorname{Sinh}[x]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 15 leaves):

$$\int \operatorname{Cosh}[x] \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cosh}[x]^2 + \operatorname{Sinh}[x]]^2 dx$$

Problem 31: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x + \sqrt{1+x}]^2}{(1+x)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 555 leaves, 35 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Log}[1+x] + \frac{2 \text{Log}[x + \sqrt{1+x}]}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6 \text{Log}[\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}[x + \sqrt{1+x}] - \frac{\text{Log}[x + \sqrt{1+x}]^2}{1+x} - (1 + \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}] + \\
& 6 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(-1 + \sqrt{5})\right] \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}] + (3 + \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}[x + \sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}] - \\
& \frac{1}{2} (3 + \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}]^2 - (1 - \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}[1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}] + (3 - \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}[x + \sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}[1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}] - \\
& (3 - \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}\left[-\frac{1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right] \text{Log}[1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}] - \frac{1}{2} (3 - \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}[1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}]^2 - \\
& (3 + \sqrt{5}) \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right] + 6 \text{Log}[\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1 + \sqrt{5}}\right] + 6 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1 + \sqrt{5}}\right] - \\
& (3 + \sqrt{5}) \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right] - (3 - \sqrt{5}) \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right] - 6 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, 1 + \frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1 - \sqrt{5}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 1283 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Log}[1+x] - \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] - \sqrt{5} \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] + \frac{\text{Log}[100] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right]}{\sqrt{5}} - 6 \text{Log}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{-1+\sqrt{5}}\right] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] + \\
& 3 \text{Log}[1+x] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] - 3 \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] - \sqrt{5} \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] + \\
& \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right]^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5} \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right]^2 + \frac{\text{Log}[8] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right]}{2\sqrt{5}} - \\
& 3 \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right] - \sqrt{5} \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right] + \\
& \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right]^2 - \frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right]^2}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{2 \text{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x}]}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 3 \text{Log}[1+x] \text{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x}] + \\
& 3 \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x}] + \sqrt{5} \text{Log}[-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x}] - \frac{\text{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x}]^2}{1+x} - \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}] + \\
& \sqrt{5} \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}] - 3 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}] + \sqrt{5} \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}] - \\
& 3 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}] + \frac{7 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}]}{2\sqrt{5}} + \\
& 3 \text{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}] - \sqrt{5} \text{Log}[x+\sqrt{1+x}] \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}] + 3 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right] - \\
& \frac{3 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right]}{\sqrt{5}} + 3 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{10}(5-\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{1+x})\right] + \\
& \sqrt{5} \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{10}(5-\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{1+x})\right] - \frac{2 \text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right] \text{Log}[5+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{1+x}]}{\sqrt{5}} + \\
& 3 \text{Log}[1+x] \text{Log}\left[1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right] + 6 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right] - (-3+\sqrt{5}) \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right] - \\
& 6 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}}{-1+\sqrt{5}}\right] + 3 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right] + \sqrt{5} \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 33: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}[2 \text{Tan}[x]] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 80 leaves, 7 steps):

$$x \operatorname{ArcTan}[2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]] + \frac{1}{2} i x \operatorname{Log}[1 - 3 e^{2 i x}] - \frac{1}{2} i x \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{1}{3} e^{2 i x}\right] - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{1}{3} e^{2 i x}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, 3 e^{2 i x}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 262 leaves):

$$x \operatorname{ArcTan}[2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]] -$$

$$\frac{1}{4} i \left(4 i x \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Cot}[x]}{2}\right] + 2 i \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{5}{3}\right] \operatorname{ArcTan}[2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]] + \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{5}{3}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Cot}[x]}{2}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]] \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{2 i \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} e^{-i x}}{\sqrt{-5 + 3 \operatorname{Cos}[2 x]}}\right] + \right. \\ \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{5}{3}\right] - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Cot}[x]}{2}\right] - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]] \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{2 i \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} e^{i x}}{\sqrt{-5 + 3 \operatorname{Cos}[2 x]}}\right] - \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{5}{3}\right] - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]] \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{4 i - 4 \operatorname{Tan}[x]}{i + 2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right] - \right. \\ \left. \left(\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{5}{3}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]] \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{4 (i + \operatorname{Tan}[x])}{3 i + 6 \operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right] + i \left(-\operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{-3 i + 6 \operatorname{Tan}[x]}{i + 2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right] + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{-i + 2 \operatorname{Tan}[x]}{3 i + 6 \operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right] \right) \right)$$

Problem 35: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 121 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\operatorname{ArcSinh}[x] - \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 - i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right] \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 + \\ i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right] - i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right] - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, -i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right] + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3, i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 405 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] (-2+x \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]) - \pi \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{Log}[2] + \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1-i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}] - \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1+i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}] + \right. \\
& \pi \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]} (-i+e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]})\right] - \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]} (-i+e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]})\right] + \\
& \pi \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]} ((1+i)+(1-i) e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]})\right] + \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]} ((1+i)+(1-i) e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]})\right] - \\
& \pi \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[-\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{4}(\pi+2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[x])\right]\right] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right]\right] + \\
& \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right]\right] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right]\right] - \\
& \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{2}\right]\right] - \pi \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{4}(\pi+2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[x])\right]\right] + \\
& \left. 2 i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2,-i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right] - 2 i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2,i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right] - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3,-i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right] + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[3,i e^{i \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}\right]\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 14 problems in "Bronstein Problems.m"

Problem 4: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 252 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{1-x^3}}{1+\sqrt{3}-x} - \frac{3^{1/4} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} (1-x) \sqrt{\frac{1+x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}-x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{3}-x}{1+\sqrt{3}-x}\right], -7-4\sqrt{3}\right]}{\sqrt{\frac{1-x}{(1+\sqrt{3}-x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x^3}} +$$

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{2} (1-x) \sqrt{\frac{1+x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}-x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{3}-x}{1+\sqrt{3}-x}\right], -7-4\sqrt{3}\right]}{3^{1/4} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{(1+\sqrt{3}-x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x^3}}$$

Result (type 4, 122 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4 \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4]}{\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4]}, \right. \\
 & \left. \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{\left(\left(\left(\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-x \right) \left(\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4] \right) \right) \right) / \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left(\left(\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-x \right) \left(\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4] \right) \right) \right) \right], \\
 & \left(\left(\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,3] \right) \left(\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4] \right) \right) / \\
 & \left. \left(\left(\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,3] \right) \left(\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4] \right) \right) \right) \right] \\
 & \sqrt{\frac{x-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,3]}{\left(\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-x \right) \left(\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,3] \right)}} \\
 & \sqrt{\frac{\left(\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-x \right) \left(\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4] \right)}{\left(\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-x \right) \left(\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4] \right)}} \\
 & \left. \left(x-\operatorname{Root}[-71-96\#1+10\#1^2+\#1^4\&,4] \right) \right] /
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-71 - 96x + 10x^2 + x^4} \left(\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3})} - \text{Root}[-71 - 96\#1 + 10\#1^2 + \#1^4, 4] \right) \right. \\ \left. \sqrt{\frac{x - \text{Root}[-71 - 96\#1 + 10\#1^2 + \#1^4, 4]}{\left(\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3})} - x \right) \left(\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3})} - \text{Root}[-71 - 96\#1 + 10\#1^2 + \#1^4, 4] \right)}} \right)$$

Test results for the 50 problems in "Charlwood Problems.m"

Problem 3: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int -\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 69 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt{1+x})\sqrt{-x + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+x}}{4\sqrt{2}} - \left(\frac{3}{8} + x\right)\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}]$$

Result (type 3, 205 leaves):

$$-x\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] - \left((1+x) \left(1 + 2x - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x} \right)^2 \right. \\ \left. \left(2\sqrt{-x + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+x} \left(-3 - 2x + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x} \right) + 3\sqrt{-2 - 4x + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}} \text{Log}\left[2\sqrt{-x + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{-2 - 4x + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}} \right] \right) \right) / \\ \left(8\sqrt{2} \left(-\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+x} \right)^3 \left(1+x - \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x} \right)^2 \right)$$

Problem 5: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cos}[x]^2}{\sqrt{1 + \text{Cos}[x]^2 + \text{Cos}[x]^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 45 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\cos [x] (1 + \cos [x]^2) \sin [x]}{1 + \cos [x]^2 \sqrt{1 + \cos [x]^2 + \cos [x]^4}} \right]$$

Result (type 4, 159 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(2 i \cos [x]^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i \sqrt{3}}{2}, i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{2 i}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \tan [x] \right], \frac{3 i - \sqrt{3}}{3 i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 i \tan [x]^2}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 i \tan [x]^2}{3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(\sqrt{-\frac{i}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{15 + 8 \cos [2 x] + \cos [4 x]} \right) \right)$$

Problem 6: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \tan [x] \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 56 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh} [\tan [x]^2] - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1 - \tan [x]^2}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^4}} \right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^4}$$

Result (type 4, 52283 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 7: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\tan [x]}{\sqrt{1 + \sec [x]^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{2}{3} \operatorname{ArcTanh} [\sqrt{1 + \sec [x]^3}]$$

Result (type 4, 3292 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(i \cos[x]^2 \left(\text{EllipticF} \left[i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}), i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right) \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \sec[x]^3} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]} + \frac{3 \cos[x]}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]} + \frac{\cos[3x]}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x}}} \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \sin\left[\frac{3x}{2}\right]}{2(3 - 2 \cos[x] + \cos[2x])} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]} + \frac{3 \cos[x]}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]} + \frac{\cos[3x]}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x}}} \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \sin\left[\frac{5x}{2}\right]}{2(3 - 2 \cos[x] + \cos[2x])} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\sqrt{\frac{4}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]} + \frac{3 \cos[x]}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]} + \frac{\cos[3x]}{3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x}}} \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{3 - 2 \cos[x] + \cos[2x]} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \Big/ \\
& \left(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} \left(1 + 3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right) \left(2i\sqrt{3} \cos[x]^2 \left(\text{EllipticF} \left[i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}), i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right) \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \sec[x]^3} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right) \Big/ \left(\sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} \left(1 + 3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right)^2 \right) + \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\sqrt{3} \cos[x]^2 \left(\text{EllipticF} \left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] - \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \right], \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right) \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^6 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \operatorname{Sec}[x]^3} \\
& \quad \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right) / \left(2 (3i + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} (1 + 3 \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^4) \right) - \\
& \left(\sqrt{3} \cos[x]^2 \left(\text{EllipticF} \left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] - \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \right], \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right) \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^6 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \operatorname{Sec}[x]^3} \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right) / \\
& \left(2 (-3i + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} (1 + 3 \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^4) \right) + \left(2i \cos[x] \left(\text{EllipticF} \left[\right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] - \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \right], i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right) \\
& \quad \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^4 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \operatorname{Sec}[x]^3} \sin[x] \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right) / \\
& \left(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} (1 + 3 \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^4) \right) - \left(2i \cos[x]^2 \left(\text{EllipticF} \left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] - \right. \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}), i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}}, \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \text{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \sec[x]^3} \\
& \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \Big/ \left(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} \left(1 + 3 \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right) \right) + \\
& \left(i \cos[x]^2 \left(\text{EllipticF} \left[i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}}, \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] - \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{6} (3 + i\sqrt{3}), \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}}, \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right] \text{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \sec[x]^3} \left(-\frac{\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \sin[x]}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \Big/ \left(2\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}} \right)^{3/2} \left(1 + 3 \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right) \right) - \right. \\
& \left. \left(i \cos[x]^2 \text{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \sec[x]^3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(\frac{i\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{i \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \sin[x]}{-3i + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{-3i + \sqrt{3}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{3i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{3i(3i - \sqrt{3}) \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-3i + \sqrt{3})(3i + \sqrt{3})}} \right) - \left(i\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{i \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \sin[x]}{-3i + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{-3i + \sqrt{3}} \right) \right) \Big/ \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(2 \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{3i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \left(1 + \frac{i(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{2(-3i + \sqrt{3})} \right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{3i(3i - \sqrt{3}) \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-3i + \sqrt{3})(3i + \sqrt{3})}} \right) \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) /$$

$$\left(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} \left(1 + 3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \right) - \left(i \cos[x]^2 \left[\text{EllipticF}\left[i \text{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}}\right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right], - \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{6}(3 + i\sqrt{3}), i \text{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}}\right], \frac{3i - \sqrt{3}}{3i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3i + \sqrt{3}}} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{3i + \sqrt{3}}} \left(\sec[x]^3 (-3 \sin[x] - 3 \sin[3x]) + 3(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \sec[x]^3 \tan[x] \right) \right) \Bigg) /$$

$$\left(2 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{(4 + 3 \cos[x] + \cos[3x]) \sec[x]^3} \left(1 + 3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \right) \right) \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg)$$

Problem 8: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{2 + 2 \tan[x] + \tan[x]^2} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 137 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\text{ArcSinh}[1 + \tan[x]] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1 + \sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{5} - (5 + \sqrt{5})\tan[x]}{\sqrt{10(1 + \sqrt{5})}\sqrt{2 + 2\tan[x] + \tan[x]^2}}\right] -$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1 + \sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{5} + (5 - \sqrt{5})\tan[x]}{\sqrt{10(-1 + \sqrt{5})}\sqrt{2 + 2\tan[x] + \tan[x]^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 7376 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{(1 + \cos[x])\sqrt{\frac{3 + \cos[2x] + 2\sin[2x]}{(1 + \cos[x])^2}}} 4 \cos[x]$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)}\right]\right)\right)\right) /$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)\right),$$

$$- \left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 3]\right)\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\right) / \left(\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 3]\right)\right)$$

$$\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\right) \left(1 - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1]\right) -$$

$$\text{EllipticPi}\left[\left(\left(-1 + \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\right) / \left(\left(-1 + \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] + \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\right),$$

$$\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)\right)}\right] /$$

$$\left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)\right),$$

$$- \left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 3]\right)\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\right) / \left(\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 3]\right)\right)$$

$$\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\right) \left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)$$

$$\sqrt{\left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)\right)} /$$

$$\left(\left(\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1 + 2\#1 - 2\#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 2] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)^2$$

$$\sqrt{\left(\left(\left(-\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 1\right]+\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 2\right]\right)\left(-\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 4\right]+\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)\right)/\left(\left(-\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 1\right]+\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 4\right]\right)\left(-\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 2\right]+\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)\right)\right)/\left(\left(-\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 1\right]+\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 2\right]\right)\left(-\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 2\right]+\text{Root}\left[1+2\#1-2\#1^3+\#1^4\ \&, 4\right]\right)\right)\right)\sqrt{1+2\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-2\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3+\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4}\right)\sqrt{2+2\text{Tan}[x]+\text{Tan}[x]^2}$$

Problem 9: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]}\right] \text{Sin}[x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 41 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]}\right] \text{Cos}[x] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Cos}[x] \sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]}$$

Result (type 4, 285 leaves):

$$-\text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]}\right] \text{Cos}[x] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Cos}[x] \sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]} - \frac{1}{2} (-3-2\sqrt{2}) \text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right]^2 \left(1-\sqrt{2} + (-2+\sqrt{2}) \text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right) \\ \text{Cot}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right] \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right]}{\sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}}}\right], 17-12\sqrt{2}\right] + 2 \text{EllipticPi}\left[-3+2\sqrt{2}, -\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right]}{\sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}}}\right], 17-12\sqrt{2}\right] \right) \\ \sqrt{\left(7-5\sqrt{2} + (10-7\sqrt{2}) \text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right) \text{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right]^2} \sqrt{\left(-1-\sqrt{2} + (2+\sqrt{2}) \text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right) \text{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right]^2} \\ \sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]} \text{Sec}[x] \sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}-\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right]^2} \sqrt{1+(-3+2\sqrt{2}) \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{4}\right]^2}$$

Problem 12: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}\left[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 141 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + x\text{ArcTan}\left[x+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right] - \frac{1}{4}\text{ArcTanh}\left[x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right] - \frac{1}{8}\text{Log}\left[1-x^2+x^4\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1822 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& x\text{ArcTan}\left[x+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{16}\left(-8\text{ArcSin}[x] + 2\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\text{ArcTan}\left[\left(\frac{(1+i\sqrt{3}-2x^2)(-1+x^2)}{-3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x^4+x^3(-6-2i\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})}\right) + \right.\right. \\
& \quad \left.\left. x\left(6+2i\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) + x^2\left(3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{6-6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\right]\right) - \\
& 2\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\text{ArcTan}\left[\left(\frac{(1+i\sqrt{3}-2x^2)(-1+x^2)}{-3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x^4+2x(-3-i\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2x^3\left(3+i\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) + x^2\left(3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{6-6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\right]\right) - \\
& 2\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\text{ArcTan}\left[\left(\frac{(-1+x^2)(-1+i\sqrt{3}+2x^2)}{3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x^4+x(6-2i\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. x^3(-6+2i\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}) + x^2(-3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{6+6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})\right]\right) + \\
& 2\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\text{ArcTan}\left[\left(\frac{(-1+x^2)(-1+i\sqrt{3}+2x^2)}{3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}x^4+2x^3(3-i\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2x(-3+i\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}) + x^2(-3i-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{6+6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})\right]\right) - \\
& 2\text{Log}\left[-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}+x^2\right] + 2i\sqrt{3}\text{Log}\left[-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}+x^2\right] - 2\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}i(i+\sqrt{3})+x^2\right] - 2i\sqrt{3}\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{2}i(i+\sqrt{3})+x^2\right] - \\
& i\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\text{Log}\left[16(1+\sqrt{3}x+x^2)^2\right] + i\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\text{Log}\left[16(1+\sqrt{3}x+x^2)^2\right] + \\
& i\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\text{Log}\left[(4-4\sqrt{3}x+4x^2)^2\right] - i\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\text{Log}\left[(4-4\sqrt{3}x+4x^2)^2\right] - \\
& i\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\text{Log}\left[3i+\sqrt{3}-(-i+\sqrt{3})x^4+2i\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}+5ix^2\left(2+\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. x\left(3+5i\sqrt{3}+3i\sqrt{6-6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) + ix^3\left(3i+3\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6-6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\right]\right) + \\
& i\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{3}}\text{Log}\left[3i+\sqrt{3}-(-i+\sqrt{3})x^4+2i\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}+5ix^2\left(2+\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. x^3\left(3-3i\sqrt{3}-i\sqrt{6-6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) - ix\left(-3i+5\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{6-6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\right]\right) +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& i \sqrt{2 - 2i\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{Log}[-3i + \sqrt{3} - (i + \sqrt{3})x^4 - 2i\sqrt{2 + 2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2} - 5ix^2(2 + \sqrt{2 + 2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}) + \\
& \quad x(3 - 5i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{6 + 6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}) - ix^3(-3i + 3\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6 + 6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})] - \\
& i \sqrt{2 - 2i\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{Log}[-3i + \sqrt{3} - (i + \sqrt{3})x^4 - 2i\sqrt{2 + 2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2} - 5ix^2(2 + \sqrt{2 + 2i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}) + \\
& \quad x^3(3 + 3i\sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{6 + 6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2}) + ix(3i + 5\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{6 + 6i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x^2})]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 13: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x \operatorname{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 152 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + 2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[x\sqrt{1-x^2}] + \frac{1}{8} \operatorname{Log}[1-x^2+x^4]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 2408 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}[x]}{2} - \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}] + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \\
& (-3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(3 - i\sqrt{3} - 12ix + 4\sqrt{3}x - 12i\sqrt{3}x^2 - 12ix^3 - 4\sqrt{3}x^3 - 3x^4 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. i\sqrt{3}x^4 - 2i\sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x\sqrt{1-x^2} - 2i\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} - 2i\sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. (i - \sqrt{3} - 6x + 6i\sqrt{3}x + 30ix^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x^2 + 6x^3 + 18i\sqrt{3}x^3 + 11ix^4 + 3\sqrt{3}x^4)\right] - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}} \\
& (-3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(3 - i\sqrt{3} + 12ix - 4\sqrt{3}x - 12i\sqrt{3}x^2 + 12ix^3 + 4\sqrt{3}x^3 - 3x^4 - i\sqrt{3}x^4 + \right. \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. \left(2i \sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})} x \sqrt{1-x^2} - 2i \sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} + 2i \sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left(i - \sqrt{3} + 6x - 6i\sqrt{3}x + 30ix^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x^2 - 6x^3 - 18i\sqrt{3}x^3 + 11ix^4 + 3\sqrt{3}x^4 \right) \right] - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \\
& (3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[-3 - i\sqrt{3} - 12ix - 4\sqrt{3}x - 12i\sqrt{3}x^2 - 12ix^3 + 4\sqrt{3}x^3 + 3x^4 - i\sqrt{3}x^4 - \right. \\
& \left. 2i \sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})} x \sqrt{1-x^2} - 2i \sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} - 2i \sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) / \\
& \left. \left(-i - \sqrt{3} - 6x - 6i\sqrt{3}x - 30ix^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x^2 + 6x^3 - 18i\sqrt{3}x^3 - 11ix^4 + 3\sqrt{3}x^4 \right) \right] + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}} \\
& (3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[-3 - i\sqrt{3} + 12ix + 4\sqrt{3}x - 12i\sqrt{3}x^2 + 12ix^3 - 4\sqrt{3}x^3 + 3x^4 - i\sqrt{3}x^4 + \right. \\
& \left. 2i \sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})} x \sqrt{1-x^2} - 2i \sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} + 2i \sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) / \\
& \left. \left(-i - \sqrt{3} + 6x + 6i\sqrt{3}x - 30ix^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x^2 - 6x^3 + 18i\sqrt{3}x^3 - 11ix^4 + 3\sqrt{3}x^4 \right) \right] - \\
& \frac{i(-3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(-i + \sqrt{3} - 2x)^2 (i + \sqrt{3} - 2x)^2 \right]}{8\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}} + \frac{i(3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(-i + \sqrt{3} - 2x)^2 (i + \sqrt{3} - 2x)^2 \right]}{8\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}} + \\
& \frac{i(-3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(-i + \sqrt{3} + 2x)^2 (i + \sqrt{3} + 2x)^2 \right]}{8\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}} - \\
& \frac{i(3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(-i + \sqrt{3} + 2x)^2 (i + \sqrt{3} + 2x)^2 \right]}{8\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}} + \\
& \frac{(3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log} \left[-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} + x^2 \right]}{8\sqrt{3}} +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(-3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} + x^2\right]}{8\sqrt{3}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{8\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}}$$

$$i(-3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[3i + \sqrt{3} - 3x - 5i\sqrt{3}x + 10ix^2 + 3x^3 - 3i\sqrt{3}x^3 + ix^4 - \sqrt{3}x^4 + 2i\sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}\sqrt{1-x^2} - 3i\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}x\sqrt{1-x^2} + 5i\sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} - i\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}\right] - \frac{1}{8\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}}$$

$$i(-3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[3i + \sqrt{3} + 3x + 5i\sqrt{3}x + 10ix^2 - 3x^3 + 3i\sqrt{3}x^3 + ix^4 - \sqrt{3}x^4 + 2i\sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}\sqrt{1-x^2} + 3i\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}x\sqrt{1-x^2} + 5i\sqrt{2(1-i\sqrt{3})}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} + i\sqrt{6(1-i\sqrt{3})}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}\right] + \frac{1}{8\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}}$$

$$i(3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-3i + \sqrt{3} + 3x - 5i\sqrt{3}x - 10ix^2 - 3x^3 - 3i\sqrt{3}x^3 - ix^4 - \sqrt{3}x^4 - 2i\sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}\sqrt{1-x^2} - 3i\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}x\sqrt{1-x^2} - 5i\sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} - i\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}\right] - \frac{1}{8\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}}$$

$$i(3i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-3i + \sqrt{3} - 3x + 5i\sqrt{3}x - 10ix^2 + 3x^3 + 3i\sqrt{3}x^3 - ix^4 - \sqrt{3}x^4 - 2i\sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}\sqrt{1-x^2} + 3i\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}x\sqrt{1-x^2} - 5i\sqrt{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} + i\sqrt{6(1+i\sqrt{3})}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}\right]$$

Problem 17: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[x + \sqrt{-1+x^2}\right]}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 32 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCosh}[x^2] + \frac{x \operatorname{Log}\left[x + \sqrt{-1 + x^2}\right]}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 89 leaves):

$$\frac{4x \operatorname{Log}\left[x + \sqrt{-1 + x^2}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^2} (1+x^2) \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]\right)}{\sqrt{-1+x^4}}}{4\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

Problem 21: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \operatorname{ArcSin}[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 38 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{1+x^2} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x^4} \operatorname{ArcSin}[x] + \frac{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[x]}{4}$$

Result (type 3, 85 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{1-x^4}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} - 2\sqrt{1-x^4} \operatorname{ArcSin}[x] + \operatorname{Log}[1-x^2] - \operatorname{Log}\left[-x + x^3 + \sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{1-x^4}\right] \right)$$

Problem 37: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[x]}{1 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 46 leaves):

$$-\frac{i \left(\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-i + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}\right] - \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{i + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Problem 38: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 4, 36 leaves):

$$(-1)^{1/4} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[i \text{ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4}x\right], -1\right] - 2 \text{EllipticPi}\left[i, \text{ArcSin}\left[(-1)^{3/4}x\right], -1\right] \right)$$

Problem 39: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 4, 40 leaves):

$$(-1)^{1/4} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[i \text{ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4}x\right], -1\right] - 2 \text{EllipticPi}\left[-i, i \text{ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4}x\right], -1\right] \right)$$

Problem 41: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]] \sqrt{1+\text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 42 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-4 \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\text{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{1+\text{Sin}[x]}}\right] + \frac{4 \text{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{1+\text{Sin}[x]}} - \frac{2 \text{Cos}[x] \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]}{\sqrt{1+\text{Sin}[x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 87 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

$$2 \left(-\log\left[1 + \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \log\left[1 - \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left(-2 + \log[\sin[x]]\right) + \left(-2 + \log[\sin[x]]\right) \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right) \sqrt{1 + \sin[x]}$$

Problem 44: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin[x]}{\sqrt{1 - \sin[x]^6}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 39 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3} \cos[x] (1 + \sin[x]^2)}{2 \sqrt{1 - \sin[x]^6}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 4, 5825 leaves):

$$- \left((-1)^{3/4} \left(3i + (1 + 2i) \sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} + (1 + 2i) \sqrt{3} + i \sqrt{2} 3^{3/4} \right) \right.$$

$$\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(1+i) \left((2 + \sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2 + \sqrt{3}) + (2 - i \sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}\right], 8 - 4\sqrt{3}\right] - 2 \times 3^{1/4} (\sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4}) \text{EllipticPi}\left[\right.$$

$$\left. \frac{6(-3)^{1/4} - 2(-3)^{3/4} + 4\sqrt{3}}{3 + 3\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} + (2 - i) \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} 3^{3/4}}, \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(1+i) \left((2 + \sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2 + \sqrt{3}) + (2 - i \sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}\right], 8 - 4\sqrt{3}\right] \right)$$

$$\sin[x] \sqrt{\frac{2i - 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-i \sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4}) (2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)}} \left(2 - 2(-1)^{3/4} 3^{1/4} - i \sqrt{3} + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2$$

$$\sqrt{-\frac{(i \sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4}) (-i + 2(-2i + \sqrt{3}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4)}{(2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2}} \right) /$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4} \left((3 + 6i) \sqrt{2} + (6 + 6i) \, 3^{1/4} + (2 + 2i) \, 3^{3/4} + (3 + 2i) \sqrt{6} \right) \sqrt{1 - \sin[x]^6} \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \right. \\
& \sqrt{\frac{1 + 8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + 30 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + 8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8}{\left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^4}} \left(- \left((-1)^{3/4} \sqrt{2} \left(3i + (1 + 2i) \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4} + (1 + 2i) \sqrt{3} + i \sqrt{2} \, 3^{3/4} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left[\right. \right. \right. \\
& \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(1+i) \left((2 + \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4}) (2 + \sqrt{3}) + (2 - i \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \right], 8 - 4\sqrt{3} \right] - 2 \times 3^{1/4} \left(\sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4} \right) \text{EllipticPi} \left[\right. \\
& \left. \left. \frac{6(-3)^{1/4} - 2(-3)^{3/4} + 4\sqrt{3}}{3 + 3\sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4} + (2 - i) \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} \, 3^{3/4}} \right], \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(1+i) \left((2 + \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4}) (2 + \sqrt{3}) + (2 - i \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \right], 8 - 4\sqrt{3} \right] \right) \\
& \text{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2 \tan \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \sqrt{\frac{2i - 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-i \sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4}) (2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)}} \left(2 - 2(-1)^{3/4} \, 3^{1/4} - i \sqrt{3} + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right) \\
& \sqrt{-\frac{(i \sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4}) (-i + 2(-2i + \sqrt{3}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4)}{(2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2}} \right) / \left(3^{1/4} \left((3 + 6i) \sqrt{2} + (6 + 6i) \, 3^{1/4} + (2 + 2i) \, 3^{3/4} + (3 + 2i) \sqrt{6} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{1 + 8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + 30 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + 8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8}{\left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^4}} \right) \right) + \\
& \left((-1)^{3/4} \sqrt{2} \left(3i + (1 + 2i) \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4} + (1 + 2i) \sqrt{3} + i \sqrt{2} \, 3^{3/4} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(1+i) \left((2 + \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4}) (2 + \sqrt{3}) + (2 - i \sqrt{2} \, 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i + 2(-3)^{1/4} + \sqrt{3} + i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \right], 8 - 4\sqrt{3} \right] - 2 \times 3^{1/4} \left(\sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4} \right) \text{EllipticPi} \left[\right. \right. \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6(-3)^{1/4} - 2(-3)^{3/4} + 4\sqrt{3}}{3 + 3\sqrt{2}3^{1/4} + (2-i)\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}, \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{(1+i)\left(\left(2+\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}\right)\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right) + \left(2-i\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}\right)\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}\right], 8-4\sqrt{3}\right] \\
& \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \sqrt{\frac{2i-2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})\left(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}}} \left(2-2(-1)^{3/4}3^{1/4}-i\sqrt{3}+\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2 \\
& \sqrt{-\frac{(i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})\left(-i+2(-2i+\sqrt{3})\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2-i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right)}{\left(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2}} \right) / \\
& \left(3^{1/4}\left((3+6i)\sqrt{2}+(6+6i)3^{1/4}+(2+2i)3^{3/4}+(3+2i)\sqrt{6}\right)\left(1+\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3 \sqrt{\frac{1+8\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2+30\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4+8\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6+\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8}{\left(1+\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^4}}\right) - \right. \\
& \left. (-1)^{3/4}\left(3i+(1+2i)\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}+(1+2i)\sqrt{3}+i\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}\right)\right) \\
& \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{(1+i)\left(\left(2+\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}\right)\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right) + \left(2-i\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}\right)\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}\right], 8-4\sqrt{3}\right] - 2\times 3^{1/4}\left(\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4}\right) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\right. \\
& \left. \frac{6(-3)^{1/4} - 2(-3)^{3/4} + 4\sqrt{3}}{3 + 3\sqrt{2}3^{1/4} + (2-i)\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}, \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{(1+i)\left(\left(2+\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}\right)\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right) + \left(2-i\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}\right)\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}\right], 8-4\sqrt{3}\right] \right) \\
& \left(2-2(-1)^{3/4}3^{1/4}-i\sqrt{3}+\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{(i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})\left(-i+2(-2i+\sqrt{3})\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2-i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right)}{\left(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2}} \right) \\
& \left(-\frac{i\operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\left(2i-2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}{\left(-i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4}\right)\left(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} + \frac{i\operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\left(-i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4}\right)\left(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}\right) /
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(2\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} \left((3+6i)\sqrt{2} + (6+6i)3^{1/4} + (2+2i)3^{3/4} + (3+2i)\sqrt{6} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2i-2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)}} \right. \\
& \left. \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{1+8\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2+30\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4+8\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8}{\left(1+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^4}} \right) - \left((-1)^{3/4} \left(3i + (1+2i)\sqrt{2}3^{1/4} + (1+2i)\sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{2}3^{3/4} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{(1+i)\left((2+\sqrt{2}3^{1/4})(2+\sqrt{3})+(2-i\sqrt{2}3^{1/4})\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}\right]}, 8-4\sqrt{3}\right] - 2\times 3^{1/4}(\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})\text{EllipticPi}\left[\right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \frac{6(-3)^{1/4}-2(-3)^{3/4}+4\sqrt{3}}{3+3\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}+(2-i)\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}, \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{(1+i)\left((2+\sqrt{2}3^{1/4})(2+\sqrt{3})+(2-i\sqrt{2}3^{1/4})\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}\right]}, 8-4\sqrt{3}\right] \right) \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{2i-2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)}} \left(2-2(-1)^{3/4}3^{1/4}-i\sqrt{3}+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \right. \\
& \left. \left(-\frac{(i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})(2(-2i+\sqrt{3})\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-2i\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3)}{(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \frac{2i(i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right](-i+2(-2i+\sqrt{3})\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2-i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4)}{(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^3} \right) \right) / \\
& \left(2\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} \left((3+6i)\sqrt{2} + (6+6i)3^{1/4} + (2+2i)3^{3/4} + (3+2i)\sqrt{6} \right) \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{-\frac{(i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4})(-i+2(-2i+\sqrt{3})\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2-i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4)}{(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1+8\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2+30\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4+8\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8}{\left(1+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^4}} \right) + \right. \\
& \left. \left((-1)^{3/4} \left(3i + (1+2i)\sqrt{2}3^{1/4} + (1+2i)\sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{2}3^{3/4} \right) \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\right. \right. \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sqrt{\frac{(1+i) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}, 8-4\sqrt{3} \Big] - 2 \times 3^{1/4} (\sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4}) \text{EllipticPi} \Big[\\
 & \frac{6(-3)^{1/4} - 2(-3)^{3/4} + 4\sqrt{3}}{3+3\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} + (2-i)\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} 3^{3/4}}, \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(1+i) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}}, 8-4\sqrt{3} \right] \Big) \\
 & \sqrt{\frac{2i-2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4}) (2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)}} \left(2-2(-1)^{3/4} 3^{1/4} - i\sqrt{3} + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \\
 & \sqrt{-\frac{(i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4}) (-i+2(-2i+\sqrt{3}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4)}{(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2}} \\
 & \left(\frac{8 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 60 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3 + 24 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^5 + 4 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^7}{(1+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^4} - \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{4 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] (1+8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + 30 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + 8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8)}{(1+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^5} \right) \Bigg) / \left(2\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} \right. \\
 & \left. \left((3+6i)\sqrt{2} + (6+6i) 3^{1/4} + (2+2i) 3^{3/4} + (3+2i)\sqrt{6} \right) \left(1+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \left(\frac{1+8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + 30 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + 8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8}{(1+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^4} \right)^{3/2} \right) \Big) - \\
 & \left((-1)^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{2i-2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{(-i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4}) (2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)}} \left(2-2(-1)^{3/4} 3^{1/4} - i\sqrt{3} + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \right. \\
 & \left. \sqrt{-\frac{(i\sqrt{2}+3^{1/4}) (-i+2(-2i+\sqrt{3}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4)}{(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2}} \left(\left((3i+(1+2i)\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} + (1+2i)\sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{2} 3^{3/4}) \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left(\frac{(1+i)(2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + (1-i) \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} + \frac{(1-i) \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2} \right) \right) \Bigg) /
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{(1+i) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \right. \\
& \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{i}{4}\right) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \\
& \left. \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{i}{4}\right) (8-4\sqrt{3}) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \right) - \left(3^{1/4} (\sqrt{2} + 3^{1/4}) \right. \\
& \left. \left(\frac{(1+i) (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} + \frac{(1-i) \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{(2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^2} \right) \right) \Bigg/ \\
& \left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{(1+i) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \right. \\
& \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{i}{4}\right) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \\
& \left. \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{i}{4}\right) (8-4\sqrt{3}) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)}{2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}} \right) \\
& \left(1 - \left(\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i}{4} \right) (6(-3)^{1/4} - 2(-3)^{3/4} + 4\sqrt{3}) \left((2+\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) (2+\sqrt{3}) + (2-i\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}) \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right) \right) \right) \Bigg/ \\
& \left(\left((3+3\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} + (2-i)\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} 3^{3/4}) (2i+2(-3)^{1/4}+\sqrt{3}+i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2) \right) \right) \Bigg) \Bigg/ \left(\sqrt{2} 3^{1/4} \right. \\
& \left. \left((3+6i)\sqrt{2} + (6+6i) 3^{1/4} + (2+2i) 3^{3/4} + (3+2i)\sqrt{6} \right) \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{1+8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2+30 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4+8 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^8}{(1+\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2)^4}} \right) \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 47: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}[x \sqrt{1+x^2}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 120 leaves, 12 steps):

$$x \text{ArcTan}[x \sqrt{1+x^2}] + \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{1+x^2}] - \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{1+x^2}] - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \text{Log}[2+x^2 - \sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+x^2}] + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \text{Log}[2+x^2 + \sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+x^2}]$$

Result (type 3, 116 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\sqrt{-2+2i\sqrt{3}} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1-i\sqrt{3}}}\right] - \sqrt{-2-2i\sqrt{3}} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{-1+i\sqrt{3}}}\right] + 2x \text{ArcTan}[x\sqrt{1+x^2}] \right)$$

Test results for the 284 problems in "Hearn Problems.m"

Problem 20: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2+x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{4} \text{Log}[1-x+x^2] + \frac{1}{4} \text{Log}[1+x+x^2]$$

Result (type 3, 73 leaves):

$$\frac{i \left(\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{3}} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(-i+\sqrt{3})x\right] - \sqrt{1+i\sqrt{3}} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(i+\sqrt{3})x\right] \right)}{\sqrt{6}}$$

Problem 44: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{2+x^2+x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 196 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{14} (-1+2\sqrt{2})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-1+2\sqrt{2}} - 2x}{\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{14} (-1+2\sqrt{2})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-1+2\sqrt{2}} + 2x}{\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1+2\sqrt{2}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{2}(-1+2\sqrt{2})} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{-1+2\sqrt{2}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{2}(-1+2\sqrt{2})}$$

Result (type 3, 91 leaves):

$$i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}\right] - i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}\right]$$

$$- \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}}\right]}{\sqrt{\frac{7}{2}(1-i\sqrt{7})}} + \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}\right]}{\sqrt{\frac{7}{2}(1+i\sqrt{7})}}$$

Problem 45: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{2-x^2+x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 196 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{14} (1+2\sqrt{2})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}} - 2x}{\sqrt{-1+2\sqrt{2}}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{14} (1+2\sqrt{2})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}} + 2x}{\sqrt{-1+2\sqrt{2}}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{2}(1+2\sqrt{2})} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{2}(1+2\sqrt{2})}$$

Result (type 3, 91 leaves):

$$i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1-i\sqrt{7})}}\right] - i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+i\sqrt{7})}}\right]$$

$$- \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1-i\sqrt{7})}}\right]}{\sqrt{\frac{7}{2}(-1-i\sqrt{7})}} + \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+i\sqrt{7})}}\right]}{\sqrt{\frac{7}{2}(-1+i\sqrt{7})}}$$

Problem 51: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - x^4 + x^8} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 275 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}-2x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{6}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}-2x}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{6}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}+2x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{6}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}+2x}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{6}} \\ & - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{6}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{6}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{6}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} x + x^2\right]}{4\sqrt{6}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 42 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^4 + \#1^8 \&, \frac{\text{Log}[x - \#1]}{-\#1^3 + 2\#1^7} \&\right]$$

Problem 52: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{1 + x^{12}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 7 steps):

$$- \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x^4}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{12} \text{Log}[1 + x^4] + \frac{1}{24} \text{Log}[1 - x^4 + x^8]$$

Result (type 3, 260 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{24} \left(2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2}x}{1 - \sqrt{3}}\right] - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}x}{1 + \sqrt{3}}\right] + \right. \\ & \left. 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + \sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}x}{1 + \sqrt{3}}\right] - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}x}{-1 + \sqrt{3}}\right] - 2 \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{2}x + x^2] - 2 \text{Log}[1 + \sqrt{2}x + x^2] + \right. \\ & \left. \text{Log}[2 + \sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{6}x + 2x^2] + \text{Log}[2 + \sqrt{2}(-1 + \sqrt{3})x + 2x^2] + \text{Log}[2 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})x + 2x^2] + \text{Log}[2 + (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})x + 2x^2] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 81: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 3 leaves, 1 step):

$$\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 33 leaves):

$$-\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 82: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Csc}[x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 17 leaves):

$$-\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 108: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Cos}[a + b x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{Sin}[a + b x]}{b}$$

Result (type 3, 21 leaves):

$$\frac{\text{Cos}[b x] \text{Sin}[a]}{b} + \frac{\text{Cos}[a] \text{Sin}[b x]}{b}$$

Problem 111: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Csc}[a + b x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[a + b x]]}{b}$$

Result (type 3, 38 leaves):

$$-\frac{\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]\right]}{b} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]\right]}{b}$$

Problem 112: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[a + b x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[a + b x]]}{b}$$

Result (type 3, 68 leaves):

$$-\frac{\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]\right]}{b} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx}{2}\right]\right]}{b}$$

Problem 120: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\text{Cos}[x]}{1 + \text{Sin}[x]}$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 121: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{Cos}[x]}{1 - \text{Sin}[x]}$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 190: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 38 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 197: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{-1+x^2-x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 30 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-x^2}{2\sqrt{-1+x^2-x^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 37 leaves):

$$-i \text{Log}[x] + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Log}\left[-2+x^2+2i\sqrt{-1+x^2-x^4}\right]$$

Problem 202: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \left(\frac{10}{\sqrt{-4+x^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}} \right) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 27 leaves, 5 steps):

$$10 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-4+x^2}}\right] + \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 71 leaves):

$$-5 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-4+x^2}}\right] + 5 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-4+x^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 206: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{r \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 + 2 h r^2}} dr$$

Optimal (type 3, 46 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 + 2 h r^2}}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 58 leaves):

$$-\frac{i \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{2\left(-i \sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2} + \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 + 2 h r^2}\right)}{r}\right]}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}}$$

Problem 207: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{r \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - 2 k r + 2 h r^2}} dr$$

Optimal (type 3, 37 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\alpha^2 + k r}{\alpha \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - 2 k r + 2 h r^2}}\right]}{\alpha}$$

Result (type 3, 48 leaves):

$$- \frac{i \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{2 \left(-\frac{i(\alpha^2 + k r)}{\alpha} + \sqrt{-\alpha^2 + 2 r(-k + h r)} \right)}{r} \right]}{\alpha}$$

Problem 208: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{r \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 - 2 k r + 2 h r^2}} dr$$

Optimal (type 3, 61 leaves, 2 steps):

$$- \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2 + k r}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2} \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 - 2 k r + 2 h r^2}} \right]}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 72 leaves):

$$- \frac{i \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{2 \left(-\frac{i(\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2 + k r)}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}} + \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 + 2 r(-k + h r)} \right)}{r} \right]}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}}$$

Problem 211: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{r}{\sqrt{-\alpha^2 + 2 e r^2 - 2 k r^4}} dr$$

Optimal (type 3, 56 leaves, 3 steps):

$$- \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{e - 2 k r^2}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{k} \sqrt{-\alpha^2 + 2 e r^2 - 2 k r^4}} \right]}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{k}}$$

Result (type 3, 66 leaves):

$$\frac{i \operatorname{Log} \left[-\frac{i \sqrt{2} (-e + 2 k r^2)}{\sqrt{k}} + 2 \sqrt{-\alpha^2 + 2 e r^2 - 2 k r^4} \right]}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{k}}$$

Problem 213: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{r \sqrt{-\alpha^2 + 2 h r^2 - 2 k r^4}} dr$$

Optimal (type 3, 44 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\alpha^2 - h r^2}{\alpha \sqrt{-\alpha^2 + 2 h r^2 - 2 k r^4}} \right]}{2 \alpha}$$

Result (type 3, 59 leaves):

$$\frac{i \text{Log} \left[\frac{-2 i \alpha^2 + 2 i h r^2 + 2 \alpha \sqrt{-\alpha^2 + 2 r^2 (h - k r^2)}}{\alpha r^2} \right]}{2 \alpha}$$

Problem 214: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{r \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 + 2 h r^2 - 2 k r^4}} dr$$

Optimal (type 3, 68 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2 - h r^2}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2} \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 + 2 h r^2 - 2 k r^4}} \right]}{2 \sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 80 leaves):

$$\frac{i \text{Log} \left[\frac{2 \left(-\frac{i (\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2 - h r^2)}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}} + \sqrt{-\alpha^2 - \epsilon^2 + 2 r^2 (h - k r^2)} \right)}{r^2} \right]}{2 \sqrt{\alpha^2 + \epsilon^2}}$$

Problem 235: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{2 \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{1 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 40 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \left(-\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right) \sqrt{1 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]}}{\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 236: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \operatorname{Sin}[x]} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 14 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{1 - \operatorname{Sin}[x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right) \sqrt{1 - \operatorname{Sin}[x]}}{\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 256: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{-1 + x^4} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 8 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[x^2]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1 - x^2] - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1 + x^2]$$

Problem 278: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-8 - 8x - x^2 - 3x^3 + 7x^4 + 4x^5 + 2x^6}{(-1 + 2x^2)^2 \sqrt{1 + 2x^2 + 4x^3 + x^4}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 94 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}{2(-1+2x^2)} - \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x(2+x)(7-x+27x^2+33x^3)}{(2+37x^2+31x^3)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 5137 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}{2(-1+2x^2)} + \left(5 \left(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] \right)^2 \right. \\ & \left(\left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x)\left(\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}{(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right])\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}\right]} \right), \right. \\ & \left. \left(\left(\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2\right] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right] \right) \right) / \right. \\ & \left. \left(\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2\right] \right) \left(\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right] \right) \right) \right] - \\ & \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right]\right)\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}{\left(-1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(-\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)} \right], \\ & \text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x)\left(\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}{(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right])\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}\right]} \right], \\ & \left(\left(\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2\right] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right] \right) \right) / \right. \\ & \left. \left(\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2\right] \right) \left(\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right] \right) \right) \right] \\ & \left. \left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] \right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right]\right)\left(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2\right]\right)}{\left(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right]\right)\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2\right]\right)}} \\ & \sqrt{\frac{\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right]\right)\left(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}{\left(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right]\right)\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}} \\ & \sqrt{-\frac{(1+x)\left(\text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}{\left(x - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right]\right)\left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right]\right)}} \\ & \left. \left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3\right] \right) \right) / \\ & \left(2 \left(-1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}\left[1 - \#1 + 3\#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1\right] \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) + \\
& \left(5 \sqrt{2} \left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right)^2 \right. \\
& \left(\left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \right]} \right), \\
& \left(\left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) / \\
& \left(\left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) \right] - \\
& \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{\left(-1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \left(-\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)} \right], \\
& \text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \right], \\
& \left(\left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) / \\
& \left(\left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) \right] \\
& \left. \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{\left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right)}{\left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right)}} \\
& \sqrt{\frac{\left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{\left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \\
& \sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{\left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \\
& \left. \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) / \\
& \left(\left(-1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{1 + 2x^2 + 4x^3 + x^4} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) + \left(5 \right. \\
& \left. \left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right)^2 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) (\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}} \right] \right], \right. \\
& \quad \left((\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 2]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3]) \right) / \\
& \quad \left((1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 2]) (\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3]) \right) \left. \right) - \\
& \quad \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] \right) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}{\left(-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) (-\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])} \right], \\
& \quad \text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) (\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}} \right], \\
& \quad \left((\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 2]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3]) \right) / \\
& \quad \left((1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 2]) (\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3]) \right) \left. \right) \\
& \quad (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) \left. \right) \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 2])}{(x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 2])}} \\
& \quad \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}} \\
& \quad \sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) (\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}} \\
& \quad (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3]) \left. \right) / \\
& \quad \left(2 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{1 + 2x^2 + 4x^3 + x^4} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] \right) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) \right. \\
& \quad \left. (\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3]) \right) - \\
& \quad \left(5\sqrt{2} (x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1])^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) (\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3])}} \right] \right], \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left((\text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 2]) (1 + \text{Root}[1-\#1+3\#1^2+\#1^3 \&, 3]) \right) / \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left((1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2]) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) \right) - \\
& \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{\left(-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \left(-\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}, \right. \\
& \text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \right], \\
& \left(\left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) / \\
& \left(\left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) \right] \\
& \left. \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) (x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2])}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right)}} \\
& \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) (x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \\
& \sqrt{-\frac{(1+x) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \\
& \left. \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) \Bigg/ \\
& \left(\left(-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \sqrt{1 + 2x^2 + 4x^3 + x^4} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) + \\
& \left(6 \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{\frac{(1+x) \left(-\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)}} \right], \right. \\
& \left(\left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(-1 - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) / \\
& \left(\left(-1 - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right) \left(\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right) \right) \right] \\
& \left(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] \right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) (x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2])}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) \left(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 2] \right)}} \\
& \left(-1 - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{(1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) (x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3])}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{(1 + x) (-\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3])}{(x - \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) (1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3])}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{1 + 2x^2 + 4x^3 + x^4} (1 + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1]) (-\text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 1] + \text{Root}[1 - \#1 + 3 \#1^2 + \#1^3 \&, 3]) \right)$$

Problem 279: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(1 + 2y) \sqrt{1 - 5y - 5y^2}}{y(1+y)(2+y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}} dy$$

Optimal (type 3, 142 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(1-3y)\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(1-5y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(4+3y)\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(6+5y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right] + \frac{9}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(11+7y)\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{3(7+5y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 630 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{16\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\left(-1-\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\right)(1+\sqrt{5}+2y)^2\sqrt{\frac{5+3\sqrt{5}+10y}{5+5\sqrt{5}+10y}}$$

$$\left(20\left(-4\sqrt{\frac{-5+3\sqrt{5}-10y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}\sqrt{\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}+\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\frac{-5+3\sqrt{5}-10y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}\sqrt{\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}+5\sqrt{\frac{-5+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{5}y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}\sqrt{\frac{-3+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{5}y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}-\right.$$

$$\left.2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\frac{-5+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{5}y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}\sqrt{\frac{-3+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{5}y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}\right)\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{5+3\sqrt{5}+10y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}}{\sqrt{15}}\right],\frac{15}{16}\right]+$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{-5+3\sqrt{5}-10y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}\sqrt{\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}\left(9\sqrt{5}\text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{5}{8}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{8},\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{5+3\sqrt{5}+10y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}}{\sqrt{15}}\right],\frac{15}{16}\right]+(-20+9\sqrt{5})\right.$$

$$\left.\text{EllipticPi}\left[-\frac{3}{8}(-5+\sqrt{5}),\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{5+3\sqrt{5}+10y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}}{\sqrt{15}}\right],\frac{15}{16}\right]+2\sqrt{5}\text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{3}{8}(5+\sqrt{5}),\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{5+3\sqrt{5}+10y}{1+\sqrt{5}+2y}}}{\sqrt{15}}\right],\frac{15}{16}\right]\right)$$

Problem 280: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x\left(-\sqrt{-4+x^2}+x^2\sqrt{-4+x^2}-4\sqrt{-1+x^2}+x^2\sqrt{-1+x^2}\right)}{(4-5x^2+x^4)\left(1+\sqrt{-4+x^2}+\sqrt{-1+x^2}\right)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 21 leaves, 1 step):

$$\text{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{-4+x^2}+\sqrt{-1+x^2}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 97 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2}\text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{-4+x^2}\right]+\frac{1}{2}\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-1+x^2}\right]+\frac{1}{4}\text{Log}\left[17-5x^2-4\sqrt{-4+x^2}\sqrt{-1+x^2}\right]+\frac{1}{4}\text{Log}\left[5-2x^2-2\sqrt{-4+x^2}\sqrt{-1+x^2}\right]$$

Test results for the 7 problems in "Hebisch Problems.m"

Problem 3: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 + 2x + 3x^2 - x^3 + 2x^4)}{2x + x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 28 leaves, ? steps):

$$e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 + x^2) + \text{ExpIntegralEi} \left[\frac{x}{2+x^2} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 43 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 + 2x + 3x^2 - x^3 + 2x^4)}{2x + x^3} dx$$

Test results for the 9 problems in "Jeffrey Problems.m"

Problem 2: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 + \cos[x] + 2 \sin[x]}{3 + \cos[x]^2 + 2 \sin[x] - 2 \cos[x] \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{2 \cos[x] - \sin[x]}{2 + \sin[x]} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 46 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 + \cos[x]}{-1 + \cos[x] - \sin[x]} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2 (-1 + \cos[x] - \sin[x]) \right]$$

Problem 6: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-5 + 2 \cos[x] + 7 \cos[x]^2}{-1 + 2 \cos[x] - 9 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, ? steps):

$$x - 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{2 \cos[x] \sin[x]}{1 - \cos[x] + 2 \cos[x]^2} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 63 leaves):

$$\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{4} \text{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3 \left(5 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - 3 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{3x}{2}\right]\right)\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{4} \text{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3 \left(-5 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 3 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{3x}{2}\right]\right)\right]$$

Problem 7: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{3}{5 + 4 \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 14 leaves, 2 steps):

$$x + 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\text{Cos}[x]}{2 + \text{Sin}[x]}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 79 leaves):

$$3 \left(-\frac{1}{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 \text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 2 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right] + \frac{1}{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 2 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{2 \text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right] \right)$$

Test results for the 113 problems in "Moses Problems.m"

Problem 31: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{1 + x^{12}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x^4}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{12} \text{Log}[1 + x^4] + \frac{1}{24} \text{Log}[1 - x^4 + x^8]$$

Result (type 3, 260 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{24} \left(2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2}x}{1 - \sqrt{3}}\right] - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}x}{1 + \sqrt{3}}\right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + \sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}x}{1 + \sqrt{3}}\right] - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}x}{-1 + \sqrt{3}}\right] - 2 \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{2}x + x^2] - 2 \text{Log}[1 + \sqrt{2}x + x^2] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \text{Log}[2 + \sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{6}x + 2x^2] + \text{Log}[2 + \sqrt{2}(-1 + \sqrt{3})x + 2x^2] + \text{Log}[2 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})x + 2x^2] + \text{Log}[2 + (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})x + 2x^2] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 40: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}}{1 - y^2} dy$$

Optimal (type 3, 51 leaves, 5 steps):

$$B \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{B y}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}} \right] + A \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{A y}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 134 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}[1 - y] + \frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}[1 + y] + i B \operatorname{Log}[-2 i B y + 2 \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}] + \frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}[A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}] - \frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}[A^2 + B^2 + B^2 y + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}]$$

Problem 42: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Csc}[x] \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{B \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}} \right] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{A \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 99 leaves):

$$-\sqrt{A^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{A^2} \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{2 A^2 + B^2 - B^2 \operatorname{Cos}[2 x]}} \right] + \sqrt{-B^2} \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-B^2} \operatorname{Cos}[x] + \sqrt{2 A^2 + B^2 - B^2 \operatorname{Cos}[2 x]}]$$

Problem 69: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int -\frac{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 (1 - y^2)}}{1 - y^2} dy$$

Optimal (type 3, 53 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{B y}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}} \right] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{A y}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 127 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(A \operatorname{Log}[1-y] - A \operatorname{Log}[1+y] - 2 \operatorname{Im} B \operatorname{Log} \left[2 \left(-\operatorname{Im} B y + \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2} \right) \right] - \right. \\ \left. A \operatorname{Log} \left[A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2} \right] + A \operatorname{Log} \left[A^2 + B^2 (1+y) + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2} \right] \right)$$

Problem 70: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(-A^2 - B^2) \operatorname{Cos}[z]^2}{B \left(1 - \frac{(A^2 + B^2) \operatorname{Sin}[z]^2}{B^2} \right)} dz$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-Bz - A \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{A \operatorname{Tan}[z]}{B} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves):

$$- \frac{B (A^2 + B^2) \left(Bz + A \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{A \operatorname{Tan}[z]}{B} \right] \right)}{A^2 B + B^3}$$

Problem 71: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int - \frac{A^2 + B^2}{B (1+w^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{(A^2 + B^2) w^2}{B^2 (1+w^2)} \right)} dw$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{Aw}{B} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves):

$$- \frac{B (A^2 + B^2) \left(B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] + A \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{Aw}{B} \right] \right)}{A^2 B + B^3}$$

Problem 72: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int - \frac{B (A^2 + B^2)}{(1+w^2) (B^2 - A^2 w^2)} dw$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{Aw}{B}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves):

$$-\frac{B(A^2 + B^2) \left(B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] + A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{Aw}{B}\right] \right)}{A^2 B + B^3}$$

Test results for the 376 problems in "Stewart Problems.m"

Problem 80: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec[x] (1 - \sin[x]) \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\operatorname{Log}[1 + \sin[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 36 leaves):

$$\operatorname{Log}[\cos[x]] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 81: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - \sin[x]} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\cos[x]}{1 - \sin[x]}$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 97: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [x] \tan [x]^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [x]] + \frac{1}{2} \sec [x] \tan [x]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \sec [x] \tan [x] \right)$$

Problem 100: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cot [x]^4 \csc [x]^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 17 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{5} \cot [x]^5 - \frac{\cot [x]^7}{7}$$

Result (type 3, 37 leaves):

$$-\frac{2 \cot [x]}{35} - \frac{1}{35} \cot [x] \csc [x]^2 + \frac{8}{35} \cot [x] \csc [x]^4 - \frac{1}{7} \cot [x] \csc [x]^6$$

Problem 102: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc [x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos [x]]$$

Result (type 3, 17 leaves):

$$-\operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[\sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right]$$

Problem 103: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc [x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos [x]] - \frac{1}{2} \cot [x] \csc [x]$$

Result (type 3, 47 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{8} \csc \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \frac{1}{8} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2$$

Problem 104: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cos [x] \cot [x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 8 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos [x]] + \cos [x]$$

Result (type 3, 19 leaves):

$$\cos [x] - \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[\sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right]$$

Problem 113: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc [2x] (\cos [x] + \sin [x]) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos [x]] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [x]]$$

Result (type 3, 61 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right]$$

Problem 121: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 46 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 152: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 14 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 195: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^2 + x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 8 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{x} - \text{ArcTanh}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 22 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 - x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 + x]$$

Problem 211: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos [x] (-3+2 \sin [x])}{2-3 \sin [x]+\sin [x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{Log}[2-3 \sin [x]+\sin [x]^2]$$

Result (type 3, 26 leaves):

$$2 \text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]+\text{Log}[2-\sin [x]]$$

Problem 212: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos [x]^2 \sin [x]}{5+\cos [x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 20 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\sqrt{5} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos [x]}{\sqrt{5}}\right]-\cos [x]$$

Result (type 3, 82 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{20} \left(-\sqrt{5} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos [x]}{\sqrt{5}}\right] + 21 \sqrt{5} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 21 \sqrt{5} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - 20 \cos [x] \right)$$

Problem 221: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-4 \cos [x]+3 \sin [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{5} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{5} (3 \cos [x]+4 \sin [x])\right]$$

Result (type 3, 41 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{5} \text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]-2 \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]-\frac{1}{5} \text{Log}\left[2 \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]+\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 225: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1+x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{1+x}]$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$\operatorname{Log}[1 - \sqrt{1+x}] - \operatorname{Log}[1 + \sqrt{1+x}]$$

Problem 244: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos[x] + \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 21 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[x] - \sin[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 24 leaves):

$$(-1 - i) (-1)^{3/4} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]$$

Problem 245: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - \cos[x] + \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Result (type 3, 24 leaves):

$$\operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 246: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{4 \cos [x] + 3 \sin [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{5} (3 \cos [x] - 4 \sin [x])\right]$$

Result (type 3, 43 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Log}\left[2 \cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 2 \sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 249: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sec [x]}{1 + \sin [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [x]] - \frac{1}{2(1 + \sin [x])}$$

Result (type 3, 54 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{1}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^2} \right)$$

Problem 255: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [x] \tan [x]^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [x]] + \frac{1}{2} \sec [x] \tan [x]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \sec [x] \tan [x] \right)$$

Problem 270: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + \sqrt{x})^8 dx$$

Optimal (type 2, 27 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{2}{9} (1 + \sqrt{x})^9 + \frac{1}{5} (1 + \sqrt{x})^{10}$$

Result (type 2, 60 leaves):

$$x + \frac{16 x^{3/2}}{3} + 14 x^2 + \frac{112 x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{70 x^3}{3} + 16 x^{7/2} + 7 x^4 + \frac{16 x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{x^5}{5}$$

Problem 291: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-e^{-x} + e^x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[e^x]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 - e^x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 + e^x]$$

Problem 297: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + \text{Cos}[x]) \text{Csc}[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 7 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{Log}[1 - \text{Cos}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 20 leaves):

$$-\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]$$

Problem 298: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{-1 + e^{2x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[e^x]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 - e^x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 + e^x]$$

Problem 314: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cot[2x]^3 \csc[2x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 21 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{6} \csc[2x]^3 - \frac{1}{10} \csc[2x]^5$$

Result (type 3, 53 leaves):

$$\frac{11 \cot[x]}{480} + \frac{11}{960} \cot[x] \csc[x]^2 - \frac{1}{320} \cot[x] \csc[x]^4 + \frac{11 \tan[x]}{480} + \frac{11}{960} \sec[x]^2 \tan[x] - \frac{1}{320} \sec[x]^4 \tan[x]$$

Problem 328: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x \sec[x] \tan[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] + x \sec[x]$$

Result (type 3, 37 leaves):

$$\text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + x \sec[x]$$

Problem 334: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-e^x + e^{3x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 3 steps):

$$e^{-x} - \text{ArcTanh}[e^x]$$

Result (type 3, 32 leaves):

$$e^{-x} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 - e^{-x}] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 + e^{-x}]$$

Problem 337: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sin}[2x]}{\sqrt{9 - \text{Cos}[x]^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\text{Cos}[x]^2}{3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 26 leaves):

$$i \text{Log}\left[i \text{Cos}[x]^2 + \sqrt{9 - \text{Cos}[x]^4}\right]$$

Problem 351: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^x \text{Sech}[e^x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sinh}[e^x]]$$

Result (type 3, 11 leaves):

$$2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{e^x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 355: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [x]^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{3}{8} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [x]] + \frac{3}{8} \sec [x] \tan [x] + \frac{1}{4} \sec [x]^3 \tan [x]$$

Result (type 3, 58 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{16} \left(-6 \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + 6 \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \frac{1}{2} \sec [x]^4 (11 \sin [x] + 3 \sin [3x]) \right)$$

Problem 363: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-2+x^{10}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-2+x^{10}}} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{10} \operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-2+x^{10}}} \right] + \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-2+x^{10}}} \right]$$

Problem 370: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^2 (1+x^3)^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 11 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{15} (1+x^3)^5$$

Result (type 1, 36 leaves):

$$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^6}{3} + \frac{2x^9}{3} + \frac{x^{12}}{3} + \frac{x^{15}}{15}$$

Test results for the 705 problems in "Timofeev Problems.m"

Problem 3: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [2 a x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[2 a x]]}{2 a}$$

Result (type 3, 37 leaves):

$$-\frac{\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[a x] - \text{Sin}[a x]]}{2 a} + \frac{\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[a x] + \text{Sin}[a x]]}{2 a}$$

Problem 4: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{4} \text{Csc}\left[\frac{x}{3}\right] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{3}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{3}\right]\right]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(-3 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{6}\right]\right] + 3 \text{Log}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{6}\right]\right] \right)$$

Problem 5: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int -\sec\left[\frac{\pi}{4} + 2 x\right] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{\pi}{4} + 2 x\right]\right]$$

Result (type 3, 55 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{8} (\pi + 8x) \right] - \text{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{8} (\pi + 8x) \right] \right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{8} (\pi + 8x) \right] + \text{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{8} (\pi + 8x) \right] \right]$$

Problem 19: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{-1 + e^{2x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTanh} [e^x]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Log} [1 - e^x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log} [1 + e^x]$$

Problem 35: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Cot} [x]^3 \text{Csc} [x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{Csc} [x] - \frac{\text{Csc} [x]^3}{3}$$

Result (type 3, 57 leaves):

$$\frac{5}{12} \text{Cot} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \frac{1}{24} \text{Cot} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \text{Csc} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2 + \frac{5}{12} \text{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \frac{1}{24} \text{Sec} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]^2 \text{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]$$

Problem 41: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sin} [x]}{1 + \text{Sin} [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$x + \frac{\text{Cos} [x]}{1 + \text{Sin} [x]}$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$x - \frac{2 \text{Sin} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}{\text{Cos} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + \text{Sin} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}$$

Problem 51: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 22 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-a^2+x^2}}{a}\right]}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves):

$$-\frac{i \text{Log}\left[-\frac{2ia}{x} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2+x^2}}{x}\right]}{a}$$

Problem 56: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 8 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\text{ArcSin}[1-2x]$$

Result (type 3, 38 leaves):

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{x}\text{Log}[\sqrt{-1+x}+\sqrt{x}]}{\sqrt{-(-1+x)x}}$$

Problem 63: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+\text{Tan}[x]^2}{1-\text{Tan}[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}[2 \text{Cos}[x] \text{Sin}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[x] - \text{Sin}[x]] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[x] + \text{Sin}[x]]$$

Problem 64: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (a^2 - 4 \cos [x]^2)^{3/4} \sin [2x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{7} (a^2 - 4 \cos [x]^2)^{7/4}$$

Result (type 3, 127 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{7 (-2 + a^2 - 2 \cos [2x])^{1/4}} \left(6 - 4a^2 + a^4 - 4 \left(\frac{-2 + a^2 - 2 \cos [2x]}{-2 + a^2} \right)^{1/4} + 4a^2 \left(\frac{-2 + a^2 - 2 \cos [2x]}{-2 + a^2} \right)^{1/4} - a^4 \left(\frac{-2 + a^2 - 2 \cos [2x]}{-2 + a^2} \right)^{1/4} - 4(-2 + a^2) \cos [2x] + 2 \cos [4x] \right)$$

Problem 65: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin [2x]}{(a^2 - 4 \sin [x]^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{3}{8} (a^2 - 4 \sin [x]^2)^{2/3}$$

Result (type 3, 67 leaves):

$$-\frac{3 (-2 + a^2 + 2 \cos [2x])^{2/3} \left(-1 + \left(\frac{-2 + a^2 + 2 \cos [2x]}{-2 + a^2} \right)^{2/3} \right)}{8 \left(\frac{-2 + a^2 + 2 \cos [2x]}{-2 + a^2} \right)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 76: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc [x]^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{3}{8} \operatorname{ArcTanh} [\cos [x]] - \frac{3}{8} \cot [x] \csc [x] - \frac{1}{4} \cot [x] \csc [x]^3$$

Result (type 3, 71 leaves):

$$-\frac{3}{32} \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - \frac{1}{64} \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 - \frac{3}{8} \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{3}{8} \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{3}{32} \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{1}{64} \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4$$

Problem 99: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-5 + 2x^2}{6 - 5x^2 + x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 31 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 3, 69 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{2} - x] + 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{3} - x] - 3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{2} + x] - 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{Log}[\sqrt{3} + x] \right)$$

Problem 113: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + x^2 + x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1 - x + x^2] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1 + x + x^2]$$

Result (type 3, 73 leaves):

$$\frac{i \left(\sqrt{1 - i\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(-i + \sqrt{3})x\right] - \sqrt{1 + i\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(i + \sqrt{3})x\right] \right)}{\sqrt{6}}$$

Problem 193: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (b_1 + c_1 x) (a + 2bx + cx^2)^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 159 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{c_1 (a + 2bx + cx^2)^{1+n}}{2c(1+n)} - \frac{2^n (b_1c - bc_1) \left(-\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx}{\sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right)^{-1+n} (a + 2bx + cx^2)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-n, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx}{2\sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right]}{c\sqrt{b^2 - ac}(1+n)}$$

Result (type 6, 471 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx \right) (a + x(2b + cx))^n$$

$$\left(\left(3 \left(b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} \right) c_1 x^2 \left(a + \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - ac} \right) x \right)^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[2, -n, -n, 3, -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right] \right) / \right.$$

$$\left(\left(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} \right) \left(b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx \right) \left(a + x(2b + cx) \right) \left(-3a \text{AppellF1}\left[2, -n, -n, 3, -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right] + \right.$$

$$\left. n x \left(\left(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} \right) \text{AppellF1}\left[3, 1-n, -n, 4, -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right] - \left(b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} \right) \text{AppellF1}\left[3, -n, 1-n, 4, \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right] \right) \right) \left. + \frac{2^{1+n} b_1 \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx}{\sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-n, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} - cx}{2\sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right]}{c(1+n)} \right)$$

Problem 198: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (b_1 + c_1x) (a + 2bx + cx^2)^{-n} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 169 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{c_1 (a + 2bx + cx^2)^{1-n}}{2c(1-n)} - \frac{2^{-n} (b_1c - bc_1) \left(-\frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx}{\sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right)^{-1+n} (a + 2bx + cx^2)^{1-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1-n, n, 2-n, \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx}{2\sqrt{b^2 - ac}}\right]}{c\sqrt{b^2 - ac}(1-n)}$$

Result (type 6, 374 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} (a + x (2b + cx))^{-n} \left(- \left(\left(3acx^2 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, n, n, 3, -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right] \right) / \left(-3a \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, n, n, 3, -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right] \right) + \right. \\ \left. n x \left(\left((b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[3, n, 1 + n, 4, -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right] + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - ac}) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[3, 1 + n, n, 4, -\frac{cx}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}}, \frac{cx}{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right] \right) \right) \right) - \\ \left. \frac{2^{1-n} b^1 (b - \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx) \left(\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} + cx}{\sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right)^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1 - n, n, 2 - n, \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - ac} - cx}{2\sqrt{b^2 - ac}} \right]}{c(-1 + n)} \right)$$

Problem 217: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-1+x)^{2/3} x^5} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 104 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{(-1+x)^{1/3}}{4x^4} + \frac{11(-1+x)^{1/3}}{36x^3} + \frac{11(-1+x)^{1/3}}{27x^2} + \frac{55(-1+x)^{1/3}}{81x} - \frac{110 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1-2(-1+x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right]}{81\sqrt{3}} + \frac{55}{81} \operatorname{Log} [1 + (-1+x)^{1/3}] - \frac{55 \operatorname{Log} [x]}{243}$$

Result (type 5, 63 leaves):

$$\frac{-81 - 18x - 33x^2 - 88x^3 + 220x^4 - 220 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x} \right)^{2/3} x^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{x} \right]}{324 (-1+x)^{2/3} x^4}$$

Problem 221: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} (1-x^2)^{1/4}}{\sqrt{1-x} (\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{1+x})} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 304 leaves, 33 steps):

$$\frac{5}{16} (1-x)^{3/4} (1+x)^{1/4} - \frac{1}{16} (1-x)^{1/4} (1+x)^{3/4} + \frac{1}{24} (1-x)^{5/4} (1+x)^{3/4} + \frac{7(1-x^2)^{5/4}}{24\sqrt{1-x}} + \frac{x(1-x^2)^{5/4}}{6\sqrt{1-x}} + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{1+x} (1-x^2)^{5/4} -$$

$$\frac{3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}(1-x)^{1/4}}{(1+x)^{1/4}}\right]}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}(1-x)^{1/4}}{(1+x)^{1/4}}\right]}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1+x}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(1-x)^{1/4}}{(1+x)^{1/4}}\right]}{8\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(1-x)^{1/4}}{(1+x)^{1/4}}\right]}{8\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 5, 165 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{48} \sqrt{1+x} (1-x^2)^{1/4} \left(-7 + 2x + 8x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} (29 + 22x + 8x^2)}{1+x} \right) +$$

$$\frac{(-2(-1+x) - (-1+x)^2)^{1/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{1-x}{2}\right]}{8 \times 2^{1/4} (1+x)^{1/4}} + \frac{5(-2(-1+x) - (-1+x)^2)^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{1-x}{2}\right]}{24 \times 2^{3/4} (1+x)^{3/4}}$$

Problem 222: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x} x (1+x)^{2/3}}{-(1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/3} + (1-x)^{2/3} \sqrt{1+x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 292 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{1}{12} (1-3x) (1-x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1-x} x \sqrt{1+x} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x) (3+x) +$$

$$\frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{1/3} (1+x)^{2/3} (1+3x) + \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{5/6} (2+3x) - \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/6} (10+3x) +$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1+x)^{1/6}}{(1-x)^{1/6}}\right] - \frac{4 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/3} - 2(1+x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{5}{6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/3} - (1+x)^{1/3}}{(1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{1/6}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{1/6}}{(1-x)^{1/3} + (1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 5, 391 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \left(-2 (-1+x) - (-1+x)^2 \right)^{1/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1-x}{2} \right]}{3 (1+x)^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{1}{12} (1+x)^{1/3} \left((1-3x) (1-x)^{2/3} - \frac{3 (1-x)^{1/3} x (2+x)}{(1-x^2)^{1/3}} - 3 (1-x)^{1/3} x (1-x^2)^{1/6} - (1+3x) (1-x^2)^{1/3} - \frac{(2+3x) \sqrt{1-x^2}}{(1-x)^{1/3}} + \frac{(10+3x) (1-x^2)^{5/6}}{1+x} \right) - \\
& 4 \times 2^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1+x}{2} \right] - \frac{7 \left(-2 (-1+x) - (-1+x)^2 \right)^{5/6} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{1-x}{2} \right]}{30 \times 2^{5/6} (1+x)^{5/6}} + \\
& \frac{(1+x)^{1/3} \sqrt{2(1+x) - (1+x)^2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{1+x}{2} \right]}{6 \times 2^{5/6} \sqrt{1-x}} + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3} \sqrt{-1+x} (1+x)^{5/6} \text{Log} [\sqrt{-1+x} + \sqrt{1+x}]}{2 \left(2(1+x) - (1+x)^2 \right)^{5/6}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 226: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x) \right)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, ? steps):

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x) \right)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log} [1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log} \left[1 - \frac{-1+x}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x) \right)^{1/3}} \right]$$

Result (type 5, 49 leaves):

$$\frac{3 (-1+x) (1+x)^{1/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1-x}{2} \right]}{2^{1/3} \left((-1+x)^2 (1+x) \right)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 228: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x) \right)^{1/3}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 150 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}{x} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2(-1+x)}{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(-1+x)}{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}[x]}{6} - \frac{2}{3} \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-1+x}{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{-1+x}{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 145 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((-1+x)^2(1+x) \right)^{1/3} \left(-\frac{2}{x} - \left(4 \times \text{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{x}, -\frac{1}{x}\right] \right) \right) /$$

$$\left((-1+x)(1+x) \left(6 \times \text{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{x}, -\frac{1}{x}\right] - 2 \text{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, 3, \frac{1}{x}, -\frac{1}{x}\right] + \text{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 3, \frac{1}{x}, -\frac{1}{x}\right] \right) \right) -$$

$$\frac{3 \times 2^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1+x}{2}\right]}{(1-x)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 232: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 75 leaves, ? steps):

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(-3+x)}{(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-3+x}{(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 49 leaves):

$$\frac{3(-3+x)(1+x)^{1/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{3-x}{4}\right]}{2^{2/3} \left((-3+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 245: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(4+x+x^2)\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 63 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2}}{\sqrt{11}}\right]}{\sqrt{11}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{11}{15}(1+2x)}}{\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{165}}$$

Result (type 3, 426 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-4\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{15}x - \sqrt{15}x^2 - 4\sqrt{11}\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2}}{16+15x+15x^2}\right]}{2\sqrt{165}} + \frac{(-\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{4\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{15}x + \sqrt{15}x^2 - 4\sqrt{11}\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2}}{16+15x+15x^2}\right]}{2\sqrt{165}} + \\ & \frac{\mathbf{i}(-\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15}) \text{Log}\left[\left(-\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15} - 2\mathbf{i}x\right)^2 \left(\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15} + 2\mathbf{i}x\right)^2\right]}{4\sqrt{165}} + \frac{\mathbf{i}(\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15}) \text{Log}\left[\left(-\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15} - 2\mathbf{i}x\right)^2 \left(\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15} + 2\mathbf{i}x\right)^2\right]}{4\sqrt{165}} - \\ & \frac{\mathbf{i}(\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15}) \text{Log}\left[\left(4+x+x^2\right)\left(43+52x+52x^2 - \sqrt{165}\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2} - 2\sqrt{165}x\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2}\right)\right]}{4\sqrt{165}} - \\ & \frac{\mathbf{i}(-\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{15}) \text{Log}\left[\left(4+x+x^2\right)\left(43+52x+52x^2 + \sqrt{165}\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2} + 2\sqrt{165}x\sqrt{5+4x+4x^2}\right)\right]}{4\sqrt{165}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 246: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{3+x}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 56 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-2\sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x+x^2}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x+x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 352 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{\mathbf{i}}{4}\right) (-1)^{3/4} \left((4+2\mathbf{i}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(-7+12\mathbf{i}) + (12+25\mathbf{i})x^3 + 40(-1)^{1/4}\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + x^2 \left((5+28\mathbf{i}) + 20(-1)^{3/4}\sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right)}{\left((-4+37\mathbf{i}) - (10-30\mathbf{i})\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right)}\right] \right) / \left((1-36\mathbf{i}) + (32-11\mathbf{i})x + (5+16\mathbf{i})x^2 + (4+25\mathbf{i})x^3 \right) + \\ & (4-2\mathbf{i}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(-7-12\mathbf{i}) + (12-25\mathbf{i})x^3 + 20(-1)^{1/4}\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + x^2 \left((5-28\mathbf{i}) - 40(-1)^{3/4}\sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right)}{\left((-4-37\mathbf{i}) + (30+10\mathbf{i})\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right)}\right] / \left((-49+36\mathbf{i}) - (48-61\mathbf{i})x - (45-64\mathbf{i})x^2 + (4+25\mathbf{i})x^3 \right) + \\ & 2 \text{Log}\left[1+x^2\right] - (1+2\mathbf{i}) \text{Log}\left[(5+4\mathbf{i}) + (8+4\mathbf{i})x + (5+4\mathbf{i})x^2 + 8(-1)^{1/4}\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + 4(-1)^{1/4}x\sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right] - \\ & (1-2\mathbf{i}) \text{Log}\left[(5+4\mathbf{i}) + (8+4\mathbf{i})x + (5+4\mathbf{i})x^2 + 4(-1)^{1/4}\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + 8(-1)^{1/4}x\sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Problem 247: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 + 2x}{\sqrt{-1 + 6x + x^2} (4 + 4x + 3x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 70 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{5 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{7}{2}}(2-x)}{2\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2}}\right]}{6\sqrt{14}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{7}(1+x)}{\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2}}\right]}{3\sqrt{7}}$$

Result (type 3, 991 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{8\sqrt{14}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{7+4i\sqrt{2}}} 2(-i+4\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(7840 - 5816i\sqrt{2} + 18(112+37i\sqrt{2})x^4 + 3564i\sqrt{7(7+4i\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad i x^2 \left(56224i + 29126\sqrt{2} - 99\sqrt{7(7+4i\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) - 72ix \left(-546i + 265\sqrt{2} - 11\sqrt{7(7+4i\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 3x^3 \left(1456 + 7564i\sqrt{2} - 693i\sqrt{7(7+4i\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) \right] \right) / \left(9836i - 5600\sqrt{2} + 36(-1083i + 560\sqrt{2})x + \right. \\
& \quad \left. (-41651i + 78176\sqrt{2})x^2 + (-91506i + 61824\sqrt{2})x^3 + 9(-1487i + 896\sqrt{2})x^4 \right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{-7+4i\sqrt{2}}} \\
& 2(i+4\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\left(4(6344i - 700\sqrt{2} + 18(477i + 140\sqrt{2})x + (9847i + 9772\sqrt{2})x^2 + 12(947i + 644\sqrt{2})x^3 + 9(421i + 112\sqrt{2})x^4 \right) \right] / \\
& \quad \left(-9(112i + 37\sqrt{2})x^4 + 36x \left(546i + 265\sqrt{2} + 44\sqrt{-98+56i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 3x^3 \left(-728i - 3782\sqrt{2} + 99\sqrt{-98+56i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) + 4 \left(-980i + 727\sqrt{2} + 297\sqrt{-98+56i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. x^2 \left(28112i - 14563\sqrt{2} + 1287\sqrt{-98+56i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) \right) \right] + \\
& \quad \frac{(1+4i\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[9(4+4x+3x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{7+4i\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{(i+4\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[9(4+4x+3x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{-7+4i\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{-7+4i\sqrt{2}}} \\
& (i+4\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[(4+4x+3x^2) \\
& \quad \left(-101i - 14\sqrt{2} + 2(-2i+7\sqrt{2})x^2 + 9i\sqrt{7(-7+4i\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} + x \left(186i + 84\sqrt{2} - 7i\sqrt{7(-7+4i\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) \right)] - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+4i\sqrt{2}}} i(-i+4\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[(4+4x+3x^2) \left((-53i+14\sqrt{2})x^2 + 2x \left(-54i+42\sqrt{2} - i\sqrt{98+56i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 2i \left(26-7i\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{98+56i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{-1+6x+x^2} \right) \right) \right)] \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 248: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{B + Ax}{(17 - 18x + 5x^2)\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 80 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{(2A + B) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{35}(2-x)}{\sqrt{13-22x+10x^2}}\right] + (A + B) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{35}(1-x)}{2\sqrt{13-22x+10x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{35} - 2\sqrt{35}}$$

Result (type 3, 1149 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8\sqrt{35}} \left(\left((8 - 2i)A + (4 - 2i)B \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(4A^2 \left((-2494 - 6746i) + (3811 + 15444i)x - (1900 + 11640i)x^2 + (300 + 2800i)x^3 \right) + (2 + 4i)B^2 \left((-1843 + 92i) + (3955 + 186i)x - (2827 + 336i)x^2 + (645 + 110i)x^3 \right) + (4 + 8i)AB \left((-3439 - 76i) + (7427 + 942i)x - (5354 + 1092i)x^2 + (1240 + 320i)x^3 \right) \right) \right] \right. \\ \left. \left((1 + 2i)B^2 \left((-608 - 1208i) + (395 + 610i)x^3 + (66 - 77i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. x \left((1540 + 3036i) - (104 - 103i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) + (4 - 3i)x^2 \left((80 - 549i) + 10\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. A^2 \left((10987 - 3210i) - (4800 - 2800i)x^3 + (748 + 187i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 10x^2 \left((1969 - 892i) + (34 + 17i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) - x \left((25633 - 9460i) + (1054 + 357i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \right) + \\ \left. AB \left((9519 - 6362i) - (4225 - 4200i)x^3 + (792 + 198i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (10 + 5i)x^2 \left((828 - 1871i) + 36\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) - x \left((22801 - 16808i) + (1116 + 378i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \right) \right] + \\ \left((-2 + 8i)A - (2 - 4i)B \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(A^2 \left((3594 - 15991i) - (8096 - 43289i)x + (5990 - 39425i)x^2 - (1400 - 12175i)x^3 \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (2 + i)B^2 \left((-367 - 3288i) + (1085 + 8506i)x - (1073 + 7336i)x^2 + (355 + 2110i)x^3 \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (4 + 2i)AB \left((-1147 - 4952i) + (3185 + 12882i)x - (2993 + 11256i)x^2 + (955 + 3310i)x^3 \right) \right) \right] \right. \\ \left. \left(2 \left((2 + i)B^2 \left((-1208 - 608i) + (610 + 395i)x^3 + (77 - 66i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. x \left((3036 + 1540i) - (103 - 104i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) + (3 - 4i)x^2 \left((-80 - 549i) + 10\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. AB \left((-9519 - 6362i) + (4225 + 4200i)x^3 + (792 - 198i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. x \left((22801 + 16808i) - (1116 - 378i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) + (10 - 5i)x^2 \left((-828 - 1871i) + 36\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \right) + \\ \left. A^2 \left((4800 + 2800i)x^3 + x \left((25633 + 9460i) - (1054 - 357i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 10ix^2 \left((892 - 1969i) + (17 + 34i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) + (1 - 4i) \left((109 - 2774i) + (88 + 165i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \right) \right] - \\ 2A \operatorname{Log}\left[i(17 - 18x + 5x^2) \right] - 2B \operatorname{Log}\left[i(17 - 18x + 5x^2) \right] + (1 - 4i) \\ A \\ \operatorname{Log}\left[\right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (1 + 2i) \left((-127 - 1566i) + (118 + 2844i)x - (25 + 1350i)x^2 + 68i\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} - 70i\sqrt{35}x\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) + \\
& (1 - 2i) \text{B Log} \left[(1 + 2i) \left((-127 - 1566i) + (118 + 2844i)x - (25 + 1350i)x^2 + 68i\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} - 70i\sqrt{35}x\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right] + \\
& (1 + 4i) \\
& \text{A} \\
& \text{Log} \left[\right. \\
& (2 + i) \left((1566 + 127i) - (2844 + 118i)x + (1350 + 25i)x^2 - 68\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + 70\sqrt{35}x\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \left. \right] + \\
& (1 + 2i) \text{B Log} \left[(2 + i) \left((1566 + 127i) - (2844 + 118i)x + (1350 + 25i)x^2 - 68\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + 70\sqrt{35}x\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right] \left. \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 249: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-2 + x}{(17 - 18x + 5x^2)\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 38 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{35}(1-x)}{2\sqrt{13-22x+10x^2}} \right]}{2\sqrt{35}}$$

Result (type 3, 410 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{8\sqrt{35}} \left(-2i \text{ArcTan} \left[(4((-2 + 2i) + 5x)(13 - 22x + 10x^2)) \right] / \left((-819 - 182i) + 350x^3 + (44 + 11i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. x \left((1841 + 308i) - (62 + 21i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) + 10x^2 \left((-140 - 14i) + (2 + i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \right] - \\
& 2i \text{ArcTan} \left[((7 + 14i)((-169 - 116i) + (419 + 218i)x - (335 + 140i)x^2 + (85 + 30i)x^3)) \right] / \\
& \left((-1638 + 364i) + 700x^3 - (88 - 22i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + 20ix^2 \left((14 + 140i) + (1 + 2i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. (4 - 2i)x \left((798 + 245i) + (29 + 4i)\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right) \left. \right] + 2 \text{Log} [i(17 - 18x + 5x^2)] - \\
& \text{Log} \left[(1 + 2i) \left((1566 - 127i) - (2844 - 118i)x + (1350 - 25i)x^2 - 68\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + 70\sqrt{35}x\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right] - \\
& \text{Log} \left[(2 + i) \left((1566 + 127i) - (2844 + 118i)x + (1350 + 25i)x^2 - 68\sqrt{35}\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} + 70\sqrt{35}x\sqrt{13 - 22x + 10x^2} \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 260: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^2 (2 - \sqrt{1+x^2})}{\sqrt{1+x^2} (1-x^3 + (1+x^2)^{3/2})} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 136 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\frac{8x}{9} - \frac{x^2}{6} + \frac{8\sqrt{1+x^2}}{9} - \frac{1}{6}x\sqrt{1+x^2} - \frac{41 \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x]}{54} + \frac{4}{27}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+3x}{2\sqrt{2}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{4}{27}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right] + \frac{7}{27} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1-x}{2\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right] - \frac{7}{54} \operatorname{Log}[3+2x+3x^2]$$

Result (type 3, 947 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{108} \left(96x - 18x^2 - 6(-16+3x)\sqrt{1+x^2} - 82 \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x] + 16\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+3x}{2\sqrt{2}}\right] - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2i\sqrt{2}}} 2i(-i+11\sqrt{2}) \right.$$

$$\left. \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(2(169(7-4i\sqrt{2}) - 1716i(-i+2\sqrt{2}))x + (-4622 - 5032i\sqrt{2})x^2 - 1716i(-i+2\sqrt{2})x^3 + (-1449 - 4356i\sqrt{2})x^4 \right) \right] \right.$$

$$\left. \left(-559(-8i+7\sqrt{2}) + 9(-88i+383\sqrt{2})x^4 + 12x \left(230(4i+\sqrt{2}) + 729\sqrt{1+2i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) + \right.$$

$$\left. 12x^3 \left(230(4i+\sqrt{2}) + 729\sqrt{1+2i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) + x^2 \left(3680i - 862\sqrt{2} + 5832\sqrt{1+2i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) \right) \right] + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+2i\sqrt{2}}} 2(i+11\sqrt{2})$$

$$\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(559(8-7i\sqrt{2}) + 9i(88i+383\sqrt{2})x^4 + 6561i\sqrt{-2+4i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} + 3x^3 \left(920(4+i\sqrt{2}) - 729i\sqrt{-2+4i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) + \right.$$

$$\left. 3x \left(920(4+i\sqrt{2}) + 729i\sqrt{-2+4i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) + x^2 \left(3680 - 862i\sqrt{2} + 5103i\sqrt{-2+4i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) \right) \right] /$$

$$\left(17317i + 1352\sqrt{2} + 3432(i+2\sqrt{2})x + 2(19931i+5032\sqrt{2})x^2 + 3432(i+2\sqrt{2})x^3 + 9(2509i+968\sqrt{2})x^4 \right) -$$

$$14 \operatorname{Log}[3+2x+3x^2] - \frac{(-i+11\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[9(3+2x+3x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{1+2i\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{i(i+11\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[9(3+2x+3x^2)^2]}{\sqrt{-1+2i\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+2i\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\left(1-11i\sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[(3+2x+3x^2) \left(-7i+4\sqrt{2} + (-7i+4\sqrt{2})x^2 - 2ix \left(-3+4\sqrt{-1+2i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) \right) \right] + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2i\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\left(-i+11\sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[(3+2x+3x^2) \left(-11i+4\sqrt{2} + (-11i+4\sqrt{2})x^2 - 6i\sqrt{2+4i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} + 2ix \left(3+\sqrt{2+4i\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x^2} \right) \right) \right] \right)$$

Problem 264: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-1+x^2)\sqrt{2x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{2x+x^2}] - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2x+x^2}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 3, 113 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{6\sqrt{x(2+x)}} \sqrt{x}\sqrt{2+x} \left(-6 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{x}{2+x}}\right] + \sqrt{3} \left(\operatorname{Log}[1-\sqrt{x}] - \operatorname{Log}[1+\sqrt{x}] + \operatorname{Log}[2-\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2+x}] - \operatorname{Log}[2+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2+x}] \right) \right)$$

Problem 294: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(-1+3x)^{4/3}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 71 leaves, 6 steps):

$$12(-1+3x)^{1/3} - \frac{(-1+3x)^{4/3}}{x} + 4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2(-1+3x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{Log}[x] - 6 \operatorname{Log}\left[1+(-1+3x)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 59 leaves):

$$\frac{-1-6x+27x^2+2 \times 3^{1/3} \left(3-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{2/3} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3x}\right]}{x(-1+3x)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 296: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-2x^{1/3})^{3/4}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 48 leaves, 6 steps):

$$4(1-2x^{1/3})^{3/4} + 6 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[(1-2x^{1/3})^{1/4}\right] - 6 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[(1-2x^{1/3})^{1/4}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 62 leaves):

$$\frac{4 - 8x^{1/3} - 6 \times 2^{3/4} \left(2 - \frac{1}{x^{1/3}}\right)^{1/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2x^{1/3}}\right]}{(1 - 2x^{1/3})^{1/4}}$$

Problem 298: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{5/4}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 193 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{5/4}}{x} - \frac{5(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{1/4}}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{5 \text{ArcTan}\left[1 - \sqrt{2}(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{1/4}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{5 \text{ArcTan}\left[1 + \sqrt{2}(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{1/4}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} \\ & - \frac{5 \text{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{2}(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{1/4} + \sqrt{-1 + 2\sqrt{x}}\right]}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{5 \text{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{2}(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{1/4} + \sqrt{-1 + 2\sqrt{x}}\right]}{4\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 5, 72 leaves):

$$\frac{-6 + 39\sqrt{x} - 54x - 5 \times 2^{1/4} \left(2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{3/4} x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right]}{6(-1 + 2\sqrt{x})^{3/4} x}$$

Problem 301: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(-27 + 2x^7)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 59 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3-2(-27+2x^7)^{1/3}}{3\sqrt{3}}\right]}{21\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{18} + \frac{1}{42} \text{Log}\left[3 + (-27 + 2x^7)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 43 leaves):

$$-\frac{3\left(2 - \frac{27}{x^7}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{27}{2x^7}\right]}{14(-54 + 4x^7)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 302: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1+x^7)^{2/3}}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 70 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{(1+x^7)^{2/3}}{7x^7} + \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2(1+x^7)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{7\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{3} + \frac{1}{7} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - (1+x^7)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 54 leaves):

$$-\frac{(1+x^7)^{2/3}}{7x^7} - \frac{2\left(1+\frac{1}{x^7}\right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{1}{x^7}\right]}{7(1+x^7)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 303: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(3+4x^4)^{1/4}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 68 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{(3+4x^4)^{1/4}}{x} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{(3+4x^4)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{(3+4x^4)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 5, 46 leaves):

$$-\frac{(3+4x^4)^{1/4}}{x} + \frac{4x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{4x^4}{3}\right]}{3 \times 3^{3/4}}$$

Problem 304: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int x^2 (3+4x^4)^{5/4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 93 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{15}{32} x^3 (3+4x^4)^{1/4} + \frac{1}{8} x^3 (3+4x^4)^{5/4} - \frac{45 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{(3+4x^4)^{1/4}}\right]}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{45 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{(3+4x^4)^{1/4}}\right]}{128\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 5, 51 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{32} x^3 \left((3 + 4 x^4)^{1/4} (27 + 16 x^4) + 5 \times 3^{1/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{4 x^4}{3} \right] \right)$$

Problem 305: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int x^6 (3 + 4 x^4)^{1/4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 93 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{3}{128} x^3 (3 + 4 x^4)^{1/4} + \frac{1}{8} x^7 (3 + 4 x^4)^{1/4} + \frac{27 \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{(3+4 x^4)^{1/4}} \right]}{512 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{27 \text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{(3+4 x^4)^{1/4}} \right]}{512 \sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 5, 51 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{128} x^3 \left((3 + 4 x^4)^{1/4} (3 + 16 x^4) - 3 \times 3^{1/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{4 x^4}{3} \right] \right)$$

Problem 306: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int (x (1 - x^2))^{1/3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 93 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} x (x (1 - x^2))^{1/3} + \frac{\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{2 x - (x (1 - x^2))^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} (x (1 - x^2))^{1/3}} \right]}{2 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{12} - \frac{1}{4} \text{Log} \left[x + (x (1 - x^2))^{1/3} \right]$$

Result (type 5, 56 leaves):

$$\frac{x (x - x^3)^{1/3} \left(-2 + 2 x^2 - (1 - x^2)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^2 \right] \right)}{4 (-1 + x^2)}$$

Problem 311: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-1 + x^2}{x \sqrt{1 + 3 x^2 + x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 21 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1 + x^2}{\sqrt{1 + 3 x^2 + x^4}} \right]$$

Result (type 3, 59 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\text{Log}[x^2] + \text{Log}\left[3 + 2x^2 + 2\sqrt{1 + 3x^2 + x^4}\right] + \text{Log}\left[2 + 3x^2 + 2\sqrt{1 + 3x^2 + x^4}\right] \right)$$

Problem 319: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3x + 3x^2 + x^3)(3 + 3x + 3x^2 + x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 90 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2 \cdot 3^{1/3} (1+x)}{2 + (1+x)^3}\right]}{3^{5/6}} - \frac{\text{Log}[1 - (1+x)^3]}{6 \times 3^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[3^{1/3} (1+x) - (2 + (1+x)^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 3^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 34 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(3x + 3x^2 + x^3)(3 + 3x + 3x^2 + x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 320: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1 - x^2}{(1 + x^2)\sqrt{1 + x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 4, 40 leaves):

$$(-1)^{1/4} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[i \text{ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4}x\right], -1\right] - 2 \text{EllipticPi}\left[-i, i \text{ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4}x\right], -1\right] \right)$$

Problem 321: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1 + x^2}{(1 - x^2)\sqrt{1 + x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 4, 36 leaves):

$$(-1)^{1/4} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{i ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4} x\right], -1\right] - 2 \text{EllipticPi}\left[\text{i}, \text{ArcSin}\left[(-1)^{3/4} x\right], -1\right] \right)$$

Problem 324: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^2+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3} x}{\sqrt{1+x^2+x^4}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 8, 29 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^2+x^4}} dx$$

Problem 325: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^2+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2+x^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 94 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2+x^4}} - (-1)^{2/3} \sqrt{1+(-1)^{1/3} x^2} \sqrt{1-(-1)^{2/3} x^2} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{i ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{5/6} x\right], (-1)^{2/3}\right] + 2 \text{EllipticPi}\left[(-1)^{1/3}, -\text{i ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{5/6} x\right], (-1)^{2/3}\right] \right)$$

Problem 327: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal

antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1-x^2}{(1+2ax+x^2)\sqrt{1+2ax+2bx^2+2ax^3+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 74 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{a+2(1+a^2-b)x+ax^2}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-b}\sqrt{1+2ax+2bx^2+2ax^3+x^4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-b}}$$

Result (type 4, 17955 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(2a(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2])\right)^2 \\ & \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\left(\left(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1]\right)\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2] - \right.\right.\right.\right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left.\left.\left.\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right)\right] / \left(\left(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2]\right)\right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left.\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right)\right], \\ & - \left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 3]\right)\right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right) / \\ & \quad \left(\left(-\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 3]\right)\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, \right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left.2] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right)\left(-a + \sqrt{-1+a^2} - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1]\right) - \\ & \text{EllipticPi}\left[\left(\left(a - \sqrt{-1+a^2} + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2]\right)\left(-\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] + \right.\right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left.\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right) / \left(\left(a - \sqrt{-1+a^2} + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1]\right)\right) \\ & \quad \left(-\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2] + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)], \\ & \text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\left(\left(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1]\right)\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2] - \right.\right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left.\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right) / \left(\left(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2]\right)\right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left.\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right)\right], \\ & - \left(\left(\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 3]\right)\right.\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right) / \\ & \quad \left(\left(-\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 3]\right)\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2] - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 4]\right)\right)\right) \\ & \quad \left(-\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2]\right) \\ & \sqrt{\left(\left(-\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2]\right)\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 3]\right)\right) / \left(\left(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2]\right)\right. \\ & \quad \left.\left(-\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1] + \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 3]\right)\right) \\ & \sqrt{\left(\left(x - \text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 1]\right)\left(\text{Root}[1+2a\#1+2b\#1^2+2a\#1^3+\#1^4, 2] - \right.\right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Root}\left[1 + 2 a \#1 + 2 b \#1^2 + 2 a \#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, 4\right]$$

Problem 338: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc [x]^7 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 36 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{5}{16} \text{ArcTanh}[\cos [x]] - \frac{5}{16} \cot [x] \csc [x] - \frac{5}{24} \cot [x] \csc [x]^3 - \frac{1}{6} \cot [x] \csc [x]^5$$

Result (type 3, 95 leaves):

$$-\frac{5}{64} \csc \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - \frac{1}{64} \csc \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 - \frac{1}{384} \csc \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 - \frac{5}{16} \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{5}{16} \log \left[\sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{5}{64} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{1}{64} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + \frac{1}{384} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6$$

Problem 355: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cot [x]^3 \csc [x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\csc [x] - \frac{\csc [x]^3}{3}$$

Result (type 3, 57 leaves):

$$\frac{5}{12} \cot \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \frac{1}{24} \cot \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \csc \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{5}{12} \tan \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \frac{1}{24} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]$$

Problem 357: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cot [x]^2 \csc [x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{8} \text{ArcTanh}[\cos [x]] + \frac{1}{8} \cot [x] \csc [x] - \frac{1}{4} \cot [x] \csc [x]^3$$

Result (type 3, 71 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{32} \csc \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - \frac{1}{64} \csc \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + \frac{1}{8} \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{1}{8} \log \left[\sin \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{1}{32} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{1}{64} \sec \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4$$

Problem 361: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cot [x]^4 \operatorname{Csc}[x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 38 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{16} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos [x]] - \frac{1}{16} \cot [x] \operatorname{Csc}[x] + \frac{1}{8} \cot [x] \operatorname{Csc}[x]^3 - \frac{1}{6} \cot [x]^3 \operatorname{Csc}[x]^3$$

Result (type 3, 95 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{64} \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{1}{64} \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 - \frac{1}{384} \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 - \frac{1}{16} \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{1}{16} \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{1}{64} \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - \frac{1}{64} \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + \frac{1}{384} \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6$$

Problem 367: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cos [4 x] \operatorname{Sec}[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [x]] - \frac{8 \sin [x]^3}{3}$$

Result (type 3, 45 leaves):

$$-\operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - 2 \sin [x] + \frac{2}{3} \sin [3 x]$$

Problem 369: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cos [4 x] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{35}{8} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [x]] - \frac{29}{8} \operatorname{Sec}[x] \tan [x] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Sec}[x]^3 \tan [x]$$

Result (type 3, 58 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{16} \left(-70 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 70 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Sec}[x]^4 (21 \sin [x] + 29 \sin [3 x]) \right)$$

Problem 383: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cos [x]^2 \operatorname{Sec} [3 x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 9 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} [2 \sin [x]]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log} [1 - 2 \sin [x]] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log} [1 + 2 \sin [x]]$$

Problem 384: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec} [2 x] \sin [x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh} [\sqrt{2} \cos [x]]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 174 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4 \sqrt{2}} \left(2 i \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - (-1 + \sqrt{2}) \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}{(1 + \sqrt{2}) \cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]} \right] - 2 i \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - (1 + \sqrt{2}) \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}{(-1 + \sqrt{2}) \cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]} \right] + \right. \\ \left. 4 \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\sqrt{2} + \tan \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] - \operatorname{Log} [2 - \sqrt{2} \cos [x] - \sqrt{2} \sin [x]] + \operatorname{Log} [2 + \sqrt{2} \cos [x] - \sqrt{2} \sin [x]] \right)$$

Problem 388: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Csc} [4 x] \sin [x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcTanh} [\sin [x]] + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh} [\sqrt{2} \sin [x]]}{2 \sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 218 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}} \left(-2i \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - (-1 + \sqrt{2}) \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{(1 + \sqrt{2}) \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \right] - 2i \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - (1 + \sqrt{2}) \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{(-1 + \sqrt{2}) \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right] - \right. \\ \left. 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right] + 2 \operatorname{Log} \left[\sqrt{2} + 2 \sin[x] \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[2 - \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x] \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[2 + \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x] \right] \right)$$

Problem 389: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc[4x] \sin[x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{2} \sin[x]]}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 218 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{16\sqrt{2}} \left(-2i \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - (-1 + \sqrt{2}) \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{(1 + \sqrt{2}) \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \right] - 2i \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - (1 + \sqrt{2}) \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{(-1 + \sqrt{2}) \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \right] + 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right] - \right. \\ \left. 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right] + 2 \operatorname{Log} \left[\sqrt{2} + 2 \sin[x] \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[2 - \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x] \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[2 + \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x] \right] \right)$$

Problem 398: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan[5x]^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 57 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{10} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 - 2 \tan[5x]^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right] + \frac{3}{20} \operatorname{Log} [1 + \tan[5x]^{2/3}] - \frac{1}{20} \operatorname{Log} [1 + \tan[5x]^2]$$

Result (type 3, 121 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{20} \left(-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} [\sqrt{3} - 2 \tan[5x]^{1/3}] - 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} [\sqrt{3} + 2 \tan[5x]^{1/3}] + \right. \\ \left. 2 \operatorname{Log} [1 + \tan[5x]^{2/3}] - \operatorname{Log} [1 - \sqrt{3} \tan[5x]^{1/3} + \tan[5x]^{2/3}] - \operatorname{Log} [1 + \sqrt{3} \tan[5x]^{1/3} + \tan[5x]^{2/3}] \right)$$

Problem 399: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{(4 + 3 \tan[2x])^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 87 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{9 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-3 \tan[2x]}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{4+3 \tan[2x]}}\right]}{250 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{13 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3+\tan[2x]}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{4+3 \tan[2x]}}\right]}{250 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{3}{25 \sqrt{4+3 \tan[2x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 83 leaves):

$$\frac{(24 - 7i) \sqrt{4 - 3i} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{4+3 \tan[2x]}}{\sqrt{4-3i}}\right] + (24 + 7i) \sqrt{4 + 3i} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{4+3 \tan[2x]}}{\sqrt{4+3i}}\right] - \frac{150}{\sqrt{4+3 \tan[2x]}}}{1250}$$

Problem 411: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x]^3 (\cos[2x] - 3 \tan[x])}{(\sin[x]^2 - \sin[2x]) \sin[2x]^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 68 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{33}{32} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sec[x] \sqrt{\sin[2x]}\right] - \frac{9 \cos[x]}{16 \sqrt{\sin[2x]}} - \frac{5 \cos[x] \cot[x]}{24 \sqrt{\sin[2x]}} + \frac{\cos[x] \cot[x]^2}{20 \sqrt{\sin[2x]}}$$

Result (type 4, 150 leaves):

$$\left(\cos[x] \sqrt{\sin[2x]} \left(\frac{1}{15} \csc[x] (-147 - 50 \cot[x] + 12 \csc[x]^2) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 33 \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x]}{-2 + 2 \cos[x]}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[-\frac{2}{-1 + \sqrt{5}}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}}\right], -1\right] + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{2}(-1 + \sqrt{5}), -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}}\right], -1\right] \operatorname{Sec}[x] \sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \right) (\cos[2x] - 3 \tan[x]) \right) \right) / (16 (\cos[x] + \cos[3x] - 6 \sin[x]))$$

Problem 416: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\cos[2x] - \sqrt{\sin[2x]}}{\sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 108 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}[\cos[x] + \sin[x] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sec}[x] \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}] - \\ \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}[\cos[x] - \sin[x]] \cos[x] \sqrt{\sin[2x]}}{\sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] \cos[x] \sqrt{\sin[2x]}}{\sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}} - \frac{\sin[2x]}{\sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}$$

Result (type 5, 105 leaves):

$$\left(-4 \cos[x]^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \cos[x]^2\right] \sin[x] - \right. \\ \left. 3 \cos[x] (\sin[x]^2)^{1/4} \left(2 \sin[x] + \left(-\operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] \right) \sqrt{\sin[2x]} \right) \right) / \left(3 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} (\sin[x]^2)^{1/4} \right)$$

Problem 417: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos[x] \sin[x]^3} - 2 \sin[2x]}{-\sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} + \sqrt{\tan[x]}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 364 leaves, 66 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\frac{\cos[x] (\cos[x] + \sin[x])}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}\right] + 2^{1/4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\frac{\cos[x] (\sqrt{2} \cos[x] + \sin[x])}{2^{3/4} \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}\right] - 2^{1/4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} + \tan[x]}{2^{3/4} \sqrt{\tan[x]}}\right] - \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos[x] (\cos[x] - \sin[x])}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}\right] + 2^{1/4} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos[x] (\sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sin[x])}{2^{3/4} \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}\right] - 2^{1/4} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} - \tan[x]}{2^{3/4} \sqrt{\tan[x]}}\right] + \\ & 4 \operatorname{Csc}[x] \operatorname{Sec}[x] \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 + \cos[x]^2] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \sqrt{\cos[x] \sin[x]^3} + \\ & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[\sin[x]] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \sqrt{\cos[x] \sin[x]^3} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{\tan[x]}} - \\ & \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 + \cos[x]^2] \sqrt{\cos[x] \sin[x]^3} \sqrt{\tan[x]} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[\sin[x]] \sqrt{\cos[x] \sin[x]^3} \sqrt{\tan[x]} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 5, 2057 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\cos[x] \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left(4 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right]\right) \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \sqrt{\cos[x] \sin[x]^3}}{8 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}} + \\ & \left((1+i) \left((4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[-i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - (4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \right. \right. \\ & \quad (-1)^{1/4} \left(-\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[-(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[-(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] \right) \right) \\ & \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{2 \sin[2x] + \sin[4x]}}{3 + \cos[2x]} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos[2x] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{2 \sin[2x] + \sin[4x]}}{3 + \cos[2x]} \right) \Big/ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\sqrt{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} \sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \left(-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right) \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} \left(-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} \right. \right. \\
& (1+i) \left((4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - (4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \\
& (-1)^{1/4} \left(-\operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - \\
& \left. \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] \right) \right) \\
& \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^{3/2} \left(-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} \\
& \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i}{4} \right) \left((4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - (4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \\
& (-1)^{1/4} \left(-\operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - \\
& \left. \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] \right) \right) \\
& \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \left(-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} \\
& \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \left((4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - (4+4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \\
& (-1)^{1/4} \left(-\operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] - \\
& \left. \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right], -1\right] \right) \right) \\
& \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \left(\cos[x]^4 - 3 \cos[x]^2 \sin[x]^2 \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} \left(-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$(2 + 2i) \left((4 + 4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] - (4 + 4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] + (-1)^{1/4} \left(-\operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] - \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] \right) \right)$$

$$\operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^4 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} - \frac{1}{(\cos[x] \operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} (-1 + \tan[\frac{x}{2}])}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \left((4 + 4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] - (4 + 4i) \operatorname{EllipticPi}[i, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] + (-1)^{1/4} \left(-\operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{1/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] - \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] + \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(-1)^{3/4}, -\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}}]], -1] \right) \right) \operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^4$$

$$\sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \left(-\operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2 \sin[x] + \cos[x] \operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2 \tan[\frac{x}{2}] \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos[x] \operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2} \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} (-1 + \tan[\frac{x}{2}])}$$

$$(1 + i) \operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^4 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} \left(\frac{(1 + i) \operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{\sqrt{1 - \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} (1 - i \tan[\frac{x}{2}]) \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{1 + \tan[\frac{x}{2}]}} - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{(1 + i) \operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{\sqrt{1 - \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} (1 + i \tan[\frac{x}{2}]) \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{1 + \tan[\frac{x}{2}]}} + (-1)^{1/4} \left(-\frac{\operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{4 \sqrt{1 - \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{1 + \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} (1 - (-1)^{1/4} \tan[\frac{x}{2}])} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{4 \sqrt{1 - \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{1 + \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} (1 + (-1)^{1/4} \tan[\frac{x}{2}])} - \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{4 \sqrt{1 - \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{\tan[\frac{x}{2}]} \sqrt{1 + \tan[\frac{x}{2}]} (1 - (-1)^{3/4} \tan[\frac{x}{2}])} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \frac{\operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{4 \sqrt{1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \sqrt{1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \left(1 + (-1)^{3/4} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)} \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. + \\
& \frac{4}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}} - \frac{2 (\operatorname{Cos}[x]^2)^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}{2(1 - \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}{2})}\right] (2 - \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2) \operatorname{Tan}[x]^{3/2}}{3 \left(1 - \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}{2}\right)^{3/4} (-2 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2 \operatorname{Sin}[2x] + \operatorname{Sin}[4x]}}{\left(\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Cot}[x] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Tan}[x]\right) +} \\
& \left(\operatorname{Csc}[x]^2 \left(4 \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[2 + \operatorname{Tan}[x]^2\right]\right)\right) \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{2 \operatorname{Sin}[2x] - \operatorname{Sin}[4x]}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]} (2 + \operatorname{Tan}[x]^2)} \Big/ \left(4 \sqrt{2} (3 + \operatorname{Cos}[2x]) (1 + \operatorname{Tan}[x]^2)^2\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 424: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[5x]}{(5 \operatorname{Cos}[x]^2 + 9 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 48 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{2 \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{3}\right] - \frac{55 \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{27 (9 - 4 \operatorname{Cos}[x]^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{295 \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{243 \sqrt{9 - 4 \operatorname{Cos}[x]^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 63 leaves):

$$\frac{2550 \operatorname{Cos}[x] - 590 \operatorname{Cos}[3x] + 243 i (7 - 2 \operatorname{Cos}[2x])^{3/2} \operatorname{Log}\left[2 i \operatorname{Cos}[x] + \sqrt{7 - 2 \operatorname{Cos}[2x]}\right]}{486 (7 - 2 \operatorname{Cos}[2x])^{3/2}}$$

Problem 426: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Csc}[x]^2 (-2 \operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 (-1 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]) + \operatorname{Cos}[2x] \operatorname{Sin}[x])}{\sqrt{-5 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 111 leaves, 18 steps):

$$2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{-5 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{-5 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{5}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-5 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}}{\sqrt{5}}\right]}{\sqrt{5}} -$$

$$2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sin}[x]}{\sqrt{-5 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}}\right] + 2 \sqrt{-5 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2} + \frac{2}{5} \operatorname{Csc}[x] \sqrt{-5 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}$$

Result (type 4, 338 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{25 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-9 - \operatorname{Cos}[2x]}}$$

$$\left((16 - 32i) \sqrt{5} \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \sqrt{\frac{(1 + 2i)(-2i + \operatorname{Cos}[x])}{1 + \operatorname{Cos}[x]}} \sqrt{\frac{(1 - 2i)(2i + \operatorname{Cos}[x])}{1 + \operatorname{Cos}[x]}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{(1 + 2i) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{5}}\right], -\frac{7}{25} + \frac{24i}{25}\right] - \right.$$

$$(32 - 64i) \sqrt{5} \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \sqrt{\frac{(1 + 2i)(-2i + \operatorname{Cos}[x])}{1 + \operatorname{Cos}[x]}} \sqrt{\frac{(1 - 2i)(2i + \operatorname{Cos}[x])}{1 + \operatorname{Cos}[x]}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{3}{5} + \frac{4i}{5}, \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{(1 + 2i) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{5}}\right], -\frac{7}{25} + \frac{24i}{25}\right] -$$

$$5 \left(85 + \sqrt{10} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{10} \operatorname{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{-9 - \operatorname{Cos}[2x]}}\right] \sqrt{-9 - \operatorname{Cos}[2x]} + 2 \sqrt{10} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-9 - \operatorname{Cos}[2x]}}{\sqrt{10}}\right] \sqrt{-9 - \operatorname{Cos}[2x]} + 18 \operatorname{Csc}[x] + \right.$$

$$\left. \left. 2 \operatorname{Cos}[2x] \operatorname{Csc}[x] + 10i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-9 - \operatorname{Cos}[2x]} \operatorname{Log}\left[i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Cos}[x] + \sqrt{-9 - \operatorname{Cos}[2x]}\right] + 5 \operatorname{Csc}[x] \operatorname{Sin}[3x] \right) \right)$$

Problem 427: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[3x]}{-\sqrt{-1 + 8 \operatorname{Cos}[x]^2} + \sqrt{3 \operatorname{Cos}[x]^2 - \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 112 leaves, 27 steps):

$$\frac{5 \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{7}} \sin[x]\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{2 \sin[x]}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sin[x]}{\sqrt{-1+4 \cos[x]^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sin[x]}{\sqrt{-1+8 \cos[x]^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-1+4 \cos[x]^2} \sin[x] - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-1+8 \cos[x]^2} \sin[x]$$

Result (type 3, 131 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(-6 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sin[x]}{\sqrt{1+2 \cos[2x]}}\right] - 6 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sin[x]}{\sqrt{3+4 \cos[2x]}}\right] - 6 i \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{1+2 \cos[2x]} + 2 i \sin[x]\right] -$$

$$5 i \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{3+4 \cos[2x]} + 2 i \sqrt{2} \sin[x]\right] - 4 \sqrt{1+2 \cos[2x]} \sin[x] - 4 \sqrt{3+4 \cos[2x]} \sin[x] \right)$$

Problem 434: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int (4 - 5 \sec[x]^2)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 68 leaves, 7 steps):

$$8 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 \tan[x]}{\sqrt{-1-5 \tan[x]^2}}\right] - \frac{7}{2} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{5} \tan[x]}{\sqrt{-1-5 \tan[x]^2}}\right] - \frac{5}{2} \tan[x] \sqrt{-1-5 \tan[x]^2}$$

Result (type 3, 115 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2 (-3+2 \cos[2x])^{3/2}} (-5+4 \cos[x]^2) \sec[x] \sqrt{4-5 \sec[x]^2}$$

$$\left(7 \sqrt{5} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{5} \sin[x]}{\sqrt{-3+2 \cos[2x]}}\right] \cos[x]^2 + 16 i \cos[x]^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{-3+2 \cos[2x]} + 2 i \sin[x]\right] + 5 \sqrt{-3+2 \cos[2x]} \sin[x] \right)$$

Problem 438: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(3 + \sin[x]^2) \tan[x]^3}{(-2 + \cos[x]^2) (5 - 4 \sec[x]^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 73 leaves, 16 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{5-4\text{Sec}[x]^2}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{5-4\text{Sec}[x]^2}}{\sqrt{5}}\right]}{5\sqrt{5}} - \frac{2}{15\sqrt{5-4\text{Sec}[x]^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 234 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{60(5-4\text{Sec}[x]^2)^{3/2}} \text{Sec}[x]^2 \left(12 - 20 \text{Cos}[2x] + \left(\sqrt{2} (-3 + 5 \text{Cos}[2x]) \right)^{3/2} \left(15 \sqrt{3} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-3+5\text{Cos}[2x]}}{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^2}}\right] \text{Sin}[x]^2 - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 18 \sqrt{5} \left(\text{Log}[10 \text{Sin}[x]^2] - \text{Log}\left[5 \left(-\sqrt{-3+5\text{Cos}[2x]} + \text{Cos}[2x] \sqrt{-3+5\text{Cos}[2x]} + \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\text{Sin}[x]^2} \sqrt{\text{Sin}[2x]^2} \right)\right] \right) \text{Sin}[x]^2 - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 20 \sqrt{3} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{6} \text{Cos}[x]}{\sqrt{-3+5\text{Cos}[2x]}}\right] \text{Sec}[x] \sqrt{\text{Sin}[x]^2} \sqrt{\text{Sin}[2x]^2} \right) \right) / \left(15 \sqrt{\text{Sin}[x]^2} \sqrt{\text{Sin}[2x]^2} \right)$$

Problem 439: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Csc}[x]^2 \left(\text{Sec}[x]^2 - 3 \text{Tan}[x] \sqrt{4 \text{Sec}[x]^2 + 5 \text{Tan}[x]^2} \right)}{(4 \text{Sec}[x]^2 + 5 \text{Tan}[x]^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 57 leaves, 10 steps):

$$-\frac{3}{4} \text{Log}[\text{Tan}[x]] + \frac{3}{8} \text{Log}[4 + 9 \text{Tan}[x]^2] - \frac{\text{Cot}[x]}{4\sqrt{4 + 9 \text{Tan}[x]^2}} - \frac{7 \text{Tan}[x]}{8\sqrt{4 + 9 \text{Tan}[x]^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 116 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{16 \sqrt{\frac{13-5\text{Cos}[2x]}{1+\text{Cos}[2x]}}} \left(5 \text{Cot}[x] + 6 \sqrt{\frac{13-5\text{Cos}[2x]}{1+\text{Cos}[2x]}} \text{Log}\left[1 + 7 \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + \text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right] - 9 \text{Csc}[x] \text{Sec}[x] - 5 \text{Tan}[x] - 6 \sqrt{2} \text{Log}\left[\text{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] \sqrt{-5 + 13 \text{Sec}[x]^2 + 5 \text{Tan}[x]^2} \right)$$

Problem 442: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{(a^3 + b^3 \text{Tan}[x]^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 133 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2(a^3 + b^3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3}}{(a^3 - b^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2(a^3 - b^3)^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]]}{2(a^3 - b^3)^{1/3}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[(a^3 - b^3)^{1/3} - (a^3 + b^3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3}\right]}{4(a^3 - b^3)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 5, 90 leaves):

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{a^3 + b^3 + (a^3 - b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[2x]}{b^3} \right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{(-a^3 + b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[x]^2}{b^3}\right]}{2 \left((a^3 + b^3 + (a^3 - b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[2x]) \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \right)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 443: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \tan[x] (1 - 7 \tan[x]^2)^{2/3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 69 leaves, 7 steps):

$$2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + (1 - 7 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]] + 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[2 - (1 - 7 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{3}{4} (1 - 7 \tan[x]^2)^{2/3}$$

Result (type 5, 42 leaves):

$$-\frac{3}{4} \left(-1 + \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{8} (-3 + 4 \operatorname{Cos}[2x]) \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2\right] \right) (1 - 7 \tan[x]^2)^{2/3}$$

Problem 444: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cot}[x]}{(a^4 + b^4 \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 52 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(a^4 + b^4 \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}}{a}\right]}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a^4 + b^4 \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}}{a}\right]}{a}$$

Result (type 5, 84 leaves):

$$-\frac{(-a^4 - 2b^4 + a^4 \operatorname{Cos}[2x]) \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{(-a^4 - 2b^4 + a^4 \operatorname{Cos}[2x]) \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2}{2a^4}\right]}{3a^4 (a^4 + b^4 \operatorname{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}}$$

Problem 445: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cot}[x]}{(a^4 - b^4 \text{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 54 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(a^4 - b^4 \text{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}}{a}\right]}{a} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(a^4 - b^4 \text{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}}{a}\right]}{a}$$

Result (type 5, 85 leaves):

$$-\frac{(-a^4 + 2b^4 + a^4 \cos[2x]) \text{Csc}[x]^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{(-a^4 + 2b^4 + a^4 \cos[2x]) \text{Csc}[x]^2}{2a^4}\right]}{3a^4 (a^4 - b^4 \text{Csc}[x]^2)^{1/4}}$$

Problem 446: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[x]^2 \text{Tan}[x] \left((1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2)^{1/3} \text{Sin}[x]^2 + 3 \text{Tan}[x]^2 \right)}{(1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2)^{5/6} \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2} \right)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 133 leaves, 29 steps):

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2(1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2)^{1/6}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \text{Log}[\text{Sec}[x]^2] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}[1 - (1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2)^{1/6}] +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{Log}[1 - \sqrt{1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2}] - (1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2)^{1/6} - \frac{1}{4} (1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2)^{2/3} + \frac{1}{2(1 - \sqrt{1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2})}$$

Result (type 6, 4397 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(3 \left(6 + \left(\frac{-5 + \cos[2x]}{1 + \cos[2x]} \right)^{1/3} + \cos[2x] \left(\frac{-5 + \cos[2x]}{1 + \cos[2x]} \right)^{1/3} \right) \left(3 \text{Sec}[x]^2 + (1 - 3 \text{Sec}[x]^2)^{1/3} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \text{Sin}[x]^2 \text{Tan}[x] (-2 - 3 \text{Tan}[x]^2)^{5/6} (1 + \text{Tan}[x]^2) (2 + 3 \text{Tan}[x]^2) \left(-8 \text{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \text{Tan}[x]^2, -\text{Tan}[x]^2\right] + \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. 4 \text{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \text{Tan}[x]^2, -\text{Tan}[x]^2\right] \text{Tan}[x]^2 + 3 \text{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \text{Tan}[x]^2, -\text{Tan}[x]^2\right] \text{Tan}[x]^2 \right)^2 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(4 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] + 3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \right) \tan[x]^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left(30 \times 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3+3 \tan[x]^2} \right] \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} (1+\tan[x]^2) \left(\frac{2+3 \tan[x]^2}{1+\tan[x]^2} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 12 \times 3^{1/6} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{1}{3+3 \tan[x]^2} \right] (1+\tan[x]^2) \left(\frac{2+3 \tan[x]^2}{1+\tan[x]^2} \right)^{5/6} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 5 \left(2 \operatorname{Log} [1+\tan[x]^2] (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} (1+\tan[x]^2) + 9 \tan[x]^4 \left(4 + \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} \right) + 3 \tan[x]^2 \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(20 - 2 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + 5 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} \right) + 2 \left(12 - 2 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + 3 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} \right) \right) \right) - \\
& \quad 8 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \left(30 \times 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3+3 \tan[x]^2} \right] \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. (1+\tan[x]^2) \left(\frac{2+3 \tan[x]^2}{1+\tan[x]^2} \right)^{1/3} + 12 \times 3^{1/6} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{1}{3+3 \tan[x]^2} \right] (1+\tan[x]^2) \left(\frac{2+3 \tan[x]^2}{1+\tan[x]^2} \right)^{5/6} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 5 \left(2 \operatorname{Log} [1+\tan[x]^2] (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} (1+\tan[x]^2) + 9 \tan[x]^4 \left(4 + \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} \right) + \tan[x]^2 \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(60 - 7 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + 15 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} \right) + 2 \left(12 - 2 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + 3 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} \right) \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(10 \times 2^{1/6} \left(-1 + \sqrt{\frac{-5 + \cos[2x]}{1 + \cos[2x]}} \right) (1 - 3 \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2)^{5/6} \left(6 + (1 - 3 \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2)^{1/3} + \cos[2x] (1 - 3 \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2)^{1/3} \right) \right. \\
& \quad (-4 - 6 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} \\
& \quad \left(-8 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] + \right. \\
& \quad \left(4 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] + 3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \right) \tan[x]^2 \right) \\
& \quad \left(1152 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right]^2 \tan[x]^3 + 2880 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right]^2 \tan[x]^5 - \right. \\
& \quad 1152 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \tan[x]^5 - \\
& \quad 864 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \tan[x]^5 + \\
& \quad 1728 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right]^2 \tan[x]^7 - 2880 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \\
& \quad \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \tan[x]^7 + 288 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right]^2 \tan[x]^7 - \\
& \quad \left. 2160 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2 \right] \tan[x]^7 + \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 144 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 54 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^7 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 320 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, \frac{1}{2}, 3, 4, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 240 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, \frac{3}{2}, 2, 4, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 270 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, \frac{5}{2}, 1, 4, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 144 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^9 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 216 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 81 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^9 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 192 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, \frac{1}{2}, 3, 4, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 144 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, \frac{3}{2}, 2, 4, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 162 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3, \frac{5}{2}, 1, 4, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{1/3} + \\
& 1152 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^3 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 2880 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^5 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} - \\
& 1152 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^5 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} - \\
& 864 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^5 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 1728 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^7 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} - \\
& 2880 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 288 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^7 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} - \\
& 2160 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 432 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 \sqrt{-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2} +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 162 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^7 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} - \\
& 1728 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 720 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^9 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} - \\
& 1296 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 1080 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 405 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^9 \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 432 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^{11} \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 648 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^{11} \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + \\
& 243 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^{11} \sqrt{-2-3 \tan[x]^2} + 384 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \\
& \quad \tan[x]^3 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} + 576 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^5 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} - \\
& 384 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^5 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} - \\
& 288 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^5 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} - \\
& 576 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} + \\
& 96 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^7 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} - \\
& 432 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} + \\
& 144 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^7 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} + \\
& 54 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^7 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} + \\
& 144 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^9 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} + \\
& 216 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^9 (-2-3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} +
\end{aligned}$$

$$81 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 3, -\frac{3}{2} \tan[x]^2, -\tan[x]^2\right]^2 \tan[x]^9 (-2 - 3 \tan[x]^2)^{5/6} \Bigg) \Bigg)$$

Problem 447: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sec[x]^2 (-\cos[2x] + 2 \tan[x]^2)}{(\tan[x] \tan[2x])^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 100 leaves, ? steps):

$$2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{\sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}\right] - \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \tan[x]}{\sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{\tan[x]}{2 (\tan[x] \tan[2x])^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \tan[x]^3}{3 (\tan[x] \tan[2x])^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \tan[x]}{4 \sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}$$

Result (type 6, 207 leaves):

$$\left((-\cos[2x] + 2 \tan[x]^2) \left(-3 \cot[x] - 4 \cos[x] \sin[x] + 18 \sin[x]^2 \tan[x] - 4 \tan[x]^3 - 9 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-1 + \tan[x]^2}\right] \cos[x] \sin[x] \sqrt{-1 + \tan[x]^2} - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(72 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \cot[x]^2, -\cot[x]^2\right] \cos[2x] \sin[x]^2 \tan[x] \right) \right) \right) / \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, \cot[x]^2, -\cot[x]^2\right] + \right. \\ \left. \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, \cot[x]^2, -\cot[x]^2\right] - 3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \cot[x]^2, -\cot[x]^2\right] \tan[x]^2 \right) \Bigg) \\ \tan[2x]^2 \Bigg) / \left(6 (-3 + 6 \cos[2x] + \cos[4x]) (\tan[x] \tan[2x])^{3/2} \right)$$

Problem 448: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\tan[x]}{(a^3 - b^3 \cos[x]^n)^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 112 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{a+2(a^3-b^3 \cos[x]^n)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} a}\right]}{a^4 n} - \frac{3}{a^3 n (a^3 - b^3 \cos[x]^n)^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[\cos[x]]}{2 a^4} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}[a - (a^3 - b^3 \cos[x]^n)^{1/3}]}{2 a^4 n}$$

Result (type 5, 71 leaves):

$$\frac{3 \left(-1 + \left(1 - \frac{a^3 \cos[x]^n}{b^3} \right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a^3 \cos[x]^n}{b^3}\right] \right)}{a^3 n (a^3 - b^3 \cos[x]^n)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 449: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + 2 \cos [x]^9)^{5/6} \tan [x] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 95 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 - (1 + 2 \cos [x]^9)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} (1 + 2 \cos [x]^9)^{1/6}} \right]}{3 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ArcTanh} \left[(1 + 2 \cos [x]^9)^{1/6} \right] - \frac{1}{9} \text{ArcTanh} \left[\sqrt{1 + 2 \cos [x]^9} \right] - \frac{2}{15} (1 + 2 \cos [x]^9)^{5/6}$$

Result (type 5, 579 leaves):

$$\left((128 + 126 \cos [x] + 84 \cos [3x] + 36 \cos [5x] + 9 \cos [7x] + \cos [9x])^{5/6} \right. \\ \left. (1 + \cot [x]^2)^5 \sin [x]^2 \left(1 + 5 \cot [x]^2 + 10 \cot [x]^4 + 10 \cot [x]^6 + 5 \cot [x]^8 + \cot [x]^{10} + 2 \cot [x]^{10} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. \left(\frac{1 + 5 \cot [x]^2 + 10 \cot [x]^4 + 10 \cot [x]^6 + 5 \cot [x]^8 + \cot [x]^{10} + 2 \cot [x]^{10} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2}}{(1 + \cot [x]^2)^5} \right)^{1/6} \right. \\ \left. \left(-2 \left(1 + 5 \tan [x]^2 + 10 \tan [x]^4 + 10 \tan [x]^6 + 5 \tan [x]^8 + \tan [x]^{10} + 2 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 5 \times 2^{5/6} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{1}{2} (1 + \tan [x]^2)^{9/2} \right] (1 + \tan [x]^2)^5 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(2 + \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 4 \tan [x]^2 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 6 \tan [x]^4 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 4 \tan [x]^6 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + \tan [x]^8 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} \right)^{1/6} \right) \right) / \\ \left(480 \times 2^{5/6} (1 + \tan [x]^2)^{9/2} \left(\frac{1 + 5 \tan [x]^2 + 10 \tan [x]^4 + 10 \tan [x]^6 + 5 \tan [x]^8 + \tan [x]^{10} + 2 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2}}{(1 + \tan [x]^2)^5} \right)^{1/6} \right. \\ \left. \left(4 \cot [x]^8 + 20 \cot [x]^{10} + 40 \cot [x]^{12} + 40 \cot [x]^{14} + 20 \cot [x]^{16} + 4 \cot [x]^{18} + \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 9 \cot [x]^2 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 36 \cot [x]^4 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 84 \cot [x]^6 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 126 \cot [x]^8 \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 126 \cot [x]^{10} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 84 \cot [x]^{12} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 36 \cot [x]^{14} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 9 \cot [x]^{16} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} + 5 \cot [x]^{18} \sqrt{1 + \tan [x]^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 451: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sec [x]^2 \tan [x] \left(1 + \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{1/3}\right)}{\left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 20 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{3}{32} \left(1 + \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{1/3}\right)^2$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves):

$$-\frac{3 \left(-7 + 9 \cos [2 x]\right) \sec [x]^2 \left(2 + \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{1/3}\right)}{64 \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 452: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\csc [x] \sec [x] \left(1 + \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{1/3}\right)}{\left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 27 leaves, 15 steps):

$$-\log [\tan [x]] + \frac{3}{2} \log \left[1 - \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 93 leaves):

$$-\frac{3 \left(8 - \cot [x]^2\right)^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{\cot [x]^2}{8}\right]}{16 \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{3 \left(8 - \cot [x]^2\right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{\cot [x]^2}{8}\right]}{4 \left(1 - 8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 453: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\left(5 \cos [x]^2 - \sqrt{-1 + 5 \sin [x]^2}\right) \tan [x]}{\left(-1 + 5 \sin [x]^2\right)^{1/4} \left(2 + \sqrt{-1 + 5 \sin [x]^2}\right)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 101 leaves, 14 steps):

$$-\frac{3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(-1+5 \sin [x]^2)^{1/4}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(-1+5 \sin [x]^2)^{1/4}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{2}} + 2(-1+5 \sin [x]^2)^{1/4} - \frac{(-1+5 \sin [x]^2)^{1/4}}{2\left(2+\sqrt{-1+5 \sin [x]^2}\right)}$$

Result (type 5, 158 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{60(3-5 \cos [2 x])^{3/4}}\left(3 \times 2^{1/4}(-3+5 \cos [2 x])\left(8 \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3-5 \cos [2 x]}+10 \sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]\right) \sec [x]^2 -\right. \\ \left.30 \times 5^{3/4} \sqrt{3-5 \cos [2 x]} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{4 \sec [x]^2}{5}\right]\left((-3+5 \cos [2 x]) \sec [x]^2\right)^{1/4} +\right. \\ \left.28 \times 5^{1/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{4 \sec [x]^2}{5}\right]\left(2-8 \tan [x]^2\right)^{3/4}\right)$$

Problem 454: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cos [x]^3 \cos [2 x]^{2/3} \sin [x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{3}{40} \cos [2 x]^{5/3} - \frac{3}{64} \cos [2 x]^{8/3}$$

Result (type 5, 140 leaves):

$$-\frac{3}{40} \cos [2 x]^{5/3} - \\ \left(3 e^{-6 i x}\left(1+e^{4 i x}\right)^{1/3}\left(\left(1+e^{4 i x}\right)^{2/3}\left(1+e^{8 i x}\right)+2 e^{4 i x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -e^{4 i x}\right]+e^{8 i x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, -e^{4 i x}\right]\right)\right) / \\ \left(256 \times 2^{2/3}\left(e^{-2 i x}+e^{2 i x}\right)^{1/3}\right)$$

Problem 455: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\sin [x]^6 \tan [x]}{\cos [2 x]^{3/4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 102 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{\cos [2 x]}}{\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{\cos [2 x]}}{\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{7}{4} \cos [2 x]^{1/4} - \frac{1}{5} \cos [2 x]^{5/4} + \frac{1}{36} \cos [2 x]^{9/4}$$

Result (type 5, 59 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{360} \cos[2x]^{1/4} (635 - 72 \cos[2x] + 5 \cos[4x]) + \frac{2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{\sec[x]^2}{2}\right]}{3 (1 + \cos[2x])^{3/4}}$$

Problem 456: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 17 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{\sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 45 leaves):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \cos[x]}{\sqrt{\cos[2x]}}\right] \sqrt{\cos[2x]} \operatorname{Csc}[x] \sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Problem 488: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x \sec[x] \tan[x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 30 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{5}{6} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] - x \sec[x] + \frac{1}{3} x \sec[x]^3 - \frac{1}{6} \sec[x] \tan[x]$$

Result (type 3, 104 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{24} \sec[x]^3 \left(4x + 12x \cos[2x] + 5 \cos[3x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]\right) + 15 \cos[x] \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]\right) - 5 \cos[3x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 2 \sin[2x]$$

Problem 506: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a^{kx} + a^{lx})^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 72 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(1 + a^{(k-1)x}) (a^{kx} + a^{1x})^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 + \frac{kn}{k-1}, 1 + \frac{1n}{k-1}, -a^{(k-1)x}\right]}{1 n \text{Log}[a]}$$

Result (type 8, 15 leaves):

$$\int (a^{kx} + a^{1x})^n dx$$

Problem 511: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a^{kx} - a^{1x})^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 74 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(1 - a^{(k-1)x}) (a^{kx} - a^{1x})^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 + \frac{kn}{k-1}, 1 + \frac{1n}{k-1}, a^{(k-1)x}\right]}{1 n \text{Log}[a]}$$

Result (type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int (a^{kx} - a^{1x})^n dx$$

Problem 523: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{b + a e^{3x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 100 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b^{1/3} - 2a^{1/3}e^x}{\sqrt{3}b^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}a^{1/3}b^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[b^{1/3} + a^{1/3}e^x]}{2a^{1/3}b^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[b + a e^{3x}]}{6a^{1/3}b^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 7, 36 leaves):

$$\frac{\text{RootSum}\left[b + a \#1^3 \&, \frac{-x + \text{Log}[e^x - \#1]}{\#1^2} \&\right]}{3 a}$$

Problem 528: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int (1 - 2e^{x/3})^{1/4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 54 leaves, 6 steps):

$$12 (1 - 2 e^{x/3})^{1/4} - 6 \operatorname{ArcTan}[(1 - 2 e^{x/3})^{1/4}] - 6 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(1 - 2 e^{x/3})^{1/4}]$$

Result (type 5, 70 leaves):

$$- \frac{2 \left(-6 + 12 e^{x/3} + 2^{1/4} (2 - e^{-x/3})^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e^{-x/3}}{2} \right] \right)}{(1 - 2 e^{x/3})^{3/4}}$$

Problem 540: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^x (1 - x - x^2)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 1 step):

$$e^x \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

Result (type 8, 27 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e^x (1 - x - x^2)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

Problem 552: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{1 + \operatorname{Cos}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 28 leaves, 2 steps):

$$(1 - i) e^{(1+i)x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - i, 2, 2 - i, -e^{ix}]$$

Result (type 5, 89 leaves):

$$- \frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{Cos}[x]} (1 + i) e^x \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \\ \left((1 + i) \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-i, 1, 1 - i, -e^{ix}] - e^{ix} \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 - i, 2 - i, -e^{ix}] - (1 - i) \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right)$$

Problem 553: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{1 - \operatorname{Cos}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 26 leaves, 2 steps):

$$(-1 + i) e^{(1+i)x} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 - i, 2, 2 - i, e^{ix}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 84 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{-1 + \text{Cos}[x]} (1 + i) e^x \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left((1 - i) \text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + (1 + i) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-i, 1, 1 - i, e^{ix}\right] \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + e^{ix} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 - i, 2 - i, e^{ix}\right] \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right)$$

Problem 554: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{1 + \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 30 leaves, 2 steps):

$$(-1 + i) e^{(1-i)x} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 + i, 2, 2 + i, -i e^{-ix}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 61 leaves):

$$\frac{2 e^x \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} - (1 - i) \left(1 - (1 - i) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-i, 1, 1 - i, i \text{Cos}[x] - \text{Sin}[x]\right]\right) (\text{Cosh}[x] + \text{Sinh}[x])$$

Problem 555: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{1 - \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 30 leaves, 2 steps):

$$(1 + i) e^{(1+i)x} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 - i, 2, 2 - i, -i e^{ix}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 61 leaves):

$$\frac{2 e^x \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} + (1 + i) \left(1 - (1 + i) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-i, 1, 1 - i, -i \text{Cos}[x] + \text{Sin}[x]\right]\right) (\text{Cosh}[x] + \text{Sinh}[x])$$

Problem 557: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x (1 + \text{Sin}[x])}{1 - \text{Cos}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 41 leaves, 7 steps):

$$(-2 + 2i) e^{(1+i)x} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1-i, 2, 2-i, e^{ix}] + \frac{e^x \sin[x]}{1 - \cos[x]}$$

Result (type 5, 100 leaves):

$$\left(2 e^x \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left(\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 2i \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-i, 1, 1-i, e^{ix}] \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + (1+i) e^{ix} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1-i, 2-i, e^{ix}] \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right) \right. \\ \left. (1 + \sin[x]) \right) / \left((-1 + \cos[x]) \left(\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right)^2 \right)$$

Problem 559: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x (1 - \sin[x])}{1 + \cos[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 42 leaves, 7 steps):

$$(2 - 2i) e^{(1+i)x} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1-i, 2, 2-i, -e^{ix}] - \frac{e^x \sin[x]}{1 + \cos[x]}$$

Result (type 5, 87 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{1 + \cos[x]} \\ 2 e^x \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \left(2i \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-i, 1, 1-i, -e^{ix}] - (1+i) e^{ix} \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1-i, 2-i, -e^{ix}] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right)$$

Problem 574: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{sech}[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 3 leaves, 1 step):

$$\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sinh}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 9 leaves):

$$2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 575: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{csch}[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cosh}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 17 leaves):

$$-\text{Log}\left[\text{Cosh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[\text{Sinh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 579: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Csch}[x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cosh}[x]] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Coth}[x] \text{Csch}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 47 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{8} \text{Csch}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\text{Cosh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\text{Sinh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{1}{8} \text{Sech}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2$$

Problem 592: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cosh}[x] (-\text{Cosh}[2x] + \text{Tanh}[x])}{\sqrt{\text{Sinh}[2x]} (\text{Sinh}[x]^2 + \text{Sinh}[2x])} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 69 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\text{Sech}[x] \sqrt{\text{Cosh}[x] \text{Sinh}[x]}}{\sqrt{\text{Sinh}[2x]}}\right] + \frac{1}{6} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\text{Sinh}[x]}{\sqrt{\text{Sinh}[2x]}}\right] - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\text{Sech}[x] \sqrt{\text{Cosh}[x] \text{Sinh}[x]}}{\sqrt{\text{Sinh}[2x]}}\right] + \frac{\text{Cosh}[x]}{\sqrt{\text{Sinh}[2x]}}$$

Result (type 4, 487 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\text{Coth}[x] \sqrt{\text{Sinh}[2x]} (-\text{Cosh}[2x] + \text{Tanh}[x])}{\text{Cosh}[x] + \text{Cosh}[3x] - 2 \text{Sinh}[x]} + \\
& \frac{1}{2 (\text{Cosh}[x] + \text{Cosh}[3x] - 2 \text{Sinh}[x])} \text{Cosh}[x] \left(- \left(\left(6 (-1)^{1/4} \sqrt{1 + \text{Coth}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{i ArcSinh}\left[\frac{(-1)^{1/4}}{\sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}, -1\right] - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi}\left[-(-1)^{1/6}, \text{i ArcSinh}\left[\frac{(-1)^{1/4}}{\sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}, -1\right] - \text{EllipticPi}\left[-(-1)^{5/6}, \text{i ArcSinh}\left[\frac{(-1)^{1/4}}{\sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}, -1\right] \right) \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\text{Sinh}[2x]} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3} \right) / \left((1 + \text{Cosh}[x]) \sqrt{\frac{\text{Sinh}[2x]}{(1 + \text{Cosh}[x])^2}} (1 + \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2) \right) \right) + \\
& \left(16 (-1)^{5/12} \left((3 - 3 \text{i} \sqrt{3}) \text{EllipticPi}\left[-\text{i}, \text{i ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}, -1\right] + 2 (-1 + (-1)^{1/3}) \right. \\
& \left. \text{EllipticPi}\left[\text{i}, \text{ArcSin}\left[(-1)^{3/4} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}, -1\right] + \text{i} (\text{i} + \sqrt{3}) \text{EllipticPi}\left[-(-1)^{1/6}, \text{i ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}, -1\right] + \right. \\
& \left. 2 (-1 + (-1)^{1/3}) \text{EllipticPi}\left[-(-1)^{5/6}, \text{i ArcSinh}\left[(-1)^{1/4} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}\right]}, -1\right] \text{Sinh}[2x]^{3/2} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^3} \right) / \\
& \left(3 (-\text{i} + \sqrt{3}) (1 + \text{Cosh}[x])^3 \left(\frac{\text{Sinh}[2x]}{(1 + \text{Cosh}[x])^2} \right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]} \sqrt{1 + \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2} \right) (-\text{Cosh}[2x] + \text{Tanh}[x])
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 601: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{-2x} \text{Sech}[x]^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{8}{3(1+e^{2x})^3}$$

Result (type 3, 32 leaves):

$$\frac{8e^{2x}(3+3e^{2x}+e^{4x})}{3(1+e^{2x})^3}$$

Problem 622: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\text{Log}[x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 46 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2}\text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2}\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}}\right]$$

Problem 623: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\text{Log}[x]}{\sqrt{-a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 50 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2}\text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{\sqrt{-a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2}\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{\sqrt{-a^2 + \text{Log}[x]^2}}\right]$$

Problem 627: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \operatorname{Log}[x] \sqrt{-a^2 + \operatorname{Log}[x]^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 + \operatorname{Log}[x]^2}}{a}\right]}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 38 leaves):

$$-\frac{i \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{2 i a}{\operatorname{Log}[x]} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-a^2 + \operatorname{Log}[x]^2}}{\operatorname{Log}[x]}\right]}{a}$$

Problem 689: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^6 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{(-1 + x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 175 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2} (2 - 3 x^2)}{6 (-1 + x^2)} - \frac{13}{6} \operatorname{ArcCoth}\left[\sqrt{x^2}\right] - \frac{5 x^3 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{6 (-1 + x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2 (-1 + x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{5 x \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2 \sqrt{-1 + x^2}} -$$

$$\frac{5 i \sqrt{x^2} \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}\right]}{x} + \frac{5 i \sqrt{x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}\right]}{2 x} - \frac{5 i \sqrt{x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}\right]}{2 x}$$

Result (type 4, 383 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{96 (-1+x^2)^{3/2}} x^5 \left(22 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] + 40 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \cos[2 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] - 30 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \cos[4 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] - 30 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \log[1 - i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}] + \right. \\
& 30 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \log[1 + i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}] + 26 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2}\right]\right] - 26 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} \log\left[\sin\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2}\right]\right] + 16 \sin[2 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] - \\
& 60 i \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}\right] \sin[2 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]]^2 + 60 i \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}\right] \sin[2 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]]^2 - \\
& 15 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \log[1 - i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}] \sin[3 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] + 15 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \log[1 + i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}] \sin[3 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] + \\
& 13 \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2}\right]\right] \sin[3 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] - 13 \log\left[\sin\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2}\right]\right] \sin[3 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] - 4 \sin[4 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] + \\
& 15 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \log[1 - i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}] \sin[5 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] - 15 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x] \log[1 + i e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}] \sin[5 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] - \\
& \left. 13 \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2}\right]\right] \sin[5 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] + 13 \log\left[\sin\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcSec}[x]}{2}\right]\right] \sin[5 \operatorname{ArcSec}[x]] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 698: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int -\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[a-x]}{a+x} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 122 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \operatorname{ArcTan}[a-x] \log\left[\frac{2}{1-i(a-x)}\right] - \operatorname{ArcTan}[a-x] \log\left[-\frac{2(a+x)}{(i-2a)(1-i(a-x))}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, 1 - \frac{2}{1-i(a-x)}\right] + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, 1 + \frac{2(a+x)}{(i-2a)(1-i(a-x))}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 256 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\text{ArcTan}[a-x] \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1+a^2-2ax+x^2] + \text{Log}[-\text{Sin}[\text{ArcTan}[2a] - \text{ArcTan}[a-x]]] \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} i (\pi - 2 \text{ArcTan}[a-x])^2 + i (\text{ArcTan}[2a] - \text{ArcTan}[a-x])^2 - \right. \\
& (\pi - 2 \text{ArcTan}[a-x]) \text{Log}[1 + e^{-2i \text{ArcTan}[a-x]}] - 2 (-\text{ArcTan}[2a] + \text{ArcTan}[a-x]) \text{Log}[1 - e^{2i (-\text{ArcTan}[2a] + \text{ArcTan}[a-x])}] + \\
& (\pi - 2 \text{ArcTan}[a-x]) \text{Log}\left[\frac{2}{\sqrt{1+(a-x)^2}}\right] - 2 (\text{ArcTan}[2a] - \text{ArcTan}[a-x]) \text{Log}[-2 \text{Sin}[\text{ArcTan}[2a] - \text{ArcTan}[a-x]]] + \\
& \left. i \text{PolyLog}[2, -e^{-2i \text{ArcTan}[a-x]}] + i \text{PolyLog}[2, e^{2i (-\text{ArcTan}[2a] + \text{ArcTan}[a-x])}] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 703: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sinh}[x]] \text{Sech}[x]^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{2}{3} \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\text{Cosh}[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right] + \frac{1}{6} \text{Sech}[x] \sqrt{1 - \text{Sinh}[x]^2} + \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sinh}[x]] \text{Tanh}[x] - \frac{1}{3} \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sinh}[x]] \text{Tanh}[x]^3$$

Result (type 3, 66 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(8 i \text{Log}[i \sqrt{2} \text{Cosh}[x] + \sqrt{3 - \text{Cosh}[2x]}] + \sqrt{6 - 2 \text{Cosh}[2x]} \text{Sech}[x] + 4 \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sinh}[x]] (2 + \text{Cosh}[2x]) \text{Sech}[x]^2 \text{Tanh}[x] \right)$$

Problem 704: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcCot}[\text{Cosh}[x]] \text{Coth}[x] \text{Csch}[x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 36 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\text{Tanh}[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{6\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\text{Coth}[x]}{6} - \frac{1}{3} \text{ArcCot}[\text{Cosh}[x]] \text{Csch}[x]^3$$

Result (type 3, 144 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{48} \text{Csch}[x]^3 \left(-16 \text{ArcCot}[\text{Cosh}[x]] - 2 \text{Cosh}[x] + 2 \text{Cosh}[3x] - 3 i \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[1 - i \sqrt{2} \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] \text{Sinh}[x] + \right. \\
& \left. 3 i \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[1 + i \sqrt{2} \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] \text{Sinh}[x] + i \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[1 - i \sqrt{2} \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] \text{Sinh}[3x] - i \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[1 + i \sqrt{2} \text{Tanh}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] \text{Sinh}[3x] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 705: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^x \operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Tanh}[x]] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 28 leaves, 5 steps):

$$e^x \operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Tanh}[x]] - \operatorname{Cosh}[x] \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^{2x}] \sqrt{\operatorname{Sech}[x]^2}$$

Result (type 3, 64 leaves):

$$e^x \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{-1 + e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right] - e^{-x} \sqrt{\frac{e^{2x}}{(1 + e^{2x})^2}} (1 + e^{2x}) \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^{2x}]$$

Test results for the 116 problems in "Welz Problems.m"

Problem 2: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-2 \operatorname{Log}[-\sqrt{-1 + ax}] + \operatorname{Log}[-1 + ax]}{2\pi \sqrt{-1 + ax}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 2, 15 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{1 - ax}}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 37 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1 + ax} \left(-2 \operatorname{Log}[-\sqrt{-1 + ax}] + \operatorname{Log}[-1 + ax] \right)}{a\pi}$$

Problem 6: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^2}}{(-i + x)^2} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 64 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^2}}{i - x} - \frac{i \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - ix}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-1 + x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1 + x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 165 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{4\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{-i+x} - 2i\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(-i+x-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^2} \right) \right] + 4 \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{2x}{i-x+\sqrt{-1+x^2}} \right] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}[-i+x] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}[-i-3x+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^2}] + 2 \operatorname{Log}[1+2ix-2x^2+2i\sqrt{-1+x^2}-2x\sqrt{-1+x^2}] \right)$$

Problem 9: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x^2} (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 220 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{2-4x}{5(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2})} + \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x} \right] - \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x} \right] - \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x} \right] - \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-x-\sqrt{5}x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 29 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x^2} (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2})^2} dx$$

Problem 10: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-1+x^2})^2}{(1+x-x^2)^2 \sqrt{-1+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 220 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{2-4x}{5(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2})} + \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x} \right] - \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x} \right] - \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x} \right] - \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-x-\sqrt{5}x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 41 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-1+x^2})^2}{(1+x-x^2)^2 \sqrt{-1+x^2}} dx$$

Problem 11: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} (1+x)^2 \sqrt{-i+x^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} (1+x)^2 \sqrt{i+x^2}} \right) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 138 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \sqrt{-i+x^2}}{\sqrt{2} (1+x)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right) \sqrt{i+x^2}}{\sqrt{2} (1+x)} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i+x}{\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{-i+x^2}}\right]}{(1-i)^{3/2} \sqrt{2}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{i-x}{\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{i+x^2}}\right]}{(1+i)^{3/2} \sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 403 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2} (1+x)} \left((2+2i) \sqrt{-i+x^2} + (2-2i) \sqrt{i+x^2} + 2\sqrt{1-i} (1+x) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+x^2+2i\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{-i+x^2}}{(1-2i)-2ix+x^2}\right] + \right. \\ & 2\sqrt{1+i} (1+x) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+x^2-2i\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{i+x^2}}{(1+2i)+2ix+x^2}\right] - i\sqrt{1-i} \text{Log}[(1+x)^2] + i\sqrt{1+i} \text{Log}[(1+x)^2] - i\sqrt{1-i} x \text{Log}[(1+x)^2] + \\ & i\sqrt{1+i} x \text{Log}[(1+x)^2] + i\sqrt{1-i} \text{Log}[i-(2-i)x^2+2\sqrt{1-i}x\sqrt{-i+x^2}] + i\sqrt{1-i} x \text{Log}[i-(2-i)x^2+2\sqrt{1-i}x\sqrt{-i+x^2}] - \\ & \left. i\sqrt{1+i} \text{Log}[-i-(2+i)x^2+2\sqrt{1+i}x\sqrt{i+x^2}] - i\sqrt{1+i} x \text{Log}[-i-(2+i)x^2+2\sqrt{1+i}x\sqrt{i+x^2}] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 12: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 125 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{1-ix^2}}{2(1+x)} - \frac{\sqrt{1+ix^2}}{2(1+x)} - \frac{1}{4} (1-i)^{3/2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+ix}{\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{1-ix^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{4} (1+i)^{3/2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1-ix}{\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{1+ix^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 34 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Problem 13: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}}{(1+x) \sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 81 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-i} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1+ix}{\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{1-ix^2}} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+i} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1-ix}{\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{1+ix^2}} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 34 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}}{(1+x) \sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Problem 14: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 31 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}} \right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 145 leaves):

$$\frac{x \left(1 + x^4 + x^2 \sqrt{1+x^4} \right) \left(\operatorname{Log} \left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \left(x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4} \right)}}{\sqrt{2} x^2} \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \left(x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4} \right)}}{\sqrt{2} x^2} \right] \right)}{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+x^4} \sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}} \sqrt{x^2 \left(x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4} \right)}}$$

Problem 15: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 33 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} x}{\sqrt{-x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 162 leaves):

$$\frac{x \left(1 + 2x^4 - 2x^2 \sqrt{1+x^4}\right)^2 \left(1 + x^4 - x^2 \sqrt{1+x^4}\right) \text{ArcSin}\left[x^2 - \sqrt{1+x^4}\right]}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}} \sqrt{x^2 \left(-x^2 + \sqrt{1+x^4}\right) \left(-4x^2 - 12x^6 - 8x^{10} + \sqrt{1+x^4} + 8x^4 \sqrt{1+x^4} + 8x^8 \sqrt{1+x^4}\right)}}$$

Problem 24: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 - x + 3x^2}{\sqrt{1-x+x^2} (1+x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 86 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{(1+x) \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{1+x+x^2} + \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}(1+x)}{\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}\right] - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}(1-x)}{\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{6}}$$

Result (type 3, 961 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(1+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{1+x+x^2} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{3-3i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& (7-i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(3(-17-64i\sqrt{3}+(94+32i\sqrt{3})x+(-103-36i\sqrt{3})x^2+14(7-2i\sqrt{3})x^3+(-21-4i\sqrt{3})x^4)\right)\right] / \\
& \left(96i+67\sqrt{3}+(84i-113\sqrt{3})x^4-52\sqrt{3-3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}+2x\left(132i-69\sqrt{3}+26\sqrt{3-3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)+\right. \\
& \left.x^2(-180i-59\sqrt{3}+52\sqrt{3-3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2})+2x^3\left(138i+21\sqrt{3}+52\sqrt{3-3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)\right)\right] - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{3+3i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& i(-7i+\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\left(3(-17+64i\sqrt{3}+(94-32i\sqrt{3})x+(-103+36i\sqrt{3})x^2+14(7+2i\sqrt{3})x^3+(-21+4i\sqrt{3})x^4)\right)\right] / \\
& \left(96i-67\sqrt{3}+(84i+113\sqrt{3})x^4+52\sqrt{3+3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}+x^2(-180i+59\sqrt{3}-52\sqrt{3+3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2})+\right. \\
& \left.x\left(264i+138\sqrt{3}-52\sqrt{3+3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)-2x^3\left(-138i+21\sqrt{3}+52\sqrt{3+3i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)\right)\right] - \\
& \frac{(-7i+\sqrt{3})\operatorname{Log}[16(1+x+x^2)^2]}{8\sqrt{3+3i\sqrt{3}}} - \frac{(7i+\sqrt{3})\operatorname{Log}[16(1+x+x^2)^2]}{8\sqrt{3-3i\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{8\sqrt{3-3i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& (7i+\sqrt{3})\operatorname{Log}\left[(1+x+x^2)\left(11i+4\sqrt{3}+(11i+4\sqrt{3})x^2+10i\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}-x\left(17i+4\sqrt{3}+8i\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)\right)\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{8\sqrt{3+3i\sqrt{3}}} \\
& (-7i+\sqrt{3})\operatorname{Log}\left[(1+x+x^2)\left(-11i+4\sqrt{3}+(-11i+4\sqrt{3})x^2-10i\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}+x\left(17i-4\sqrt{3}+8i\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)\right)\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 33: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 58 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2(1-x^2)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2} + \frac{3}{4}\operatorname{Log}[1-(1-x^2)^{1/3}]$$

Result (type 5, 41 leaves):

$$-\frac{3\left(\frac{-1+x^2}{x^2}\right)^{1/3}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{x^2}\right]}{2(1-x^2)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 34: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (1-x^2)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 58 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1+2(1-x^2)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2} + \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1-(1-x^2)^{1/3}]$$

Result (type 5, 41 leaves):

$$-\frac{3 \left(\frac{-1+x^2}{x^2} \right)^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{x^2} \right]}{4 (1-x^2)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 36: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 55 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1+2(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[1-(1-x^3)^{1/3}]$$

Result (type 5, 39 leaves):

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{-1+x^3}{x^3} \right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{x^3} \right]}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 37: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 97 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x)}{\sqrt{3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[(1-x)(1+x)^2]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 38: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 145 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{(1-x)(1+x)^2}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 39: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 110 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{1/3}(2-x)}{\sqrt{3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[2-x]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[2-x-2^{2/3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 109 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(15 \times \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{x}, \frac{2}{x}\right]\right) / \left(2(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3} \left(5 \times \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{x}, \frac{2}{x}\right] + 2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{1}{x}, \frac{2}{x}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{1}{x}, \frac{2}{x}\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 40: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 81 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3}(-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1-x] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-x + (-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 85 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4(-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} {}_3F_2\left(\begin{matrix} (2-i) + ix \\ (i(-1+x))^{1/3} \end{matrix}; \begin{matrix} (-1+2i) + x \\ (-1+2i) + x \end{matrix}; \begin{matrix} \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{1}{4}i \\ -\frac{1}{2}i \end{matrix}\right)$$

Problem 41: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 66 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}(x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[-x + (x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 49 leaves):

$$\frac{3x \left(\frac{q-x^2}{q}\right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{x^2}{q}\right]}{2(-qx+x^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 42: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{((-1+x)(q-2x+x^2))^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 79 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3}((-1+x)(q-2x+x^2))^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1-x] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-x + ((-1+x)(q-2x+x^2))^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 61 leaves):

$$\frac{3(-1+x) \left(\frac{q+(-2+x)x}{-1+q}\right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{(-1+x)^2}{-1+q}\right]}{2((-1+x)(q+(-2+x)x))^{1/3}}$$

Problem 43: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left((-1+x) (q-2qx+x^2) \right)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 118 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2q^{1/3}(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3} \left((-1+x) (q-2qx+x^2) \right)^{1/3}} \right]}{2q^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-x]}{4q^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2q^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log} \left[-q^{1/3}(-1+x) + \left((-1+x) (q-2qx+x^2) \right)^{1/3} \right]}{4q^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 5, 72 leaves):

$$\frac{3(-1+x) \left(-\frac{q-2qx+x^2}{(-1+q)x^2} \right)^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{q(-1+x)^2}{(-1+q)x^2} \right]}{2 \left((-1+x) (q-2qx+x^2) \right)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 44: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{2 - (1+k)x}{\left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{1/3} (1 - (1+k)x)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 111 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 + \frac{2k^{1/3}x}{\sqrt{3}}}{\left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{1/3}} \right]}{k^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2k^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1 - (1+k)x]}{2k^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log} \left[-k^{1/3}x + \left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{1/3} \right]}{2k^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 38 leaves):

$$\int \frac{2 - (1+k)x}{\left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{1/3} (1 - (1+k)x)} dx$$

Problem 45: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1-kx}{\left(1 + (-2+k)x \right) \left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 176 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-kx)}{(1-k)^{1/3}((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-(2-k)x]}{2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-kx]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}[-1+kx+2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 35 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1-kx}{(1+(-2+k)x)((1-x)x(1-kx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Problem 46: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 493 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(a+b) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{(a+b) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{c \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{(a-c) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{(b+c) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}\sqrt{3}} + \\ & \frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Log}[(1-x)(1+x)^2]}{12 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{(a-c) \operatorname{Log}[1+x^3]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{(b+c) \operatorname{Log}[1+x^3]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}-\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \\ & \frac{(b+c) \operatorname{Log}[2^{1/3}-(1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{(a-c) \operatorname{Log}[-2^{1/3}x-(1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{2} c \operatorname{Log}[x+(1-x^3)^{1/3}] - \frac{(a+b) \operatorname{Log}[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 34 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 47: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-2x)^{11/2}(1+x+2x^2)^5} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 407 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{19\,255}{395\,136 (3-2x)^{9/2}} - \frac{462\,025}{30\,118\,144 (3-2x)^{7/2}} - \frac{38\,491}{8\,605\,184 (3-2x)^{5/2}} - \frac{141\,045}{120\,472\,576 (3-2x)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{38\,225}{240\,945\,152 \sqrt{3-2x}} + \frac{x}{28 (3-2x)^{9/2} (1+x+2x^2)^4} + \frac{23+73x}{1176 (3-2x)^{9/2} (1+x+2x^2)^3} + \frac{1387+3049x}{32\,928 (3-2x)^{9/2} (1+x+2x^2)^2} + \\
 & \frac{5(3049+4377x)}{153\,664 (3-2x)^{9/2} (1+x+2x^2)} + \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(149\,046\,503\,977+40\,815\,066\,112\sqrt{14})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}-2\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+2\sqrt{14}}}\right]}{3\,373\,232\,128} - \\
 & \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(149\,046\,503\,977+40\,815\,066\,112\sqrt{14})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}+2\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+2\sqrt{14}}}\right]}{3\,373\,232\,128} + \\
 & \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-149\,046\,503\,977+40\,815\,066\,112\sqrt{14})} \operatorname{Log}\left[3+\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}\sqrt{3-2x}-2x\right]}{6\,746\,464\,256} - \\
 & \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-149\,046\,503\,977+40\,815\,066\,112\sqrt{14})} \operatorname{Log}\left[3+\sqrt{14}+\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}\sqrt{3-2x}-2x\right]}{6\,746\,464\,256}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 206 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{30\,359\,089\,152}$$

$$\left(- \left((14 (40\,289\,347 - 429\,812\,744x + 135\,202\,154x^2 - 1\,073\,855\,156x^3 + 1\,627\,773\,523x^4 - 1\,470\,758\,860x^5 + 2\,888\,625\,656x^6 - 3\,106\,712\,560x^7 + \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. 2\,343\,370\,048x^8 - 2\,443\,779\,648x^9 + 1\,873\,554\,048x^{10} - 677\,249\,280x^{11} + 88\,070\,400x^{12}) \right) / \left((3-2x)^{9/2} (1+x+2x^2)^4 \right) \right) +$$

$$\frac{45i \left(53\,515i + 284\,993\sqrt{7} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{6-4x}}{\sqrt{-7-i\sqrt{7}}}\right] - 45i \left(-53\,515i + 284\,993\sqrt{7} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{6-4x}}{\sqrt{-7+i\sqrt{7}}}\right]}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}i(-7i+\sqrt{7})} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}i(7i+\sqrt{7})}}$$

Problem 48: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-2x)^{21/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{10}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 648 leaves, 29 steps):

$$\frac{\frac{4\,718\,120\,139\,975}{351\,733\,660\,450\,816} (3-2x)^{19/2} - \frac{815\,900\,548\,375}{629\,418\,129\,227\,776} (3-2x)^{17/2} - \frac{3\,029\,508\,823\,715}{1\,555\,033\,025\,150\,976} (3-2x)^{15/2} - \frac{13\,515\,743\,021\,825}{13\,476\,952\,884\,641\,792} (3-2x)^{13/2} - \frac{5\,846\,828\,446\,875}{14\,513\,641\,568\,075\,776} (3-2x)^{11/2} - \frac{37\,283\,626\,871\,975}{261\,245\,548\,225\,363\,968} (3-2x)^{9/2} - \frac{132\,355\,162\,272\,575}{2\,844\,673\,747\,342\,852\,096} (3-2x)^{7/2} - \frac{11\,557\,581\,705\,725}{812\,763\,927\,812\,243\,456} (3-2x)^{5/2} - \frac{46\,601\,678\,385\,075}{11\,378\,694\,989\,371\,408\,384} (3-2x)^{3/2} - \frac{24\,229\,218\,097\,975}{22\,757\,389\,978\,742\,816\,768} \sqrt{3-2x} + \frac{x}{63} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^9 + \frac{53+173x}{7056} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^8 + \frac{8477+21\,409x}{691\,488} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^7 + \frac{5(21\,409+47\,471x)}{6\,453\,888} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^6 + \frac{41(47\,471+92\,875x)}{90\,354\,432} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^5 + \frac{41(3\,436\,375+5\,677\,637x)}{5\,059\,848\,192} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^4 + \frac{451(811\,091+998\,691x)}{10\,119\,696\,384} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^3 + \frac{451(28\,962\,039+14\,627\,273x)}{283\,351\,498\,752} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2)^2 + \frac{11\,275(14\,627\,273-35\,058\,731x)}{3\,966\,920\,982\,528} (3-2x)^{19/2} (1+x+2x^2) + \frac{11\,275 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(7+2\sqrt{14})} (9\,756\,589\,235+2\,148\,932\,869\sqrt{14}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}-2\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+2\sqrt{14}}}\right]}{318\,603\,459\,702\,399\,434\,752} - \frac{11\,275 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(7+2\sqrt{14})} (9\,756\,589\,235+2\,148\,932\,869\sqrt{14}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}+2\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+2\sqrt{14}}}\right]}{318\,603\,459\,702\,399\,434\,752} + \frac{11\,275 (9\,756\,589\,235-2\,148\,932\,869\sqrt{14}) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-7+2\sqrt{14})} \operatorname{Log}\left[3+\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}\sqrt{3-2x}-2x\right]}{637\,206\,919\,404\,798\,869\,504} - \frac{11\,275 (9\,756\,589\,235-2\,148\,932\,869\sqrt{14}) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-7+2\sqrt{14})} \operatorname{Log}\left[3+\sqrt{14}+\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}\sqrt{3-2x}-2x\right]}{637\,206\,919\,404\,798\,869\,504}$$

Result (type 3, 662 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{47 \sqrt{3-2x} - 23 (3-2x)^{3/2}}{4235364 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^9} - \frac{44193 \sqrt{3-2x} - 11993 (3-2x)^{3/2}}{948721536 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^8} + \\
 & \frac{5 (-1574149 \sqrt{3-2x} + 340449 (3-2x)^{3/2})}{185949421056 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^7} + \frac{5 (-37938085 \sqrt{3-2x} + 5912661 (3-2x)^{3/2})}{10413167579136 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^6} - \\
 & \frac{5 (107643741 \sqrt{3-2x} + 38010319 (3-2x)^{3/2})}{291568692215808 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^5} - \frac{-132204145097 \sqrt{3-2x} + 52802422641 (3-2x)^{3/2}}{32655693528170496 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^4} - \\
 & \frac{-4402987778403 \sqrt{3-2x} + 1406968826615 (3-2x)^{3/2}}{914359418788773888 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^3} - \frac{11 (-6489356793153 \sqrt{3-2x} + 1953387138017 (3-2x)^{3/2})}{17068042484057112576 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^2} - \\
 & \frac{55 (-4751425354423 \sqrt{3-2x} + 1410835658499 (3-2x)^{3/2})}{68272169936228450304 (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)} + \frac{1}{5367029731 (3-2x)^{19/2}} + \frac{5}{4802079233 (3-2x)^{17/2}} + \\
 & \frac{73}{23727920916 (3-2x)^{15/2}} + \frac{165}{25705247659 (3-2x)^{13/2}} + \frac{2365}{221460595216 (3-2x)^{11/2}} + \frac{30349}{1993145356944 (3-2x)^{9/2}} + \\
 & \frac{854095}{43406276662336 (3-2x)^{7/2}} + \frac{75933}{3100448333024 (3-2x)^{5/2}} + \frac{8519225}{260437659974016 (3-2x)^{3/2}} + \frac{891605}{12401793332096 \sqrt{3-2x}} - \\
 & \frac{11275 (-34555708553 i + 2148932869 \sqrt{7}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7-i\sqrt{7}}}\right]}{22757389978742816768 \sqrt{14(-7-i\sqrt{7})}} - \frac{11275 (34555708553 i + 2148932869 \sqrt{7}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+i\sqrt{7}}}\right]}{22757389978742816768 \sqrt{14(-7+i\sqrt{7})}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 49: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-2x)^{41/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{20}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 1058 leaves, 49 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{13056959628363355534285785425}{106924014357253562723941220352 (3-2x)^{39/2}} - \frac{3948194343291401740321996415}{202881463139404195937734623232 (3-2x)^{37/2}} - \\
 & \frac{304688229262620222736480811}{537361713180043545997243056128 (3-2x)^{35/2}} + \frac{2124315846756567455653862925}{168885109856585144562763890688 (3-2x)^{33/2}} + \\
 & \frac{47657515074514118796095929535}{66632852434325399703658138959872 (3-2x)^{31/2}} + \frac{34911619993974714062172751985}{124667917457770102671360389021696 (3-2x)^{29/2}} +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{149\,066\,309\,808\,794\,760\,843\,017\,404\,825}{1\,624\,981\,820\,656\,451\,683\,095\,663\,001\,731\,072 (3-2x)^{27/2}} + \frac{15\,848\,613\,964\,169\,066\,543\,734\,380\,171}{601\,845\,118\,761\,648\,771\,516\,912\,222\,863\,360 (3-2x)^{25/2}} + \\
& \frac{11\,155\,168\,222\,970\,774\,232\,376\,891\,145}{1\,685\,166\,332\,532\,616\,560\,247\,354\,224\,017\,408 (3-2x)^{23/2}} + \frac{14\,011\,818\,498\,091\,020\,272\,474\,956\,375}{10\,110\,997\,995\,195\,699\,361\,484\,125\,344\,104\,448 (3-2x)^{21/2}} + \\
& \frac{173\,441\,368\,149\,804\,378\,661\,935\,869\,705}{896\,508\,488\,907\,352\,010\,051\,592\,447\,177\,261\,056 (3-2x)^{19/2}} - \frac{22\,724\,090\,823\,469\,905\,152\,713\,519\,545}{1\,604\,278\,348\,571\,050\,965\,355\,481\,221\,264\,572\,416 (3-2x)^{17/2}} - \\
& \frac{101\,190\,274\,412\,779\,618\,678\,573\,275\,245}{3\,963\,511\,214\,116\,714\,149\,701\,777\,134\,888\,943\,616 (3-2x)^{15/2}} - \frac{460\,503\,190\,416\,958\,283\,087\,439\,337\,135}{34\,350\,430\,522\,344\,855\,964\,082\,068\,502\,370\,844\,672 (3-2x)^{13/2}} - \\
& \frac{2\,211\,619\,588\,790\,911\,794\,826\,342\,607\,495}{406\,920\,484\,649\,315\,986\,036\,049\,119\,181\,931\,544\,576 (3-2x)^{11/2}} - \frac{143\,401\,467\,550\,777\,247\,627\,940\,437\,025}{73\,985\,542\,663\,511\,997\,461\,099\,839\,851\,260\,280\,832 (3-2x)^{9/2}} - \\
& \frac{4\,611\,053\,278\,117\,143\,010\,907\,562\,317\,585}{7\,250\,583\,181\,024\,175\,751\,187\,784\,305\,423\,507\,521\,536 (3-2x)^{7/2}} - \frac{405\,965\,372\,440\,630\,510\,720\,926\,890\,227}{2\,071\,595\,194\,578\,335\,928\,910\,795\,515\,835\,287\,863\,296 (3-2x)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{4\,986\,681\,479\,187\,781\,853\,417\,316\,522\,775}{87\,006\,998\,172\,290\,109\,014\,253\,411\,665\,082\,090\,258\,432 (3-2x)^{3/2}} - \frac{927\,027\,754\,781\,476\,746\,208\,047\,620\,505}{58\,004\,665\,448\,193\,406\,009\,502\,274\,443\,388\,060\,172\,288 \sqrt{3-2x}} + \\
& \frac{x}{133 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{19}} + \frac{113+373x}{33\,516 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{18}} + \frac{40\,657+107\,329x}{7\,976\,808 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{17}} + \frac{5(751\,303+1\,831\,285x)}{595\,601\,664 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{16}} + \\
& \frac{184\,959\,785+429\,411\,497x}{25\,015\,269\,888 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{15}} + \frac{41\,652\,915\,209+92\,630\,823\,167x}{4\,902\,992\,898\,048 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{14}} + \frac{2\,871\,555\,518\,177+6\,100\,156\,355\,517x}{297\,448\,235\,814\,912 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{13}} + \\
& \frac{77\,559\,130\,805\,859+156\,274\,047\,129\,113x}{7\,138\,757\,659\,557\,888 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{12}} + \frac{5(2\,656\,658\,801\,194\,921+5\,020\,880\,176\,134\,289x)}{1\,099\,368\,679\,571\,914\,752 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{11}} + \\
& \frac{45\,187\,921\,585\,208\,601+78\,752\,911\,037\,377\,255x}{3\,420\,258\,114\,223\,734\,784 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^{10}} + \frac{6\,063\,974\,149\,878\,048\,635+9\,477\,172\,618\,423\,641\,847x}{430\,952\,522\,392\,190\,582\,784 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^9} + \\
& \frac{691\,833\,601\,144\,925\,854\,831+919\,498\,192\,874\,055\,581\,221x}{48\,266\,682\,507\,925\,345\,271\,808 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^8} + \frac{23(919\,498\,192\,874\,055\,581\,221+908\,287\,136\,092\,467\,468\,517x)}{1\,576\,711\,628\,592\,227\,945\,545\,728 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^7} + \\
& \frac{115(908\,287\,136\,092\,467\,468\,517+298\,281\,884\,944\,522\,225\,747x)}{10\,187\,982\,830\,903\,626\,725\,064\,704 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^6} + \frac{23(2\,599\,313\,568\,802\,265\,110\,081-10\,426\,142\,448\,623\,187\,379\,187x)}{20\,375\,965\,661\,807\,253\,450\,129\,408 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^5} - \\
& \frac{23(10\,426\,142\,448\,623\,187\,379\,187+27\,513\,723\,463\,194\,262\,383\,705x)}{20\,018\,492\,580\,021\,161\,284\,337\,664 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^4} - \frac{115(26\,513\,224\,428\,169\,016\,478\,843+30\,673\,415\,406\,553\,789\,342\,019x)}{76\,434\,244\,396\,444\,433\,994\,743\,808 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^3} - \\
& \frac{115(88\,411\,609\,113\,007\,981\,044\,643-5\,712\,269\,536\,245\,152\,162\,963x)}{125\,891\,696\,652\,967\,303\,050\,166\,272 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)^2} + \frac{115(28\,561\,347\,681\,225\,760\,814\,815+965\,934\,812\,839\,019\,490\,346\,107x)}{195\,831\,528\,126\,838\,026\,966\,925\,312 (3-2x)^{39/2} (1+x+2x^2)} +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(115 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (7 + 2\sqrt{14})} \left(30297118912219360725028693061 + 8061110911143276053983022787\sqrt{14} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}} - 2\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+2\sqrt{14}}}\right] \right) /$$

$$812065316274707684133031842207432842412032 -$$

$$\left(115 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (7 + 2\sqrt{14})} \left(30297118912219360725028693061 + 8061110911143276053983022787\sqrt{14} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}} + 2\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+2\sqrt{14}}}\right] \right) /$$

$$812065316274707684133031842207432842412032 + \left(115 \left(30297118912219360725028693061 - 8061110911143276053983022787\sqrt{14} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (-7 + 2\sqrt{14})} \operatorname{Log}\left[3 + \sqrt{14} - \sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}\sqrt{3-2x} - 2x\right] \right) / 1624130632549415368266063684414865684824064 -$$

$$\left(115 \left(30297118912219360725028693061 - 8061110911143276053983022787\sqrt{14} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (-7 + 2\sqrt{14})} \right.$$

$$\left. \operatorname{Log}\left[3 + \sqrt{14} + \sqrt{7+2\sqrt{14}}\sqrt{3-2x} - 2x\right] \right) / 1624130632549415368266063684414865684824064$$

Result (type 3, 1242 leaves):

$$\frac{393\sqrt{3-2x} + 287(3-2x)^{3/2}}{150276832468(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{19}} - \frac{-4226921\sqrt{3-2x} + 1313129(3-2x)^{3/2}}{75739523563872(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{18}} -$$

$$\frac{-3401932701\sqrt{3-2x} + 760755809(3-2x)^{3/2}}{36052013216403072(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{17}} - \frac{5(-146490500023\sqrt{3-2x} + 16144709919(3-2x)^{3/2})}{16151301920948576256(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{16}} -$$

$$\frac{9745709632283\sqrt{3-2x} - 4557912048927(3-2x)^{3/2}}{452236453786560135168(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{15}} - \frac{435856117815771\sqrt{3-2x} - 123609208162571(3-2x)^{3/2}}{9330352099175345946624(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{14}} -$$

$$\frac{127435522656997631\sqrt{3-2x} - 31270302414674811(3-2x)^{3/2}}{3396248164099825924571136(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{13}} + \frac{5(-1540359167602841319\sqrt{3-2x} + 342026557757088031(3-2x)^{3/2})}{380379794379180503551967232(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{12}} +$$

$$\frac{5(-21084628139481190687\sqrt{3-2x} + 4158669924550257827(3-2x)^{3/2})}{13017441852087510566000656384(14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{11}} -$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1\ 633\ 293\ 973\ 597\ 342\ 712\ 581\ \sqrt{3-2x} - 237\ 080\ 744\ 154\ 193\ 384\ 005\ (3-2x)^{3/2}}{728\ 976\ 743\ 716\ 900\ 591\ 696\ 036\ 757\ 504\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^{10}} - \\
& \frac{7\ 350\ 432\ 513\ 431\ 022\ 017\ 155\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 5\ 131\ 564\ 318\ 471\ 376\ 538\ 977\ (3-2x)^{3/2}}{61\ 234\ 046\ 472\ 219\ 649\ 702\ 467\ 087\ 630\ 336\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^9} - \\
& \frac{-113\ 207\ 386\ 492\ 327\ 172\ 550\ 771\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 43\ 421\ 160\ 367\ 342\ 900\ 895\ 387\ (3-2x)^{3/2}}{279\ 927\ 069\ 587\ 289\ 827\ 211\ 278\ 114\ 881\ 536\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^8} - \\
& \frac{-22\ 463\ 796\ 720\ 502\ 183\ 624\ 842\ 107\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 7\ 094\ 978\ 194\ 424\ 786\ 431\ 173\ 663\ (3-2x)^{3/2}}{54\ 865\ 705\ 639\ 108\ 806\ 133\ 410\ 510\ 516\ 781\ 056\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^7} - \\
& \frac{5\ (-186\ 257\ 412\ 289\ 925\ 530\ 757\ 362\ 143\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 55\ 540\ 178\ 588\ 722\ 046\ 667\ 113\ 711\ (3-2x)^{3/2})}{3\ 072\ 479\ 515\ 790\ 093\ 143\ 470\ 988\ 588\ 939\ 739\ 136\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^6} - \\
& \frac{23\ (-255\ 056\ 047\ 077\ 847\ 659\ 080\ 618\ 951\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 74\ 443\ 988\ 473\ 272\ 328\ 189\ 316\ 355\ (3-2x)^{3/2})}{28\ 676\ 475\ 480\ 707\ 536\ 005\ 729\ 226\ 830\ 104\ 231\ 936\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^5} - \\
& \frac{23\ (-1\ 110\ 057\ 788\ 286\ 806\ 589\ 656\ 260\ 577\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 321\ 533\ 953\ 909\ 984\ 640\ 923\ 113\ 289\ (3-2x)^{3/2})}{188\ 927\ 367\ 872\ 896\ 707\ 802\ 451\ 376\ 763\ 039\ 645\ 696\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^4} - \\
& \frac{23\ (-4\ 820\ 387\ 670\ 797\ 872\ 511\ 726\ 954\ 245\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 1\ 394\ 304\ 490\ 531\ 377\ 203\ 111\ 252\ 689\ (3-2x)^{3/2})}{1\ 220\ 761\ 453\ 947\ 947\ 958\ 108\ 147\ 357\ 545\ 794\ 633\ 728\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^3} - \\
& \frac{23\ (-17\ 490\ 402\ 570\ 151\ 108\ 581\ 128\ 226\ 213\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 5\ 072\ 167\ 085\ 782\ 230\ 110\ 284\ 731\ 077\ (3-2x)^{3/2})}{6\ 214\ 785\ 583\ 735\ 007\ 786\ 732\ 386\ 547\ 505\ 863\ 589\ 888\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)^2} - \\
& \frac{115\ (-82\ 782\ 386\ 138\ 609\ 724\ 168\ 863\ 115\ 877\ \sqrt{3-2x} + 24\ 217\ 623\ 575\ 858\ 523\ 510\ 208\ 130\ 121\ (3-2x)^{3/2})}{174\ 013\ 996\ 344\ 580\ 218\ 028\ 506\ 823\ 330\ 164\ 180\ 516\ 864\ (14-7(3-2x) + (3-2x)^2)} + \\
& \frac{1}{3\ 111\ 898\ 385\ 606\ 868\ 039\ (3-2x)^{39/2}} + \frac{10}{2\ 952\ 313\ 853\ 011\ 644\ 037\ (3-2x)^{37/2}} + \frac{143}{7\ 819\ 642\ 097\ 165\ 976\ 098\ (3-2x)^{35/2}} + \\
& \frac{355}{5\ 266\ 289\ 575\ 642\ 392\ 066\ (3-2x)^{33/2}} + \frac{52\ 865}{277\ 038\ 748\ 585\ 308\ 867\ 472\ (3-2x)^{31/2}} + \frac{14\ 333}{32\ 395\ 660\ 116\ 830\ 472\ 406\ (3-2x)^{29/2}} + \\
& \frac{1\ 478\ 345}{1\ 689\ 042\ 692\ 987\ 850\ 837\ 168\ (3-2x)^{27/2}} + \frac{475\ 387}{312\ 785\ 683\ 886\ 639\ 043\ 920\ (3-2x)^{25/2}} + \frac{16\ 575\ 515}{7\ 006\ 399\ 319\ 060\ 714\ 583\ 808\ (3-2x)^{23/2}} +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{246\,866\,015}{73\,567\,192\,850\,137\,503\,129\,984\,(3-2x)^{21/2}} + \frac{8\,192\,823\,353}{1\,863\,702\,218\,870\,150\,079\,292\,928\,(3-2x)^{19/2}} + \frac{8\,972\,680\,075}{1\,667\,523\,037\,936\,450\,070\,946\,304\,(3-2x)^{17/2}} + \\
& \frac{102\,495\,360\,575}{16\,479\,051\,198\,430\,800\,701\,116\,416\,(3-2x)^{15/2}} + \frac{122\,484\,655\,975}{17\,852\,305\,464\,966\,700\,759\,542\,784\,(3-2x)^{13/2}} + \frac{10\,815\,878\,546\,425}{1\,480\,368\,099\,325\,700\,262\,983\,624\,704\,(3-2x)^{11/2}} + \\
& \frac{769\,045\,155\,125}{100\,934\,188\,590\,388\,654\,294\,338\,048\,(3-2x)^{9/2}} + \frac{838\,467\,657\,280\,275}{105\,509\,871\,806\,486\,273\,289\,014\,706\,176\,(3-2x)^{7/2}} + \\
& \frac{9\,270\,470\,094\,105}{1\,076\,631\,344\,964\,145\,645\,806\,272\,512\,(3-2x)^{5/2}} + \frac{320\,421\,783\,064\,625}{30\,145\,677\,658\,996\,078\,082\,575\,630\,336\,(3-2x)^{3/2}} + \frac{683\,151\,246\,370\,725}{30\,145\,677\,658\,996\,078\,082\,575\,630\,336\sqrt{3-2x}} - \\
& \left(115 \left(-117\,022\,014\,202\,441\,653\,827\,938\,545\,631\,i + 8\,061\,110\,911\,143\,276\,053\,983\,022\,787\sqrt{7} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7-i\sqrt{7}}} \right] \right) / \\
& \left(58\,004\,665\,448\,193\,406\,009\,502\,274\,443\,388\,060\,172\,288 \sqrt{14(-7-i\sqrt{7})} \right) - \\
& \left(115 \left(117\,022\,014\,202\,441\,653\,827\,938\,545\,631\,i + 8\,061\,110\,911\,143\,276\,053\,983\,022\,787\sqrt{7} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3-2x}}{\sqrt{-7+i\sqrt{7}}} \right] \right) / \\
& \left(58\,004\,665\,448\,193\,406\,009\,502\,274\,443\,388\,060\,172\,288 \sqrt{14(-7+i\sqrt{7})} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 50: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-2x+x^2)^{11/2} (1+x+2x^2)^5} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 378 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{3\,450\,497 - 2\,004\,270\,x}{123\,480\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4\,878\,869 - 2\,578\,034\,x}{411\,600\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{30\,316\,369 - 15\,043\,110\,x}{6\,860\,000\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{63\,043\,297 - 29\,625\,922\,x}{41\,160\,000\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \frac{31 (7\,434\,109 - 3\,088\,870\,x)}{411\,600\,000\,000 \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2}} - \frac{1 - 10x}{280 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{9/2} (1 + x + 2x^2)^4} + \frac{28 + 67x}{1050 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{9/2} (1 + x + 2x^2)^3} + \frac{5485 + 8878x}{117\,600 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{9/2} (1 + x + 2x^2)^2} + \\
& \frac{3 (8822 + 8233x)}{343\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^{9/2} (1 + x + 2x^2)} + \frac{1}{137\,200\,000\,000} \sqrt{\frac{1}{70} (151\,363\,871\,237\,318\,045 + 110\,320\,475\,741\,093\,888 \sqrt{2})} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{5}{7 (151\,363\,871\,237\,318\,045 + 110\,320\,475\,741\,093\,888 \sqrt{2})}} (308\,108\,167 + 312\,239\,803 \sqrt{2} + (932\,587\,773 + 620\,347\,970 \sqrt{2}) x) \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{137\,200\,000\,000} \sqrt{\frac{1}{70} (-151\,363\,871\,237\,318\,045 + 110\,320\,475\,741\,093\,888 \sqrt{2})} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{5}{7 (-151\,363\,871\,237\,318\,045 + 110\,320\,475\,741\,093\,888 \sqrt{2})}} (308\,108\,167 - 312\,239\,803 \sqrt{2} + (932\,587\,773 - 620\,347\,970 \sqrt{2}) x) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1236 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} \left(\frac{1}{225\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^5} + \frac{1 + 2x}{350\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^4} + \frac{3(-38 + 45x)}{8\,750\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^3} + \frac{-2003 + 1198x}{52\,500\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)^2} + \frac{-97\,229 + 29\,420x}{1\,050\,000\,000 (3 - 2x + x^2)} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{-797 - 1998x}{28\,000\,000 (1 + x + 2x^2)^4} + \frac{-14\,087 - 5995x}{105\,000\,000 (1 + x + 2x^2)^3} + \frac{-795\,589 + 1\,892\,994x}{11\,760\,000\,000 (1 + x + 2x^2)^2} + \frac{3\,035\,369 + 14\,037\,055x}{34\,300\,000\,000 (1 + x + 2x^2)} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{68\,600\,000\,000} \sqrt{70 (-5 + i\sqrt{7})} (310\,173\,985 i + 44\,900\,803 \sqrt{7}) \\
& \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(9\,627\,448\,535\,205\,165 + 357\,977\,536\,529\,228\,045 i \sqrt{7} - 2\,892\,591\,314\,086\,740\,000 x + 36\,106\,220\,736\,881\,480 i \sqrt{7} x + 464\,983\,088\,285\,203\,040 x^2 - \right. \right. \\
& 1\,038\,569\,725\,622\,524\,380 i \sqrt{7} x^2 + 12\,836\,598\,046\,940\,220 x^3 + 328\,748\,064\,746\,064\,540 i \sqrt{7} x^3 - 487\,447\,134\,867\,348\,425 x^4 - \\
& 428\,071\,291\,440\,525\,685 i \sqrt{7} x^4 + 358\,541\,546\,158\,555\,136 i \sqrt{10 (-5 + i\sqrt{7})} \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} + 220\,640\,951\,482\,187\,776 i \sqrt{10 (-5 + i\sqrt{7})} x \\
& \left. \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} + 579\,182\,497\,640\,742\,912 i \sqrt{10 (-5 + i\sqrt{7})} x^2 \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} - 275\,801\,189\,352\,734\,720 i \sqrt{10 (-5 + i\sqrt{7})} x^3 \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} \right) / \\
& (4\,321\,741\,285\,513\,437\,647 i + 827\,387\,564\,543\,169\,945 \sqrt{7} + 3\,694\,994\,885\,631\,086\,104 i x + 285\,423\,303\,382\,928\,480 \sqrt{7} x + \\
& 5\,471\,192\,788\,852\,131\,980 i x^2 - 70\,525\,532\,316\,488\,480 \sqrt{7} x^2 - 6\,268\,363\,351\,511\,187\,532 i x^3 +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 137\,879\,256\,656\,321\,740 \sqrt{7} x^3 + 2\,092\,254\,277\,956\,040\,633 i x^4 + 70\,562\,873\,851\,568\,315 \sqrt{7} x^4 \Big] - \\
& \frac{1}{68\,600\,000\,000 \sqrt{70} (5 + i \sqrt{7})} i \left(-310\,173\,985 i + 44\,900\,803 \sqrt{7} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\left(35 \left(15\,210\,275\,631\,276\,955 i + 23\,639\,644\,701\,233\,427 \sqrt{7} - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. 80\,355\,173\,705\,781\,000 i x + 8\,154\,951\,525\,226\,528 \sqrt{7} x + 32\,801\,021\,588\,957\,180 i x^2 - 2\,015\,015\,209\,042\,528 \sqrt{7} x^2 - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. 22\,632\,774\,169\,109\,180 i x^3 + 3\,939\,407\,333\,037\,764 \sqrt{7} x^3 - 9\,346\,476\,174\,243\,955 i x^4 + 2\,016\,082\,110\,044\,809 \sqrt{7} x^4 \right) \right) \Big] / \\
& \left(-9\,627\,448\,535\,205\,165 + 357\,977\,536\,529\,228\,045 i \sqrt{7} + 2\,892\,591\,314\,086\,740\,000 x + 36\,106\,220\,736\,881\,480 i \sqrt{7} x - \right. \\
& 464\,983\,088\,285\,203\,040 x^2 - 1\,038\,569\,725\,622\,524\,380 i \sqrt{7} x^2 - 12\,836\,598\,046\,940\,220 x^3 + 328\,748\,064\,746\,064\,540 i \sqrt{7} x^3 + \\
& 487\,447\,134\,867\,348\,425 x^4 - 428\,071\,291\,440\,525\,685 i \sqrt{7} x^4 - 27\,580\,118\,935\,273\,472 i \sqrt{70} (5 + i \sqrt{7}) \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} - \\
& \left. 27\,580\,118\,935\,273\,472 i \sqrt{70} (5 + i \sqrt{7}) x^2 \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} + 55\,160\,237\,870\,546\,944 i \sqrt{70} (5 + i \sqrt{7}) x^3 \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} \right) \Big] - \\
& \frac{(-310\,173\,985 i + 44\,900\,803 \sqrt{7}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(-i + \sqrt{7} - 4 i x)^2 (i + \sqrt{7} + 4 i x)^2 \right]}{137\,200\,000\,000 \sqrt{70} (5 + i \sqrt{7})} + \\
& \frac{i (310\,173\,985 i + 44\,900\,803 \sqrt{7}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(-i + \sqrt{7} - 4 i x)^2 (i + \sqrt{7} + 4 i x)^2 \right]}{137\,200\,000\,000 \sqrt{70} (-5 + i \sqrt{7})} - \\
& \left(i (310\,173\,985 i + 44\,900\,803 \sqrt{7}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(1 + x + 2 x^2) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(-13 i + 15 \sqrt{7} + 22 i x - 10 \sqrt{7} x + 9 i x^2 + 5 \sqrt{7} x^2 + i \sqrt{70} (-5 + i \sqrt{7}) \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} - i \sqrt{70} (-5 + i \sqrt{7}) x \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} \right) \right] \right) / \\
& \left(137\,200\,000\,000 \sqrt{70} (-5 + i \sqrt{7}) \right) + \left((-310\,173\,985 i + 44\,900\,803 \sqrt{7}) \operatorname{Log} \left[(1 + x + 2 x^2) \left(-163 i + 15 \sqrt{7} + 122 i x - 10 \sqrt{7} x - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. 41 i x^2 + 5 \sqrt{7} x^2 - 13 i \sqrt{10} (5 + i \sqrt{7}) \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} + 5 i \sqrt{10} (5 + i \sqrt{7}) x \sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} \right) \right] \right) / \left(137\,200\,000\,000 \sqrt{70} (5 + i \sqrt{7}) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 51: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3 - 2x + x^2)^{21/2} (1 + x + 2x^2)^{10}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 638 leaves, 24 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{37\,358\,055\,634\,422\,583 - 14\,024\,622\,879\,097\,678\,x + 476\,849\,951\,294\,984\,711 - 125\,181\,871\,472\,148\,210\,x}{1\,840\,124\,479\,200\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}} + \frac{104\,273\,720\,488\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{17/2}}{104\,273\,720\,488\,000\,000\,000} + \\
 & \frac{7\,851\,758\,375\,483\,333\,511 + 1\,942\,164\,996\,204\,584\,234\,x}{15\,641\,058\,073\,200\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{15/2}} - \frac{11\,(7\,502\,325\,106\,308\,201\,089 - 7\,813\,986\,379\,726\,516\,886\,x)}{406\,667\,509\,903\,200\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{13/2}} - \\
 & \frac{3\,(69\,053\,268\,515\,296\,359\,011 - 44\,840\,736\,195\,018\,286\,006\,x)}{1\,147\,010\,925\,368\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{838\,519\,439\,380\,295\,335\,657 - 466\,189\,390\,555\,853\,643\,870\,x}{9\,384\,634\,843\,920\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{9/2}} - \\
 & \frac{1\,117\,646\,664\,729\,238\,460\,189 - 568\,839\,749\,685\,437\,871\,554\,x}{31\,282\,116\,146\,400\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{6\,551\,405\,511\,565\,449\,301\,689 - 3\,127\,298\,559\,983\,309\,301\,910\,x}{521\,368\,602\,440\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{4\,179\,039\,782\,398\,459\,850\,819 - 1\,886\,993\,445\,589\,652\,402\,694\,x}{1\,042\,737\,204\,880\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{12\,105\,495\,874\,518\,671\,061\,833 - 5\,117\,656\,435\,043\,679\,338\,190\,x}{10\,427\,372\,048\,800\,000\,000\,000\,000\,\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2}} - \\
 & \frac{1 - 10x}{630\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^9} + \frac{887 + 2218x}{88\,200\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^8} + \frac{14\,453 + 29\,371x}{1\,080\,450\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^7} + \\
 & \frac{8\,837\,931 + 17\,459\,234x}{605\,052\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^6} + \frac{447\,940\,041 + 813\,432\,205x}{26\,471\,025\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^5} + \\
 & \frac{592\,729\,157\,441 + 911\,061\,463\,974x}{29\,647\,548\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^4} + \frac{277\,010\,166\,219 + 310\,705\,340\,015x}{12\,353\,145\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^3} + \\
 & \frac{5\,488\,221\,294\,349 + 1\,384\,103\,301\,166x}{276\,710\,448\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^2} - \frac{37\,857\,197\,792\,117 + 146\,548\,895\,467\,025x}{2\,421\,216\,420\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{19/2}\,(1 + x + 2x^2)} + \frac{1}{32\,282\,885\,600\,000\,000\,000\,000} \\
 & \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{70}\left(81\,042\,225\,921\,274\,689\,605\,478\,944\,797\,800\,854\,846\,405 + 57\,305\,922\,523\,001\,707\,126\,026\,363\,878\,666\,500\,308\,992\sqrt{2}\right)\right)} \\
 & \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2}}\sqrt{\left(5/\left(7\left(81\,042\,225\,921\,274\,689\,605\,478\,944\,797\,800\,854\,846\,405 + 57\,305\,922\,523\,001\,707\,126\,026\,363\,878\,666\,500\,308\,992\sqrt{2}\right)\right)\right)}\right) \\
 & \left(\frac{272\,944\,589\,523\,248\,381\,749 + 191\,941\,026\,386\,645\,109\,841\sqrt{2} + (656\,826\,642\,296\,538\,601\,431 + 464\,885\,615\,909\,893\,491\,590\sqrt{2})x}{32\,282\,885\,600\,000\,000\,000\,000}\right) - \frac{1}{32\,282\,885\,600\,000\,000\,000\,000} \\
 & \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{70}\left(-81\,042\,225\,921\,274\,689\,605\,478\,944\,797\,800\,854\,846\,405 + 57\,305\,922\,523\,001\,707\,126\,026\,363\,878\,666\,500\,308\,992\sqrt{2}\right)\right)} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\right. \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2}}\sqrt{\left(5/\left(7\left(-81\,042\,225\,921\,274\,689\,605\,478\,944\,797\,800\,854\,846\,405 + 57\,305\,922\,523\,001\,707\,126\,026\,363\,878\,666\,500\,308\,992\sqrt{2}\right)\right)\right)}\right) \\
 & \left(\frac{272\,944\,589\,523\,248\,381\,749 - 191\,941\,026\,386\,645\,109\,841\sqrt{2} + (656\,826\,642\,296\,538\,601\,431 - 464\,885\,615\,909\,893\,491\,590\sqrt{2})x}{32\,282\,885\,600\,000\,000\,000\,000}\right) \left. \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1431 leaves):

$$\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} \left(\frac{1 - x}{11\,875\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^{10}} + \frac{265 - 113x}{403\,750\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^9} + \frac{82\,361 - 4841x}{60\,562\,500\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^8} + \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1\,062\,937 + 1\,642\,511\,x}{1\,574\,625\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^7} + \frac{7(-678\,331 + 833\,371\,x)}{2\,220\,625\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^6} + \frac{7(-73\,161\,291 + 43\,964\,675\,x)}{90\,843\,750\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^5} + \\
& \frac{-1\,340\,879\,383 + 430\,593\,031\,x}{181\,687\,500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^4} - \frac{11(1\,626\,125\,723 + 112\,950\,205\,x)}{3\,028\,125\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^3} - \frac{11(3\,311\,570\,647 + 15\,286\,717\,673\,x)}{36\,337\,500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)^2} - \\
& \frac{11(-411\,521\,923\,277 + 484\,788\,625\,685\,x)}{363\,375\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(3 - 2x + x^2)} + \frac{251\,943 + 221\,770\,x}{6\,300\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^9} - \frac{73(-888\,423 + 1\,604\,678\,x)}{882\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^8} + \\
& \frac{-2\,596\,903\,794 - 4\,965\,311\,863\,x}{10\,804\,500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^7} + \frac{-539\,608\,494\,637 - 334\,647\,150\,510\,x}{1\,210\,104\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^6} + \frac{-40\,800\,462\,989\,458 + 56\,711\,874\,696\,335\,x}{264\,710\,250\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^5} + \\
& \frac{42\,018\,358\,198\,215\,561 + 129\,196\,597\,088\,670\,934\,x}{296\,475\,480\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^4} + \frac{62\,819\,559\,864\,314\,747 + 169\,630\,389\,653\,846\,945\,x}{370\,594\,350\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^3} + \\
& \left. \frac{1\,082\,422\,109\,196\,374\,795 + 4\,797\,048\,907\,791\,526\,114\,x}{8\,301\,313\,440\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)^2} + \frac{65\,571\,203\,144\,429\,922\,747 + 367\,152\,793\,968\,978\,953\,465\,x}{363\,182\,463\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,(1 + x + 2x^2)} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{16\,141\,442\,800\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,\sqrt{70(-5 + i\sqrt{7})}} \left(232\,442\,807\,954\,946\,745\,795\,i + 21\,634\,177\,831\,191\,924\,841\,\sqrt{7} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{ArcTan} \left[\left(-135\,063\,738\,860\,435\,016\,899\,586\,558\,948\,733\,259\,113\,515 + 188\,630\,894\,626\,466\,690\,216\,855\,285\,995\,045\,889\,396\,405\,i\sqrt{7} - \right. \right. \\
& 1\,506\,241\,361\,872\,688\,008\,559\,268\,776\,761\,430\,483\,700\,000\,x - 105\,711\,500\,937\,472\,192\,718\,115\,651\,350\,352\,447\,938\,680\,i\sqrt{7}\,x + \\
& 491\,153\,540\,508\,443\,587\,025\,809\,789\,813\,541\,985\,707\,360\,x^2 - 460\,764\,064\,177\,139\,993\,399\,975\,100\,872\,663\,310\,399\,420\,i\sqrt{7}\,x^2 - \\
& 180\,084\,985\,147\,246\,689\,199\,448\,745\,264\,977\,678\,818\,020\,x^3 + 197\,868\,296\,377\,913\,870\,863\,837\,680\,953\,446\,009\,396\,860\,i\sqrt{7}\,x^3 - \\
& 176\,004\,816\,500\,761\,880\,926\,774\,485\,599\,831\,047\,775\,825\,x^4 - 207\,342\,833\,228\,459\,577\,163\,557\,043\,035\,558\,264\,835\,165\,i\sqrt{7}\,x^4 + \\
& 186\,244\,248\,199\,755\,548\,159\,585\,682\,605\,666\,126\,004\,224\,i\sqrt{10(-5 + i\sqrt{7})}\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} + \\
& 114\,611\,845\,046\,003\,414\,252\,052\,727\,757\,333\,000\,617\,984\,i\sqrt{10(-5 + i\sqrt{7})}x\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} + \\
& 300\,856\,093\,245\,758\,962\,411\,638\,410\,362\,999\,126\,622\,208\,i\sqrt{10(-5 + i\sqrt{7})}x^2\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} - \\
& \left. 143\,264\,806\,307\,504\,267\,815\,065\,909\,696\,666\,250\,772\,480\,i\sqrt{10(-5 + i\sqrt{7})}x^3\sqrt{3 - 2x + x^2} \right) / \\
& \left(2\,368\,773\,290\,838\,836\,979\,864\,678\,493\,023\,884\,746\,594\,823\,i + 423\,642\,940\,259\,238\,735\,473\,942\,663\,180\,025\,956\,729\,505\sqrt{7} + \right. \\
& 1\,890\,613\,486\,065\,620\,301\,760\,074\,218\,556\,745\,311\,646\,936\,i\,x + 6\,150\,574\,559\,311\,228\,258\,394\,328\,777\,942\,059\,796\,320\sqrt{7}\,x + \\
& 2\,511\,300\,259\,855\,822\,962\,340\,893\,027\,852\,239\,157\,667\,820\,i\,x^2 - 2\,027\,867\,550\,801\,106\,189\,867\,763\,431\,094\,227\,596\,320\sqrt{7}\,x^2 - \\
& \left. 3\,134\,217\,746\,230\,760\,357\,128\,318\,797\,499\,380\,812\,303\,788\,i\,x^3 + 63\,430\,431\,602\,720\,043\,279\,192\,866\,968\,369\,397\,935\,660\sqrt{7}\,x^3 + \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Log} \left[(1+x+2x^2) \left(-163i + 15\sqrt{7} + 122ix - 10\sqrt{7}x - 41ix^2 + 5\sqrt{7}x^2 - 13i \sqrt{10(5+i\sqrt{7})} \sqrt{3-2x+x^2} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 5i \sqrt{10(5+i\sqrt{7})} x \sqrt{3-2x+x^2} \right) \right] / \left(322828856000000000000000 \sqrt{70(5+i\sqrt{7})} \right)$$

Problem 52: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-a - \sqrt{1+a^2} + x}{(-a + \sqrt{1+a^2} + x) \sqrt{(-a+x)(1+x^2)}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 66 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + \sqrt{1+a^2}} \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a + \sqrt{1+a^2}} (-a+x)}{\sqrt{(-a+x)(1+x^2)}} \right]$$

Result (type 4, 213 leaves):

$$\left(2 \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{i+a}} \left(-(-i-a + \sqrt{1+a^2}) \sqrt{1+ix} (i+x) \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-ix}}{\sqrt{2}} \right], \frac{2i}{i+a} \right] + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2i \sqrt{1+a^2} \sqrt{1-ix} \sqrt{1+x^2} \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2i}{i+a - \sqrt{1+a^2}}, \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-ix}}{\sqrt{2}} \right], \frac{2i}{i+a} \right] \right) \right) / \left((i+a - \sqrt{1+a^2}) \sqrt{1-ix} \sqrt{(-a+x)(1+x^2)} \right)$$

Problem 53: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{a+bx}{(1-x^2)^{1/3} (3+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 198 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{a \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} b \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1+(2-2x^2)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{a \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3} (1-2^{1/3} (1-x^2)^{1/3})}{x} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} - \\ \frac{a \text{ArcTanh} [x]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{a \text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{x}{1+2^{1/3} (1-x^2)^{1/3}} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} - \frac{b \text{Log} [3+x^2]}{4 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{3 b \text{Log} [2^{2/3} - (1-x^2)^{1/3}]}{4 \times 2^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 205 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{(1-x^2)^{1/3} (3+x^2)} 3 \times \left(\left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(9 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] + 2 x^2 \left(-\operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] + \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) \right) \right) + \\ \left(b \times \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) / \\ \left(6 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] + x^2 \left(-\operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 3, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] + \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{4}{3}, 1, 3, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 54: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{a + b x}{(3-x^2) (1+x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 198 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}[x]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{1+2^{1/3}(1+x^2)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} b \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{1/3}(1+x^2)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} - \\ \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1-2^{1/3}(1+x^2)^{1/3})}{x}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{b \operatorname{Log}[3-x^2]}{4 \times 2^{2/3}} - \frac{3 b \operatorname{Log}[2^{2/3} - (1+x^2)^{1/3}]}{4 \times 2^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 220 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{(-3+x^2) (1+x^2)^{1/3}} 3 \times \left(- \left(\left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) / \left(9 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2 x^2 \left(\operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] - \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) \right) \right) - \left(b \times \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) / \\ \left(6 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] + x^2 \left(\operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 3, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] - \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2, \frac{4}{3}, 1, 3, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 55: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (4-6x+3x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 97 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}(2-x)}{\sqrt{3}(4-6x+3x^2)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[6-3x-3 \times 2^{1/3}(4-6x+3x^2)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 273 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(15x(-3-i\sqrt{3}+3x)(-3+i\sqrt{3}+3x) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{3x}, \frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{3x}\right]\right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(2(4-6x+3x^2)^{4/3} \left(15x \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{3x}, \frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{3x}\right] + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(3+i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{3x}, \frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{3x}\right] + \left(3-i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{3-i\sqrt{3}}{3x}, \frac{3+i\sqrt{3}}{3x}\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 56: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int x(1-x^3)^{1/3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 73 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3}x^2(1-x^3)^{1/3} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{6}\text{Log}\left[-x-(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 34 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{6}x^2\left(2(1-x^3)^{1/3} + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right]\right)$$

Problem 57: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, 6 steps):

$$(1-x^3)^{1/3} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\text{Log}\left[1-(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 48 leaves):

$$\frac{2 - 2x^3 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{x^3}\right]}{2(1-x^3)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 58: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1+x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 482 leaves, 25 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & (1-x^3)^{1/3} + \frac{2^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \\ & \frac{2^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{1/3} \text{Log}[1+x^3] + \frac{\text{Log}\left[2^{2/3} - \frac{1-x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \\ & \frac{\text{Log}\left[2 \times 2^{1/3} + \frac{(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[-x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}] + \frac{\text{Log}[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2^{2/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1+x} dx$$

Problem 59: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1-x+x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 280 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(-1+x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[-3(-1+x)(1-x+x^2)]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} + \\ & \frac{\text{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \text{Log}[-2^{1/3}(-1+x) + (1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}] - \frac{\text{Log}\left[2^{1/3}x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1-x+x^2} dx$$

Problem 60: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{2+x} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 232 leaves, 12 steps):

$$(1-x^3)^{1/3} + \frac{1}{2} x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{8}\right] - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + 3^{1/6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{3^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - 3^{1/6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{3 \times 3^{1/6}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[8+x^3]}{3^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{2} \times 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}[3^{2/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}] - \operatorname{Log}[-x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}] + \frac{1}{2} \times 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{1}{2} \times 3^{2/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{2+x} dx$$

Problem 61: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{2+x}{(1+x+x^2)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 168 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{2}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2 \cdot 3^{2/3}x}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{1/3}+2(2+x^3)^{1/3}}{3^{5/6}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-x^3]}{6 \times 3^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[3^{1/3} - (2+x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 3^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[3^{1/3}x - (2+x^3)^{1/3}]}{3^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{2+x}{(1+x+x^2)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 63: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{3+12x+20x^2}{9+24x-12x^2+80x^3+320x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 59 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{7-40x}{5\sqrt{11}}\right]}{2\sqrt{11}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{57+30x-40x^2+800x^3}{6\sqrt{11}}\right]}{2\sqrt{11}}$$

Result (type 7, 86 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[9 + 24 \#1 - 12 \#1^2 + 80 \#1^3 + 320 \#1^4 \&, \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] + 12 \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] \#1 + 20 \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] \#1^2}{3 - 3 \#1 + 30 \#1^2 + 160 \#1^3} \&\right]$$

Problem 64: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int -\frac{84 + 576x + 400x^2 - 2560x^3}{9 + 24x - 12x^2 + 80x^3 + 320x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 78 leaves, 2 steps):

$$2\sqrt{11} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{7-40x}{5\sqrt{11}}\right] - 2\sqrt{11} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{57+30x-40x^2+800x^3}{6\sqrt{11}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{Log}[9 + 24x - 12x^2 + 80x^3 + 320x^4]$$

Result (type 7, 99 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[9 + 24 \#1 - 12 \#1^2 + 80 \#1^3 + 320 \#1^4 \&, \frac{-21 \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] - 144 \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] \#1 - 100 \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] \#1^2 + 640 \operatorname{Log}[x - \#1] \#1^3}{3 - 3 \#1 + 30 \#1^2 + 160 \#1^3} \&\right]$$

Problem 65: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{1+x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x(1+x^2)}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x(1-x^2)}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 110 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(5x\sqrt{1-x^4} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, x^4, -x^4\right]\right)\right) / \left(\left(1+x^4\right)\left(-5 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, x^4, -x^4\right] + 2x^4\left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{9}{4}, x^4, -x^4\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{4}, x^4, -x^4\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 66: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^4}}{1-x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 53 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 6, 108 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(5x\sqrt{1+x^4} \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4, x^4\right]\right) / \left(\left(-1+x^4\right) \left(5 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -x^4, x^4\right] + 2x^4 \left(2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{9}{4}, -x^4, x^4\right] + \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{4}, -x^4, x^4\right]\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 67: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+px^2+x^4}}{1-x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 75 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2-p} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2-p}x}{\sqrt{1+px^2+x^4}}\right] + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2+p} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+p}x}{\sqrt{1+px^2+x^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+px^2+x^4}}{1-x^4} dx$$

Problem 68: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+px^2-x^4}}{1+x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 171 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{p+\sqrt{4+p^2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{p+\sqrt{4+p^2}} x \sqrt{p-\sqrt{4+p^2}-2x^2}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+px^2-x^4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}} x \sqrt{p+\sqrt{4+p^2}-2x^2}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+px^2-x^4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 4, 322 leaves):

$$\left(\sqrt{2 + \frac{4x^2}{-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2x^2}{p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}} \left(2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}} x\right], \frac{p-\sqrt{4+p^2}}{p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}\right] - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (2i+p) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{2} i \left(p-\sqrt{4+p^2}\right), \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}} x\right], \frac{p-\sqrt{4+p^2}}{p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}\right] + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (-2i+p) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{2} i \left(-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}\right), \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}} x\right], \frac{p-\sqrt{4+p^2}}{p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}\right] \right) \right) / \left(4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{-p+\sqrt{4+p^2}}} \sqrt{1+px^2-x^4} \right)$$

Problem 69: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{a+bx}{(2-x^2)(-1+x^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 80 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}(-1+x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} - b \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[(-1+x^2)^{1/4}\right] + \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}(-1+x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + b \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[(-1+x^2)^{1/4}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 203 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{(-2+x^2)(-1+x^2)^{1/4}} 2x \left(- \left(\left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(6 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) \right) \right) - \\ \left. \frac{2bx \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right]}{8 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{4}, 2, 3, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{5}{4}, 1, 3, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right)} \right)$$

Problem 70: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{a + b x}{(-1 - x^2)^{1/4} (2 + x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 88 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}(-1-x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + b \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[(-1-x^2)^{1/4}\right] + \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}(-1-x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} - b \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[(-1-x^2)^{1/4}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 221 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{(-1-x^2)^{1/4} (2+x^2)} 2x \left(- \left(\left(3 a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) / \left(-6 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) \right) \right) - \left(2 b x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) / \left(-8 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{4}, 2, 3, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{5}{4}, 1, 3, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 71: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{a + b x}{(1 - x^2)^{1/4} (2 - x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 149 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{b \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{2}(1-x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x(1-x^2)^{1/4}}\right] + \frac{b \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{2}(1-x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x(1-x^2)^{1/4}}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 205 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{(1-x^2)^{1/4} (-2+x^2)} 2x \left(- \left(\left(3 a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) / \left(6 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) \right) \right) - \frac{2 b x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right]}{8 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{4}, 2, 3, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{5}{4}, 1, 3, x^2, \frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right)} \right)$$

Problem 72: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{a + b x}{(1 + x^2)^{1/4} (2 + x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 135 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{b \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \sqrt{1 + x^2}}{\sqrt{2} (1 + x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}}{x (1 + x^2)^{1/4}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} a \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1 - \sqrt{1 + x^2}}{x (1 + x^2)^{1/4}}\right] - \frac{b \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}}{\sqrt{2} (1 + x^2)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 6, 219 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{(1 + x^2)^{1/4} (2 + x^2)} 2 x \left(- \left(\left(3 a \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) / \left(-6 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) \right) \right) - \left(2 b x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) / \left(-8 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 2, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + x^2 \left(2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{4}, 2, 3, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{5}{4}, 1, 3, -x^2, -\frac{x^2}{2}\right] \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 73: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 - x^3} (4 - x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 127 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3} (1 - 2^{1/3} x)}{\sqrt{1 - x^3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1 - x^3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1 + 2^{1/3} x}{\sqrt{1 - x^3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1 - x^3}\right]}{9 \times 2^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 120 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(10 x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{4}\right] \right) / \left(\sqrt{1 - x^3} (-4 + x^3) \left(20 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{4}\right] + 3 x^3 \left(\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{4}\right] + 2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{4}\right] \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 74: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{(4 - dx^3) \sqrt{-1 + dx^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 157 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{1/3}d^{1/3}x}{\sqrt{-1+dx^3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}d^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-1+dx^3}\right]}{9 \times 2^{2/3}d^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1-2^{1/3}d^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{-1+dx^3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}d^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-1+dx^3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}d^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 135 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(10x^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{4}\right]\right) / \left(\left(-4+dx^3\right)\sqrt{-1+dx^3}\right) \left(20 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{4}\right] + 3dx^3 \left(\text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{4}\right] + 2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{4}\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 75: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^3}(8+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 74 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{1}{18} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-x)^2}{3\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right] + \frac{1}{18} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{-1+x^3}\right] - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x)}{\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 6, 118 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(20x^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{8}\right]\right) / \left(\sqrt{-1+x^3}(8+x^3)\right) \left(-40 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{8}\right] + 3x^3 \left(\text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{8}\right] - 4 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{8}\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 76: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{(8 - dx^3) \sqrt{1 + dx^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 8 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1+d^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{1+dx^3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{3}d^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(1+d^{1/3}x)^2}{3\sqrt{1+dx^3}}\right]}{18d^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{1+dx^3}\right]}{18d^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 139 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(20x^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{8}\right]\right) / \left((-8+dx^3)\sqrt{1+dx^3}\right) \left(40 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{8}\right] + 3dx^3 \left(\text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, -dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{8}\right] - 4 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, -dx^3, \frac{dx^3}{8}\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 77: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-3x^2)^{1/3}(3-x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 81 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-(1-3x^2)^{1/3}}{x}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(1-(1-3x^2)^{1/3})^2}{3\sqrt{3}x}\right]}{4\sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 6, 126 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(9x \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, 3x^2, \frac{x^2}{3}\right]\right) / \left((1-3x^2)^{1/3}(-3+x^2)\left(9 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, 3x^2, \frac{x^2}{3}\right] + 2x^2 \left(\text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, 3x^2, \frac{x^2}{3}\right] + 3 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, 3x^2, \frac{x^2}{3}\right]\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 78: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x^2)(1+3x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 81 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{4\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-(1+3x^2)^{1/3})^2}{3\sqrt{3}x}\right]}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1-(1+3x^2)^{1/3}}{x}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 126 leaves):

$$- \left(\left(9 \times \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -3x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) / \left((3+x^2) (1+3x^2)^{1/3} \right) \right. \\ \left. \left(-9 \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -3x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] + 2x^2 \left(\text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -3x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] + 3 \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -3x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 79: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)^{1/3} (3+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 113 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3} (1-2^{1/3} (1-x^2)^{1/3})}{x} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh} [x]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{x}{1+2^{1/3} (1-x^2)^{1/3}} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 118 leaves):

$$- \left(\left(9 \times \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left((1-x^2)^{1/3} (3+x^2) \left(-9 \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] + 2x^2 \left(\text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] - \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, x^2, -\frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 80: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x^2) (1+x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 109 leaves, 1 step):

$$- \frac{\text{ArcTan} [x]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{x}{1+2^{1/3} (1+x^2)^{1/3}} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3} (1-2^{1/3} (1+x^2)^{1/3})}{x} \right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 6, 124 leaves):

$$- \left(\left(9 \times \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left((-3+x^2) (1+x^2)^{1/3} \left(9 \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] + 2x^2 \left(\text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] - \text{AppellF1} \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -x^2, \frac{x^2}{3} \right] \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 81: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{a+x}{(-a+x) \sqrt{a^2 x - (1+a^2) x^2 + x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 87 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{a^2 - (1+a^2)x + x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-a)\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a^2 - (1+a^2)x + x^2}}\right]}{(1-a) \sqrt{a^2 x - (1+a^2) x^2 + x^3}}$$

Result (type 4, 159 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(2i (a^2 - x)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-a^2+x}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{-a^2+x}} \left((1+a) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-a^2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x}} \right], 1 - \frac{1}{a^2} \right] - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{-1+a}{a}, i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-a^2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x}} \right], 1 - \frac{1}{a^2} \right] \right) \right) / \left((-1+a) \sqrt{-a^2} \sqrt{(-1+x)x(-a^2+x)} \right) \right)$$

Problem 82: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-2+a+x}{(-a+x) \sqrt{(2-a)ax + (-1-2a+a^2)x^2 + x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 1 leaves, ? steps):

0

Result (type 4, 100 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(2i \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{-1+x}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{(-1+a)^2}{-1+x}} (-1+x)^{3/2} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}} \right], (-1+a)^2 \right] - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[1-a, i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}} \right], (-1+a)^2 \right] \right) \right) / \left(\sqrt{(-1+x)x(-2a+a^2+x)} \right) \right)$$

Problem 83: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-a + (-1 + 2a)x}{(-a + x)\sqrt{a^2x - (-1 + 2a + a^2)x^2 + (-1 + 2a)x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 46 leaves, ? steps):

$$\text{Log}\left[\frac{-a^2 + 2ax + x^2 - 2\left(x + \sqrt{(1-x)x(a^2 + x - 2ax)}\right)}{(a-x)^2}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 133 leaves):

$$\left(2i(-1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{-1+x}}\sqrt{-\frac{a^2+x-2ax}{(-1+2a)(-1+x)}}\right. \\ \left. \left(-\text{EllipticF}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}}\right], -\frac{(-1+a)^2}{-1+2a}\right] + 2a\text{EllipticPi}\left[1-a, i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}}\right], -\frac{(-1+a)^2}{-1+2a}\right]\right)\right) / \\ \left(\sqrt{-(-1+x)x(a^2+x-2ax)}\right)$$

Problem 84: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 - 2^{1/3}x}{(2^{2/3} + x)\sqrt{1+x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 32 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1+2^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{1+x^3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Result (type 4, 323 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left(\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix} \left(6i+3i2^{1/3}-2\sqrt{3}+2^{1/3}\sqrt{3}+(-3i2^{1/3}+4\sqrt{3}+2^{1/3}\sqrt{3})x \right) \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}}{\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3i+\sqrt{3}} \right] - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 6i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{i+2i2^{2/3}+\sqrt{3}}, \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}}{\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3i+\sqrt{3}} \right] \right) \right) / \\
& \left. \left((1+2 \times 2^{2/3} - i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix} \sqrt{1+x^3} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 85: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-2+x)\sqrt{1+x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2}{3} \text{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(1+x)^2}{3\sqrt{1+x^3}} \right]$$

Result (type 4, 262 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(2\sqrt{6} \sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \left(\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix} \left(1+i\sqrt{3}+x-i\sqrt{3}x \right) \text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}}{\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3i+\sqrt{3}} \right] - 2\sqrt{3} \sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{1-x+x^2} \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}}{\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3i+\sqrt{3}} \right] \right) \right) / \left((-3i+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix} \sqrt{1+x^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 86: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^3} (10+6\sqrt{3}+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 218 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{(2-\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{1/4}(1+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}} - \frac{(2-\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{1+x^3}}{\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}} - \frac{(2-\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3^{1/4}(1+\sqrt{3}-2x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} - \frac{(2-\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3^{1/4}(1-\sqrt{3})(1+x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}}$$

Result (type 6, 206 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(10(26+15\sqrt{3})x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -x^3, -\frac{x^3}{10+6\sqrt{3}}\right]\right) / \left(\left(5+3\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt{1+x^3}\left(10+6\sqrt{3}+x^3\right)\left(-10(5+3\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -x^3, -\frac{x^3}{10+6\sqrt{3}}\right] + 3x^3\left(\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, -x^3, -\frac{x^3}{10+6\sqrt{3}}\right] + (5+3\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, -x^3, -\frac{x^3}{10+6\sqrt{3}}\right]\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 87: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^3}(10-6\sqrt{3}+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 210 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{(2+\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{1/4}(1-\sqrt{3}-2x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} - \frac{(2+\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{1/4}(1+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} + \frac{(2+\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3^{1/4}(1-\sqrt{3})(1+x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x^3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}} + \frac{(2+\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt{1+x^3}}{\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}$$

Result (type 6, 207 leaves):

$$\left(10(26-15\sqrt{3})x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -x^3, \frac{1}{4}(5+3\sqrt{3})x^3\right]\right) / \left(\left(-5+3\sqrt{3}\right)\left(-10+6\sqrt{3}-x^3\right)\sqrt{1+x^3}\left(\left(50-30\sqrt{3}\right) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -x^3, \frac{1}{4}(5+3\sqrt{3})x^3\right] - 3x^3\left(\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, -x^3, \frac{1}{4}(5+3\sqrt{3})x^3\right] + (5-3\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, -x^3, \frac{1}{4}(5+3\sqrt{3})x^3\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 88: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^3}(-10-6\sqrt{3}+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 222 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{(2 - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{3/4}(1-\sqrt{3})(1-x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} + \frac{(2 - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{3/4}(1+\sqrt{3}+2x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} + \frac{(2 - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3^{3/4}(1+\sqrt{3})(1-x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}} - \frac{(2 - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-1+x^3}}{\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}$$

Result (type 6, 196 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(10(26 + 15\sqrt{3})x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{10 + 6\sqrt{3}}\right]\right) / \left(\left(5 + 3\sqrt{3}\right)\left(10 + 6\sqrt{3} - x^3\right)\sqrt{-1+x^3} \left(10(5 + 3\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{10 + 6\sqrt{3}}\right] + 3x^3 \left(\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{10 + 6\sqrt{3}}\right] + (5 + 3\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, \frac{x^3}{10 + 6\sqrt{3}}\right]\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 89: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+x^3}(-10+6\sqrt{3}+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 214 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{(2 + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{3/4}(1-\sqrt{3})(1-x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}} + \frac{(2 + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-1+x^3}}{\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}} + \frac{(2 + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3^{3/4}(1+\sqrt{3})(1-x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}} + \frac{(2 + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{3^{3/4}(1-\sqrt{3}+2x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+x^3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{2}3^{1/4}}$$

Result (type 6, 198 leaves):

$$\left(10(26 - 15\sqrt{3})x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{1}{4}(5 + 3\sqrt{3})x^3\right]\right) / \left(\left(-5 + 3\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt{-1+x^3}(-10 + 6\sqrt{3} + x^3) \left(10(-5 + 3\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{1}{4}(5 + 3\sqrt{3})x^3\right] - 3x^3 \left(\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -\frac{1}{4}(5 + 3\sqrt{3})x^3\right] + (5 - 3\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -\frac{1}{4}(5 + 3\sqrt{3})x^3\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

Problem 90: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 - \sqrt{3} + x}{(1 + \sqrt{3} + x)\sqrt{-4 + 4\sqrt{3}x^2 + x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 65 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-3 + 2\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{(1 - \sqrt{3} + x)^2}{\sqrt{3(-3 + 2\sqrt{3})} \sqrt{-4 + 4\sqrt{3}x^2 + x^4}} \right]$$

Result (type 4, 685 leaves):

$$\left((-1 + \sqrt{3} + x)^2 \sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3}) - 2(2 + \sqrt{3})x + (-1 + \sqrt{3})x^2 - x^3} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \sqrt{3} - \frac{4}{-1 + \sqrt{3} + x}}{3 + \sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})}}} \right)$$

$$\left(\left(i \left(-1 + \sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} \right) + \frac{2 \left(2i\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} + \sqrt{6(2 + \sqrt{3})} \right)}{-1 + \sqrt{3} + x} \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} + i \left(1 - \sqrt{3} + \frac{8}{-1 + \sqrt{3} + x} \right)} \right)$$

$$\text{EllipticF} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} - i \left(1 - \sqrt{3} + \frac{8}{-1 + \sqrt{3} + x} \right)}}{2^{3/4} (2 + \sqrt{3})^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2i\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})}}{3 + \sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})}} \right] +$$

$$2\sqrt{6} \sqrt{\frac{4 + 2\sqrt{3} + x^2}{(-1 + \sqrt{3} + x)^2}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} - i \left(1 - \sqrt{3} + \frac{8}{-1 + \sqrt{3} + x} \right)}$$

$$\left(\left(\text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} + i(3 + \sqrt{3})}, \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} - i \left(1 - \sqrt{3} + \frac{8}{-1 + \sqrt{3} + x} \right)}}{2^{3/4} (2 + \sqrt{3})^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2i\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})}}{3 + \sqrt{3} + i\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})}} \right] \right) / \right)$$

$$\left(\left(\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} + i(3 + \sqrt{3}) \right) \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{3} - (2 + \sqrt{3})x + \frac{1}{2}(-1 + \sqrt{3})x^2 - \frac{x^3}{2}} \sqrt{-4 + 4\sqrt{3}x^2 + x^4} \sqrt{\sqrt{2(2 + \sqrt{3})} - i \left(1 - \sqrt{3} + \frac{8}{-1 + \sqrt{3} + x} \right)} \right)$$

Problem 91: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{3} + x}{(1 - \sqrt{3} + x) \sqrt{-4 - 4\sqrt{3}x^2 + x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 63 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{(1 + \sqrt{3} + x)^2}{\sqrt{3(3 + 2\sqrt{3})} \sqrt{-4 - 4\sqrt{3}x^2 + x^4}} \right]$$

Result (type 4, 1137 leaves):

$$-\left(\left((-1 - \sqrt{3} + x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1 + \sqrt{3} + \frac{4}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}}{-3 + \sqrt{3} - i \sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{-24 + 16\sqrt{3} + (20 - 8\sqrt{3})(1 - \sqrt{3} + x) + (-2 + 4\sqrt{3})(1 - \sqrt{3} + x)^2 + (1 - \sqrt{3} + x)^3}} \right) \right)$$

$$\left(\left(i \sqrt{\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} + i(1 + \sqrt{3}) + \frac{8i}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}} + i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} + i(1 + \sqrt{3}) + \frac{8i}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}} + \right. \right)$$

$$\left. \sqrt{-2i + 2i\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{12 - 6\sqrt{3}} + 4\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{16i(-2 + \sqrt{3})}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}} + \frac{1}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x} \right)$$

$$2 \left(2i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} + i(1 + \sqrt{3}) + \frac{8i}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}} + \sqrt{6} \sqrt{-i + i\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{12 - 6\sqrt{3}} + 2\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{8i(-2 + \sqrt{3})}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}} + \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \sqrt{-2i + 2i\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{12 - 6\sqrt{3}} + 4\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{16i(-2 + \sqrt{3})}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}} \right) \right)$$

$$\operatorname{EllipticF} \left[\operatorname{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} - i(1 + \sqrt{3}) - \frac{8i}{-1 - \sqrt{3} + x}}}{2^{3/4} (2 - \sqrt{3})^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}} + i(-3 + \sqrt{3})} \right] +$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2\sqrt{6} \sqrt{\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}} - i(1+\sqrt{3}) - \frac{8i}{-1-\sqrt{3}+x}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{8}{(-1-\sqrt{3}+x)^2} + \frac{2(1+\sqrt{3})}{-1-\sqrt{3}+x}} \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}} - i(-3+\sqrt{3})}, \text{ArcSin} \left[\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}} - i(1+\sqrt{3}) - \frac{8i}{-1-\sqrt{3}+x}}}{2^{3/4}(2-\sqrt{3})^{1/4}} \right], \frac{2\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}} + i(-3+\sqrt{3})} \right] \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(\left(\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}} - i(-3+\sqrt{3}) \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}} - i(1+\sqrt{3}) - \frac{8i}{-1-\sqrt{3}+x}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{8(1+\sqrt{3}) + 4(3+\sqrt{3})(-1-\sqrt{3}+x) + 2(1+\sqrt{3})(-1-\sqrt{3}+x)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(-1-\sqrt{3}+x)^3} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{(48-32\sqrt{3}-64(1-\sqrt{3}+x) + 32\sqrt{3}(1-\sqrt{3}+x) + 24(1-\sqrt{3}+x)^2 -} \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left. 16\sqrt{3}(1-\sqrt{3}+x)^2 - 4(1-\sqrt{3}+x)^3 + 4\sqrt{3}(1-\sqrt{3}+x)^3 + (1-\sqrt{3}+x)^4 \right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 92: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{(1+x)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 53 leaves, 1 step):

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(2+x)}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right] + \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}[2+x - (2+x^3)^{1/3}]$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{(1+x)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 93: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 108 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2x}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(2+x)}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2}\text{Log}[1+x] + \frac{3}{4}\text{Log}[2+x-(2+x^3)^{1/3}] - \frac{1}{4}\text{Log}[-x+(2+x^3)^{1/3}]$$

Result (type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 95: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1+x+x^2)(a+bx^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 154 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(a+b)^{1/3}x}{(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}(a+b)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}{(a+b)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}(a+b)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[(a+b)^{1/3} - (a+bx^3)^{1/3}]}{2(a+b)^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[(a+b)^{1/3}x - (a+bx^3)^{1/3}]}{2(a+b)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1+x+x^2)(a+bx^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 96: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^3)(a+bx^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 96 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}{(a+b)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}(a+b)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[1-x^3]}{6(a+b)^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[(a+b)^{1/3} - (a+bx^3)^{1/3}]}{2(a+b)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 137 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{6(a+b)^{1/3}}(-1)^{1/3} \left(2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{-1 + \frac{2(-1)^{1/3}(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}{(a+b)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right] - \right. \\ \left. 2 \operatorname{Log} \left[(a+b)^{1/3} + (-1)^{1/3} (a+bx^3)^{1/3} \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[(a+b)^{2/3} - (-1)^{1/3} (a+b)^{1/3} (a+bx^3)^{1/3} + (-1)^{2/3} (a+bx^3)^{2/3} \right] \right)$$

Problem 98: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}(1+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 233 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 + 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[(1-x)(1+x)^2 \right]}{12 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[-1 + x + 2^{2/3} (1-x^3)^{1/3} \right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 115 leaves):

$$-\left(\left(5x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3 \right] \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(2(1-x^3)^{1/3}(1+x^3) \left(-5 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3 \right] + x^3 \left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3 \right] - \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3 \right] \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 100: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 135 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} \right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 27 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 101: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{1/3} (1+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 135 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 315 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \left(\left(5 x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) / \right. \\ & \quad \left((1-x^3)^{1/3} (1+x^3) \left(-5 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + x^3 \left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] - \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) \right) \right) \right) - \\ & \quad \left(2 x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) / \left((1-x^3)^{1/3} (1+x^3) \right) \\ & \quad \left(-6 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2, x^3, -x^3\right] + x^3 \left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 3, x^3, -x^3\right] - \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2, \frac{4}{3}, 1, 3, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) \right) \right) + \\ & \frac{2 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+\frac{2^{2/3}x}{(-1+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}x^2}{(-1+x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}x}{(-1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}x}{(-1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 102: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1-x}{(1+x+x^2)(1+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 119 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}(1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1+x)^2}{(1+x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1-x}{(1+x+x^2)(1+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 105: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 39 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1 + (1-2x)x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} + x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right]$$

Result (type 6, 557 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{10(1-x^3)^{4/3}} (-1+x)^2 \left(10(1+2x)(1+x+x^2) - \left(225(i+\sqrt{3}+2ix)(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] \right) \right) / \\ & \left(30i \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] + (-3i+\sqrt{3})(-1+x) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] - \right. \\ & \left. (3i+\sqrt{3})(-1+x) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] \right) - \\ & \left(144(i+\sqrt{3}+2ix)(-1+x)(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] \right) / \\ & \left(48i \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] + (-3i+\sqrt{3})(-1+x) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{8}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{11}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] - \right. \\ & \left. (3i+\sqrt{3})(-1+x) \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{8}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{11}{3}, \frac{2i(-1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{2i(-1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 106: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int (1-x^3)^{2/3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3} x (1-x^3)^{2/3} - \frac{2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \text{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 101 leaves):

$$\frac{3(-1+x)(1-x^3)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{-1+x}{1-(-1)^{2/3}}, -\frac{-1+x}{1+(-1)^{1/3}}\right]}{5\left(1+\frac{-1+x}{1+(-1)^{1/3}}\right)^{2/3}\left(1+\frac{-1+x}{1-(-1)^{2/3}}\right)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 107: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 70 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2}(1-x^3)^{2/3} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\text{Log}[1-(1-x^3)^{1/3}]$$

Result (type 5, 48 leaves):

$$\frac{1-x^3-2\left(1-\frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{1/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{x^3}\right]}{2(1-x^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 108: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{a+bx} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 384 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{2b} - \frac{(a^3+b^3)x^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{b^3x^3}{a^3}\right]}{2a^2b^2} + \frac{a^2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}b^3} - \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2(a^3+b^3)^{1/3}x}{a(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}b^3} + \\ & \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2b(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{(a^3+b^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}b^3} + \frac{ax^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right]}{2b^2} - \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{Log}[a^3+b^3x^3]}{3b^3} + \\ & \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{Log}\left[-\frac{(a^3+b^3)^{1/3}x}{a} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2b^3} - \frac{a^2 \text{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2b^3} + \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{Log}\left[(a^3+b^3)^{1/3} - b(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2b^3} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{a+bx} dx$$

Problem 109: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1-x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 234 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{3(1+x^3)} + \frac{x(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{3(1+x^3)} + \frac{2x^2(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{3(1+x^3)} - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2}{3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} + \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1-x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Problem 110: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-2x)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1-x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 199 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1-x+x^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{3}}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2}{3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \\ & \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 29 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-2x)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1-x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Problem 111: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 177 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} (1-x^3)^{2/3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{(1-x)(1+x)^2}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x} dx$$

Problem 112: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 177 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} (1-x^3)^{2/3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{(1-x)(1+x)^2}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}}$$

Result (type 8, 29 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Problem 113: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 132 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[1+x^3]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[-2^{1/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}]$$

Result (type 6, 111 leaves):

$$- \left(\left(4x (1-x^3)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) / \left((1+x^3) \left(-4 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + x^3 \left(3 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{7}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + 2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{7}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 114: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x (1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 250 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\frac{2^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] + \frac{\text{Log}[(1-x)(1+x)^2]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{\text{Log}[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 115 leaves):

$$- \left(\left(5x^2 (1-x^3)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) / \left(2(1+x^3) \left(-5 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + x^3 \left(3 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + 2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 115: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-x)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 383 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[(1-x)(1+x)^2\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+x^3]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \\
& \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-1 + x + 2^{2/3} (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 6, 209 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{2(1+x^3)} x (1-x^3)^{2/3} \left(\left(8 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) / \left(-4 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. x^3 \left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{7}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + 2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{7}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) \right) - \left(5 x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(-5 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + x^3 \left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + 2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{8}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 116: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 272 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{2/3} - \frac{1-x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2 \times 2^{1/3} + \frac{(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 6, 109 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(4 x (1-x^3)^{1/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left((1+x^3) \left(-4 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + x^3 \left(3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{7}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{7}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right] \right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 8 problems in "Wester Problems.m"

Problem 4: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{3 + 3 \cos [x] + 4 \sin [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log} \left[3 + 4 \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right]$$

Result (type 3, 34 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log} \left[3 \cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + 4 \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right]$$

Problem 6: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{5 + 3 \cos [x] + 4 \sin [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 1 step):

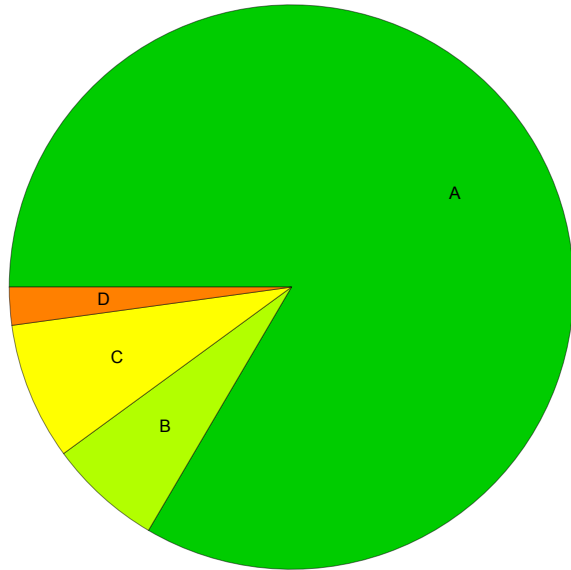
$$-\frac{1}{2 + \operatorname{Tan} \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}$$

Result (type 3, 26 leaves):

$$\frac{\sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}{4 \cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + 2 \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

1892 integration problems



A - 1579 optimal antiderivatives

B - 123 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 149 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 41 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts